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The New York Eimes

8-page supplement



Azzam's release. He sent it to the

Egyptian leader again, this time on

Astonished and disappointed at

behalf of the entire government.

the sentence, Defense Minister

Yitzhak Mordechai recalled that

he gave Mubarak "his word of

honor" that an investigation

showed that Azzam Azzam was

not engaged by any element of

with making criminal arrange-

ments to spy for the Mossad. Two

Greiss and Mona Shawahna -

who were tried in absentia on the

Azzam and Ismail were charged

Israel's security apparatus.

3-D films in

Arts & Entertainment, Page 5



European Ryder Cup team almost complete

Arts & Entertainment5 Sports10

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Azzam Azzam sentenced to 15 years

By JAY BUSHINSKY, DAVID RUDGE and news agencles

An Egyptian court sentenced that he exert his influence to win Israeli Druse Azzam Azzam yesterday to 15 years in jail with hard labor for spying for Israel.

The judgment was announced in the state security court in Cairo, which also gave Egyptian Emad Ismail a life sentence. Two Israeli Druse women also received life sentences in absentia.

Prime Minister Bioyamin Netanyahu told the weekly cahinet meeting yesterday that Azzam "is innocent and should not spend a single day more in an Egyptian jail." He said he sent a message to Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak last week asking Netanyahu appeals to Mubarak for release

women recruited Ismail as a spy. They said Greiss seduced Ismail while he was working in Israel as a way to get him to spy on Egypt. The prosecution also said that was offered \$ 1,000 a month for information on Egyptian companies, the situation of Egyptian workers in Jordan and security measures taken by Egypt

Prosecutors charged that the

toward Egyptians who approach Israel's embassy in Cairo. Both men had pleaded innocent. Israeli Druse women — Zahra, Farid Deeb, Azzam's attorney, also had argued that Ismail was tricked by police into signing a

confession, maintaining proved Azzam's innocence. He said Ismail went to police

after becoming suspicious that Greiss and Shawahna were recruiting him as a spy. The lawyer said police told Ismail he would be freed if he wrote down what happened, but instead he was detained. Relatives and friends of Azzam

vesterday called on the government and Netanyahu in particular to do everything possible to secure his release. The sentence of Azzam shocked the close-knit Druse community throughout the country and especially among relatives in friends in his home village Mughar in Lower Galilee. His brother Fhandi Azzam said the family were in a state of shock

and everything possible was being done to calm Azzam's wife and four children following the verdict. The family reiterated that Azzam was innoceot of the charges against him and that his arrest, trial and sentence were

politically motivated Batsheva Tsur Adds: Weizman President Ezer expressed the hope that the heavy sentence meted out to Azzam would not cast too deep a pall on

relations with Egypt. He said that

he had made extensive enquiries

and had not found any evidence to indicate that Azzam was involved in espionage. Jon Immanuel adds:

Azzam was based on an Egyptian laboratory test which indicated that invisible ink was present in ladies underwear, the means by which Azzam sent messages back to Israel. The court rejected Deeb's request to have the lingerie tested

at a neutral laboratory abroad. However, other tests in Egyptian laboratories have been questioned. For example, hubble gum imported through Israel to Gaza was tested for progesterone, a femal hormone, and found positive. The same gum tested separately in Israeli and UK laborato-



Azzam Azzam in a Cairo court cage yesterday.

ries found there was no proges-

By ARYEH DEAN COHEN

Cover those schoolbooks. Make those sandwiches. The school year begins today, after agreemeots signed yesterday between the Education Ministry and the teachers' unions.

National Parents Association also agreed to withdraw its threat to keep pupils home today.

The agreement calls for the ministry to return all teachers let go as a result of last year's cuts and to restore 70,000 classroom hours.

However, schools in Arab areas will be closed through Wednesday to protest their poor conditions. are expected in Upper Nazareth, Herzliya, Acre. Beersheba, Atlit, Bene Ayish and the Golan Heights. Shmuel Abuav of the Union of Local Councils said.

At the conclusion of an often raucous meeting, the Knesset Education Committee called on the teachers "to open the school year tomorrow as scheduled."

It also said after the meeting that "in the current situatioo, restoring the hours and teaching positions as they were at the end of the last school year takes precedence over anything else and any new initiative in the educational

ONEW

See SCHOOL, Page 2

Centenary of First **Zionist Congress** marked

By MARILYN HENRY

BASEL - One-thousand Jews and Swiss political and business leaders packed into the meeting hall of the Basel casino yesterday, marking the centenary of the day that 200 delegates met in the same room for the First Zionist Congress.

A small explosive went off shortly after midnight yesterday io the center of town, damaging a tire on a car, Police said they did not think the bomb was related to the Zionist celebration.

The official Basel Zionist ceotermial began 15 minutes late. The hall was stifling, and there were repeated murmurs about "hot air." However, the event was notable for what was not

The main speakers made oo overt references to the current

See BASEL, Page 4



opens today World mourns Princess Diana



Prince Charles, accompanied by French President Jacques Chirac (rear) and Princess Diana's sister Lady Jane Fellows, leaves the Salpetriere Hospital in Paris where Diana died. (Rement)

COMMENT

Hounded to death: A modern legend

By THOMAS O'DWYER

She rose beyond celebrity to become a myth. In her death, Diana, Princess of Wales, will become a tragic legend, a Greekstyle heroine consumed by that which she was nourished by.

Our modern world has little time for mythology, tuned instead to the media babble of those who would become legends in their own luncbtime. Soap opera instead of opera-

That does not mean the modern world has lost the need for that myth and legend that gave our forefathers a heroic aiming point they maybe could never reach, but always could strive for.

The signs were there yesterday that ancient myth-creation was again at work, helping a stunned world to understand what has happened. Diana's new beau, Dodi Payed had produced the Oscar-winning British movie Chariots of Fire. He left the world in a chariot of death. The car hit the 13th pillar in the Seine tunnel.

Diana's brother had always said the press would kill her in the end. and the lovers died fleeing from

See HOUNDED, Page 4

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By DOUGLAS DAVIS and news agencies

LONDON - Britain's Prince Charles brought the body of his former wife Princess Diana home to a grieving nation yesterday after she was killed in a high-speed Paris car crash as she was pursued by photographers on motorcycles. -Funeral arrangements for Diana

are expected to be announced today, Buckingham Palace said. Diana's tragic death triggered a

worldwide outpouring of grief for a woman whose life was both fairy tale and tragedy, and a wave of anger against the media she had by

More on Diana, Pages 2, 3

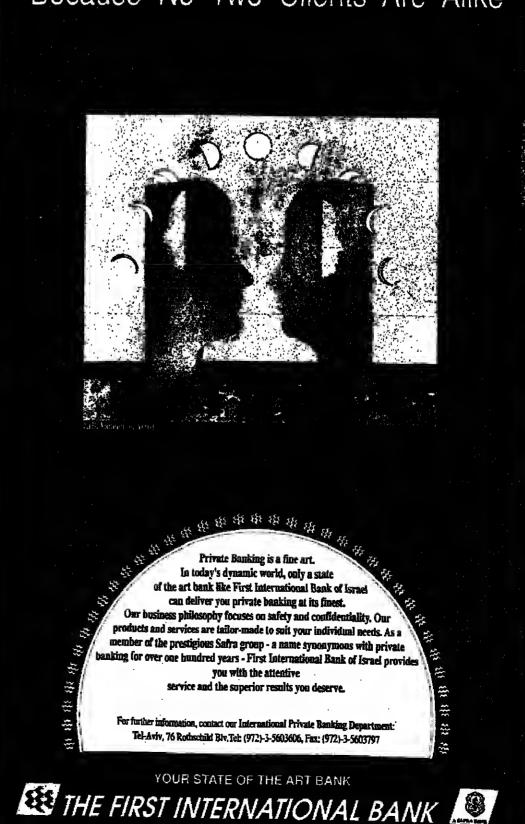
turns courted and abused. Diana, 36, died with millionaire companion Dodi Al Fayed with whom she had dined at the Ritz hotel in Paris.

Their Mercedes-Beoz car, chased by paparazzi on motorbikes, hit a concrete post in a road tunnel by the River Seine. Diana's two sisters accompanied Charles to collect the body.

Their plane touched down under grey skies at the Northolt military airport just outside London some 18 bours after the accideot.

See DIANA, Page 4

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Princess Di July 1, 1961 -Aug. 31, 1997

July 1, 1961 - Born into aristocratic family, third of four children of Lord and Lady Althorp.

Early years: Diana brought up at her father's house on the royal estate at Sandringham in eastern England and the family home of Althorp, in the English Midlands. 1969 - Marriage of Diana's parents dissolved. Her father won

battle for custody of children. School days: Educated at West Heath, a boarding school in southern England, and a finishing school in Switzerland. Helped to run a nursery in London on leav-

ing school. 1977 - Met Prince Charles at Althorp Charles, courting her elder sister Sarah, had been invited to the house to join a shooting

February 24, 1981 Engagement to Chartes announced. July 29, 1981 - Charles, Prince of Wales and heir to the Briosh throne, married Lady Diana Spencer in a sumptuous ceremony at St. Paul's Cathedral in London. June 21, 1982 - First child born, William Arthur Philip Louis, known as Wills. Diana suffered post-natal depression.

September 15, 1984 - Second child bom, Henry Charles Albert David, known as Harry. 1985 - First reports of difficul-

ties in royal marriage. 1986 - Charles renewed his relationship with Camilla Parker

Bowles, a woman he later referred to as "the love of his life". Diana developed slimming dis-

order bulimia nervosa. Royal couple continued public duties, but in private they were soon leading separate lives.

June 1992 - Diana — Her True Story by tabloid reporter Andrew Morton published. Diana cooperared, through friends, in the writing of the book which showed her trapped in a loveless marriage and attempting suicide to attract Charles's attention.

August 25, 1992 - Newspapers published excerpts of a taped telephone conversation between Diana and James Gilby, who called her "Squidgy" and told her repeatedly that he loved ber.

December 9, 1992 - Prime Minister John Major announced in Parliament the couple's formal

September 1994 - Princess In Lore by Anna Pasternak published, telling of an affair between Diana and handsome cavalry officer James Hewitt.

November 20, 1995 - Princess of Wales gave television interview in which she admitted adultery with Hewitt and said she

the responsibility of being king. December 20, 1995 Buckingham Palace confirmed Queen Elizabeth had written to Charles and Diana urging them to

December 30, 1995 - Prime Minister Major assured Diana of a major role in public life despite the prospect of divorce.

February 28, 1996 - Diana agreed to the request for a divorce, calling it the saddest day of her life. July 12 - Charles and Diana agreed on divorce terms. Diana was to get a reported £17 million (\$26 million) settlement, but was stripped of the title "Her Royal

llighness".
July 15 - London court granted Charles and Diana a decree nisi, the first stage in a quick divorce, on the grounds that they had been separated for more than two years. August 28 - Charles and Diana granted a decree absolute ending

their 15-year marriage. April 1, 1997 - Diana involved in scuffle with photographer outside gymnasium as she asks a passer-by to snatch film from

pliotographer's camera July 18 - Prince Charles hosted glittering 50th birthday party for mistress Camilla Parker Bowles.

August 7 - First media reports that Diana had found a new love -Dodi Al Fayed.

August 22 - Diana began third and final holiday with Al Fayed in

the Mediterranean. August 31 - Diana killed in car crash with At Fayed. Reuters

in deep sorrow we announce the passing of our dearest

A fairy-tale princess for the ages

By DAVID VON DREHLE

Her adult life was never really her own.

Diana, Princess of Wales, was barely past adolescence when she shouldered the world's fairy-tale dreams, and by the ome she died of injuries suffered in a car wreck in Paris early yesterday morning, she had endured years in the media spotlight as the British monarchy eroded. She was 36.

It is possible that on some distant steppe or desert there are people who never saw a picture of the world's most photographed

But it was not for lack of trying by the celebrity-fueled press that has come to girdle the globe. Nor was it for lack of glamor on the part of Diana Speccer.

Her face was instantly recognizable - especially in ber iconic pose: her chin cast shyly downward, while her eyes caught the camera from beneath ber golden

Through years of palace turmoil that ran like a soap opera in the tabloids - while doing serious damage to the institution of England's royal family - she

remained highly popular.

She was widely judged a good mother to her two sons, William, the future king, and Harry. She and her sons were photographed at school, with ponies, oo ski slopes and gamboling in parks. Those with long memories recalled that she was a child-care worker before she became a royal.

And she was widely praised for her charitable works, most recently as a proponent of a worldwide ban on land mines.

It was this crusade that took her recently to Bosnia, but by the time she arrived she was once again in the middle of a press frenzy. She had found love - that was

the latest turn in her remarkable story. Early in August, the British tabloids that lived and died by the latest Diana tidbits had broken a significant new scoop. The princess was seen aboard the \$32 million yacht of contro-

versial London businessman Mohammed Fayed, in the company of bis son, Dodi. And Diana was "telling friends" - tablold code for speaking to reporters - about a new love in her

Dodi Fayed was "the man who will take me out of one world and into another," Diana was quoted as saying. "I trust him." Fayed, 42, also was killed along with Diana in a car crash in a tunnel



Princess Diana chats with Mirzeta Gabelic, a 15-year-old Bosnian Moslem landmine victim, on August 10 in Sarajevo, where Diana was on a visit to the region as part of her campaign against landmines.

along the Seine. Her driver may have been trying to elude photographers chasing them.

Big as Di's romance was elsewhere, it is hard to put into non-British terms what a spectacular story it was for England.

Mohammed Fayed, father of Dodi, is perhaps as near an opposite as one could find to Diana's former in-laws, Dodi Fayed was the only son of the Egyptian entrepreneur who swept onto the British stage about the time Diana was marrying Prince Charles and grabbed some of the nation's proudest possessions.

Prince Charles.

A film producer of Egyptian

descent with a string of flashy girlfriends and a love of the good

life Al Fayed was about as far

away from the ascetic, serious

But this summer romance

straight from the pages of pulp fic-tion turned to a Greek tragedy in

the early hours of yesterday morn-

Since her long drawn-out,

painful divorce from Charles,

finalized 12 months ago last week, Diana had been careful not to be

caught with any male companions,

apparently keen to douse down

media interest in her every move.

Charles as it is possible to get.

He bought Harrods Ltd., London's greatest department store, and more recently acquired a leasehold on the Paris home of the duke and duchess of Windsor, and will auction off the contents next month at Sotheby's. (The duke of-Windsor, uncle to Queen Elizabeth II, starred in his own amazing palace tale, abdicating the throne to marry an American divorcee.)

It had begun with such spectacle and seeming perfection. Diana, daughter of an earl, was the picture of the fairy-tale princess when she walked down the aisle of St. Paul's Cathedral in a white gown

appearing in British newspapers.

Al Fayed, a rotund man with a

ready smile, appeared to enjoy

Diana's company as much as she

time," Al Fayed said after one

Al Fayed, the family's eldest

son, grew up io Egypt and was educated in Switzerland. His

mother, Samira, was the sister of

Mohammed Al Fayed has

repeatedly clashed with British

authorities, who have refused his

requests for a Briosh passport and

publicly attacked his business

billionaire Adnan Kashoggi.

"We relaxed... we had a good

"We are very good

with a train pooled behind her on the scarlet carpet.

The archbishop of Canterbury performed her marriage to Charles Philip Arthur George, Prince of Wales, unol then the world's most eligible bachelor. New Zealand's great soprano

Kiri Te Kanawa serenaded her. She rode away in a borse-drawn carriage enclosed in glass. And for a time the Buckingham Palace script played out nicely.

Charles and Diana - people felt so fond of them they called them Chuck and Di - were seen walking on the moors at Balmoral, posing on the slopes at Gstaad, reviewing troops at Buckingham Palace.

The early years of their marriage may, in the eyes of history, be seen as a last triumph for the House of Windsor, the monarchy that has beeo both a symbol of England's glories as its empire withered and a cash cow for the nation's tourist

For as Diana's marriage crumbled, the stature of the royal famiy went with it. A biography of Diana by British journalist Andrew Morion detailed a loveless marriage and a suicidal princess. Soon, the British papers were buzzing

with royal intimacies snatched from mobile telephones, The royal saga will continue -

recently the archbishop of Canterbury, the senior clergyman in the Church of England. expressed strong reservacions at the idea of a remarried king at the head of the nadon's official church.

Her death will supply another ocean of headlines; tell-all books and television interviews. Perhaps all of it will one day give the world Diana as she really was More likely, though, she has dis-

appeared forever into the nigths of (The Washington Post)

World leaders mourn her death

Reactions from world leaders poured in yesterday following Princess Diana's death.

US President Bill Clinton said he and his wife Hillary were "profoundly saddened" by her death. "Hillary and I knew Princess Diana and we were very fond of her. We are pro-foundly saddened by this tragic event. Our thoughts and prayers tonight are with her family, friends, and especially her children," Clinton said in a statement issued shortly after Diana's death.

In Australia, Prime Minister John Howard expressed shock and said the thoughts of many Australians would be with the two young sons she left behind.

By ROBERT WOODWARD

LONDON (Reuter) - Dodi Al

Fayed was the son of one of Britain's most controversial men

and his love affair with the coun-

try's most famous woman, Princess Diana, shocked and fas-

Al Fayed, 41, was definitely not part of the Briosh establishment

which Diana felt had so badly let

her down during her 15 years

cinated the world.

Howard said the crash had ended "the life of a person who held a particular fascination for many people around the world."

In Russia, there were no widespread demonstrations of grief, but some mourners did lay flowers outside the British Embassy in Moscow and President Boris Yeltsin "took to heart" Diana's death, an aide said.

German President Roman Herzog expressed dismay at her sudden death. Herzog sent his condolences in a telegram to Queen Elizabeth. "...With her personal charisma, her courage and above all ber impressive engagement in an array of bumanitarian causes she won over the people in our

Harrods heir's love affair

with Diana shocked UK

World leaders were almost unanimous in expressing similar sentiments, although Iran took the opportunity to lash out once agaio at the West. Government-run television announced her death in a news bulletin, saying: "One of the elements of moral disgrace in the British court has been killed in a car accident in

Diana and Prince Charles separated from each other some ome ago following a sensational saga of corruption and moral disgrace." the announcer said, reading against a background of film clips of Diana in an item that lasted less than 30 seconds. (News agencies)

defeat of the Conservative govern-

ment in the May I election with

allegations he had paid senior

Conservatives to ask questions for

Dodi's family life had been

Both Samira, who separated

from his father just months after

Dodi's birth, and his grandmother

died young. Samira's second hus-

band died in a car crasb as did his

After a short stint in a military

college, he became an attache in

the United Arab Emirates embassy

But Al Fayed wanted a faster

pace of life and moved to

Hollywood, where he used the

family's vast fortune to produce or

co-produce films like the Oscar-

winning Chariots of Fire and

touched repeatedly by tragedy.

bim in parliament.

stepfather and an aunt,

SCHOOL

The committee called on the prime minister to redirect NIS 270 million budgeted by the Finance Ministry to restoring cuts made in school bours, even if it means delaying implementadoo of a longer school day in some

Committee chairman Emanuel Zissmann and representatives of parties in the dispute closeted themselves in Zissmann's office for about 90 minutes. Afterwards, Histadrut Teachers

Union Secretary-Geoeral Avraham Ben-Shabbat emerged from Zissmann's office, saying he had initialed an agreement with the Education Ministry directorgeneral.

The agreement said that: 1)The 70,000 hours which were cut by order of the director-general's directive from April 1997 will be replaced immediately.

2) As of tomorrow, September 1, all teachers dismissed as a result of these cuts will return to

work. Ben-Shabbat explained that returning teachers to work automatically required restoring cut classroom hours so that they

would have enough work. It took until later last night for

officials at first appeared disappointed by the agreements, but

an agreement to be reached between the government and the Secondary Schools Teachers Association Association chairman Ran Erez restoring 500 teachers to the system. National Parents Association

Association leader, said they decided to go ahead and support the opening of the school year. Sheinfeld warned however, that the Association would monitor

later Moshe Sheinfeld, an

wbether the agreements were being implemented. In trying to spur the teachers

toward reaching agreement, Education Minister Zevulun Hammer told the Knesset conmittee at the start of the meeting:

"I see our problem in guaranteeing... that the standard classroom hours not be hurt. This is the main point: that the child not return home from school a moment sooner than he did last year."

"It's all a matter of trust," Hammer said. In Ashdod, 11 secondary

schools will not open today because of a dispute over a municipality plan to try to create three special classes of advanced Russian immigrant pupils, opposed by the Secondary School Teachers Association as "racism," according to an association spokeswoman.

In Herzliya, there may be disnuptions in the opening of the school year. The ORT schools in Hatzor and

Carmiel will also not open after the technological track there was abandoned.

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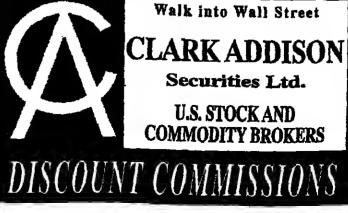
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LILY SANDER 5"

Mourned by her brothers and children, Pat Frei, Jonathan and Michael Well, Geraldine Frankel and Judy Cohen, Alan, David and Julian Sander

Grandchildren and great -grandchildren

Shiva at Weil Family, 7 Rehov Dan, Baka, Jerusalem 02-672-2466

With great sorrow we announce the passing, on Saturday, August 30, of our beloved husband, father and grandfather

Rabbi Dr. JOSEPH BABAD

direct descendent of the Minchos Chinuch, Dean of Students, Faculty Bet Midrash Letorah, Skokie, Illinois,

Shiva at 4 Rehov Sorotzkin, Jerusalem The Babad, Bruckstein and Morduchowitz Families But hardly a day has gone by this month without pictures of He contributed to the election

father and grandfather

The funeral will leave today, Monday, September 1, 1997, at 1 p.m. from the Givat Shaul Funeral Parlor.

> Beit Hakerem, Jerusalem. Audrey

Oded, Ilana, Tami, Yael and Gil.

In deep sorrow and profound grief we announce the untimely death of our beloved husband,

enjoyed his.

holiday.

methods.

friends.

Ambassador ZVI BROSH 577

Shiva at the house of the deceased, 10 Hazon Zion St.,

Liora

He had houses in London, Los Angeles and New York, loved fast cars and had the run of a number of yachts. His father's business empire contained the Hartods luxury store in London.

in London.

A frequenter of nightclubs, Al Fayed was linked romantically with several Hollywood stars before meeting Diana. After his liaison with Diana

became public knowledge, a

model, Kelly Fisher, claimed he had said he wanted a baby with her and had promised to marry her. She claimed that Al Fayed had shuttled between her and Diana during one of their Mediterranean

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Princess Diana and Dodi Fayed walk along the French Riviera resort of St. Tropez on August 22.

The people's princess

By MICHAL YUDELMAN

"Wouldn't it have been great if fairy tales were for real. But you know as well as the rest of us that happy endings don't just ride in on the wind."

That was a message sent last year to Princess Diana by one of her tens of thousands of fans on one of the many Internet weh sites devoted to her.

It's theme, prophetic in hindsight, could be heard yesterday in streets as far away from her homeland as Tel Avív.

Diana's tragic end transcended borders and cultures, and Israel

was no exception ... Everyone seemed to be mourniog the death of Diana. Sad Israelis talked of her grace, beauty and charm, echoing Prime Minister Binyamin Netanyahu's apt telegram of coodolence to the British people.

Both morning talk programs, Another Matter and It's All Talk dealt almost exclusively with Lady Di, her life, and the media's disrepotable role in her unexpected death.

Israel Radio's evening show Someone To Talk To kept up the

The BBC World Service reported people in Jerusalem "as stunned as anywhere in the world surprising in a country so occupied with its own problems." In Gaza, Suha Arafat said "I did-

n't know her personally, but I felt close to her because of our similar humanitarian concerns. She was a victim of journalists. It's too late now, but I hope they've learned their lesson."

The former oursery school teacher had fired women's imaginations everywhere when she realized the Cinderella fairy tale and married the prince.

But the fairy tale indeed was oot to have a happy ending. The princess got divorced and fled the palace. Yet surprisingly her popularity just grew and grew until she became a cultural heroine and an

She was indeed "a princess of the people," as Britain's Prime Minister Tony Blair called her yes-

World television oetworks CNN and BBC devoted hours of straight hroadcasting to the accident, from Saturday night and all through yesterday. The British nation stood still. Even America weot into

In Tel Aviv the British Embassy was closed as usual on Sunday, but Nick Kopaloff, the public relations director of JIA, an organization for British immigrants, said "everyone is in a profound sense of shock over Diana's death."

"It's almost like she wanted to die," the young owner of a watch store in Dizengoff Ceoter said. "She was sick and tired of this life."

"From the moment she married that Prince Charles she didn't have a minute's peace, not one moment's happiness," an older woman in the store responded.

"Lady Di was a tragic heroine: she had a self-destructive streak which drove her to it," said a foreign correspondent.

Bui Talma Admoo, Ma'ariv's literary editor, had a different theory: "She was up against bigger, stronger forces. She didn't have a chance from the start. Her death reminds me of the fate of Marilyn Monroe - a female victim in a man's world. Wheo she finally found a man who could envelop her with care and provide for her needs, she was brutally killed."

Her dominant qualities - compassioo, empathy, beauty and grace – are irrelevant in this life, with its murderous pace, said Admon. "Her success in pickiog up the picces of her life and becoming independent and popu-

lar just weren't enough.
"Even finding a path into peo-ple's hearts proved insufficient. Today it is all about power, money, control. That includes the moral codes of today's society, which enabled those paparazzi to hound her," Admon said.

"Diana didn't have what it takes

and it killed her."

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ing the monarchy.

HERB KEINON CONTEXT /

Paparazzi craze not Israeli – yet

Celebrity-hunting photographers, the paparazzi, will - as a result of the accident that killed Princess Diana yesterday - inevitably come under fierce criticism the world over.

Although Israel does not have a large corps of paparazzi who stake out celebrities for candid, preferably compromising, pictures, it does have an extremely aggressive photo press corps that has cansed discomfort for more than one celebrity.

No less a paparazzi target than Arnold Schwarzenegger told photographers dur-ing a July 1995 visit that he had "never seen more aggressive journalists" anywhere in the world.

The same year, rock star Sicead O'Connor attacked two photographers taking pictures of her leaving the the Church of the Holy Sepulcher. She broke their cameras, and tore one man's shirt. Madonna, during her concert tour here in 1993, cussed out photographers waiting for her as she left the Church of Nativity, and her bodyguards reportedly slashed

the tires of waiting photographers.

The most serious incident, however, came in the summer of 1993, when Elton John left the country a few hours after arriving, citiog harassment by photogra-

lo London, John's press people released a statement saying that even as he was driving back to the airport, "he was followed and harassed by aggressive photographers on motorbikes on the highway itself, thus causing danger to other traffic. To ensure safety and good order, it was decided that Elton John

should leave the country. Brian Hendler, a press photographer here since 1984, did oot mince words in criticizing the behavior of some Israeli photographers.

Sometimes the way the Israel press behaves is pretty disgusting," he said. They will do anything to get a picture, paparazzi or not. They have no problems sticking cameras io the faces of people at

Hendler said the aggressiveness in

Israel has gotteo worse with the intensifyiog competition hetween Yedior Aharonot and Ma'ariv. "If Yediot has the picture, Ma'oriv has to get it. This type of competition means anything goes," he

David Ruhinger, winner of the 1997 Israel Prize for photography and a photojournalist here for some 50 years, said celebrity hunting is sheer digging into the privacy of human beings who have oothing to do with me. I think it is wrong. Celebrities have every right to privacy. What it boils down to is good taste, noth-

Rnbinger said the hlame, however, rests oot ooly with the photographers, but mainly with newspaper editors who pay

"outrageous prices" for the pictures.
"Thankfully in Israel we have oot sunk to the level of the paparazzi, but I am not sure that the fierce competition between the papers here will oot bring us to that situation," he said.

Rubinger sees no parallel between photographing people in the privacy of their grief at a cemetery, and stalking celebrities and photographing them in the privacy of their summer homes or on yachts in

"It is oot the same type of bad taste," Rubinger said. "This country mourns people everyday, people who supposedly fell for the nation. The grief of that family is not private grief, nobody is sure they won't be in same situation tomorrow. This grief is a national disaster."

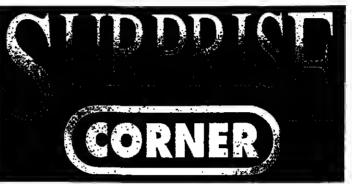
Nati Shohat, one of the partners of Flash 90, a photo agency that services most of the country's dailies, defended Israeli photographers, saying that they were not like paparazzi because they do not amhush people, and that the person being phoingraphed always knows that

their picture is being taken.

Furthermore, Shohat said, pictures of Israeli celebrities in compromising poses are nonexistent.

"When have you ever seen a picture of Shlomo Artzi in the nude, or io an embrace," be said. "There is no market for that here."

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Israel, Jordan sign airport pact PM: We differ

with US

By JAY BUSHINSKY

Prime Minister Binyamin

Netanyahu indicated yesterday

to the cabinet that his concept of

security was different than that

of US Secretary of State

Madeleine Albright, who visits

imposed after the July 30 Mahaneh Yehuda bombing. They

resolved to follow the situation on

fulfilled promises to crack down

being behind bus bombings in

Jerusalem and Tel Aviv in February and March last year,

The suspects were identified as

Mohammed Deif and Mohieddin

Sharaf, and dubbed successors to

the late so-called engineer or

Hamas bomb mastermind, Yehia

Albright evidently believes suf-

have not been arrested.

An authoritative source noted that two Palestinians suspected of

Briefing the cabinet on his latest telephone conversations with Albright, Netanyahu charged that the Palestinian Authority has not

next week.

a day-to-day basis.

on terrorism.

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At a time when the peace process is at a virtual standstill on all fronts, the agreement marked a small, but perceivable step towards coopera-

"It is the only show in town," said an Israeli official at the airport who asked not to be identified.

The memorandum, whose signing was delayed over disagreements about how to handle security for Israeli passengers, was signed by Transport Ministry Director-General Nahum Langenthal and Captain Jasser Zayyat, the head of Jordanian Civil Aviation.

But their bosses, Transport Minister Yitzhak Levy and Jordanian Transpon Minister Bassem Sakker, were on hand for a news conference.

Levy said that Prime Minister Binyamin Netanyahu and Jordan's King Hussein had set a date for the signing, forcing negotaitors to meet

He said the memorandum provides for passengers flying to Eilat to land at the Akaba airfield and be taken by bus to the Eilat Airport terminal, for customs and border con-

Israeli security guards will escort the buses to and from Israel, while joint Israeli-Jordanian teams will

handle security in Akaba, Levy said. The degree of Jordanian sensitivity to having Israelis handle security in their country was palpable. A Jordanian journalist asked Sakker what would happen if an anned Israeli were to attack Jordanians.



The Jordanian and Israeli transport ministers, Bassem Sakker (left) and Vitzhak Levy, shake hands after the signing of a memorandum for the joint use of Akaba Airport.

"We are working on this as a joint

project. There will be security for both sides," Sakker told her. Currently the flights will be han-dled by Arkia and El Al Airlines from Tel Aviv's Sde Dov Airport or Ben-Gurion Airport, but not from Jerusalem's Atarot Airport, which

Jordan doesn't recognize.

Even yesterday'a flight carrying Levy and an entourage of officials and journalists touched down at Ben-Gurion before continuing on to

Transport ministry officials said that the flights would begin with a few a week and would gradually increase in number over a fourmonth trial period.

If the project succeeds, Levy said, Israel will build a terminal on its side of the border, next to the Akaba landing field.

Levy said the area could attract bundreds of thousands of tourists. Sakker said that joint use of the airport was part of Jordan's plans to

turn Akaba into a regional center. It was a little unclear whether pas-

Levy said passengers could other Israeli officials said they

sengers bound for Eilat would have the option of heading to Jordan rather than Israel.

choose to visit either country, while

ficient progress has been made on the critical security issue to justify ber trip. She had told Washington's National Press Club on Aug. 7 that she would head to

on security the Middle East provided progress was made on security issues.

The source said that since efforts made to step up security contacts with the Palestinians after the Mahaneh Yehuda bombing, there has been only "spot cooperation," mainly to prevent attacks just before or during the Albright visit. There is a conflict" between the

After the cabinet session, minis-US and Israel on the terrorist probters in charge of security affairs lem, the source continued. meeting behind closed doors Albright is due in Israel Sept. 10 decided to gradually ease a closure of the West Bank and Gaza Strip

for two days of talks. In deciding to ease the closure.

ministers left it in the IDF's hands to decide at what rate they would increase the number of Palestinians they let through roadblocks, Israel Radio report-

Netanyahu denied to the cabinet that his attorney. Yitzhak Molcho, had drawn up a compromise on the Har Homa and settlement

Infrastructure Minister Ariel Sharon wasn't at the meeting as he. was convalescing from a tom tendon he sustained on his farm this weekend.

The cabinet also approved an agreement with Uzbekistan to further cultural, scientific and educational cooperation, and an accord with Moldova to waive visa requirements for diplomatic passport holders.

The issue of the missing Yemenite children was also raised but a full discussion was postponed for another meeting.

HOUNDED Continued from Page 1

And so on, went the myth weavers, as they did after IFK.

Most heroes of yore were men. It is to the credit of the 1990s that the world's two most genuinely famous people have been women - Mother Teresa, the saint, and Diana, the peo-

All men love a beautiful woman - that is not unusual. What was new about Diana was that she became the beautiful woman that women too could love and admire and, for a change, even identify with.

No ever-after Every little girl's favorite fairy tale has always been Cinderella. Diana heard the fairy talk and walked the fairy walk. And then she lived its raw sexist fallacies, and somehow struggled on to create a post-modem, post happy-ever-after fairy tale

for a fascinated world. She was the icon for the '90s woman. She showed women that even if you grow up and marry a prince in a palace, life could be as unfair, wretched and insecure as if you married a drunken redneck. The young "Shy Di" who just wanted "to be a good wife" lost the prince, the palace, the chance to become queen of England. She settled instead to be

"the queen of people's hearts." Although she didn't exactly come from a peasant's cottage, Diana's background was middle-class modest. At six she heard the sound that haunted her for life - her mother's departing footsteps when her par-

ents' marriage broke up. She had a mediocre education and found work in child-care. It was the path of a million nice little English girls of no great talent waiting for Mr. Right to arrive.

Frog mode What did arrive was a right royal Mr. Wrong. All at once she seemed to have everything-money, clothes, two sons, palaces, even a throne in the offing. But what about happiness? Wasn't that part of the Prince

Not any more. The prince reverted to frog mode. The marriage, said Diana, was "a bit crowded" with Camilla Parker-Bowles there too. She became hysterical, bulimic, ever more humiliated. She and the world heard from a bugged phone that the prince of Wales would rather be his mistress's tampon than Diana's husband. And when at last she 100 succumbed to an extra-marital affair. that handsome bounder also turned

out to be a rat who sold her intimacy for a bagful of money.

No wonder women around the world winced and cried for her. This was no longer the fairy tale but The Wives' Tale, writ large and ugly and familiar. Even a beautiful woman can be cruelly abandoned by her husband. Enough already

But Diana began the long march back to dignity, inspiring that brand of '90s woman who at last has enough of all the crap. Supported by her love for her two boys, she worked out, supped out and finally recognized that her heart, not her head, was her greatest asset.

When she threw herself into charity work, it was not another "angle". This was the Diana the dedicated nursery teacher grown up at last. When she hugged an Aids patient and joked "there is no known risk factor in a hug" she did more to change British public attitudes to the disease in five minutes than five years of government awareness campaigns had done.

The charity Help the Aged reported her patronage increased their income fourfold in one year. She adopted causes no other celeb would touch with a barge pole and touched them with the magic wand of media attention.

Who ever heard of the anti-land mines campaign before Diana walked among the minefields and the maimed in Angola and Bosnia as the cameras swarmed around her and the crippled children?

Live by the sword, die by the sword. Diana charmed and wooed the celebrity-bungry media when she needed public sympathy for herself or support for her hopeless causes. Yet she loathed and feared them and only last week said she would flee Britain because of them, were it not for her sons.

Her fears were prophetic. It is a day when we in the more respectable branches of the media must stand up and condemn this monster that has grown in out midst - the paparazzi

We cannot even say that Diana died in dignity. She literally was hounded to death by the yelping pack, rabid in their money frenzy, as they continued to snap and flash at the crushed bodies in the car.

Journalism has at last sunk as low as it can in the cesspit to become a pack of ugly men hounding a beautiful woman to death. The profession has stepped on its own publicity land mine and is mained. It will take more than the myth of

the princess to purge its shame.

Fourth brushfire victim buried

By BATSHEVA TSUR and Itim

Hundreds of mourners attended the burial yesterday of 19-yearold St.-Sgt. Oren Zarif, one of the four soldiers killed in a brushfire while on active duty in south

MK Efraim Sneh, a neighbor of the Zarifs in Herzliya, eulogized Zarif as a hero, thanking him "for what you were, for what you did." Sneh heaped praises on Zarif and his army buddies serving in

"You don't ask 'until when?' or when will this be over?' Up there you grit your teeth, wipe away your tears of sweat, get briefed and then wait until dark to head to the wadi, whether the one that burned or any other wadi, simply for the sake of protecting your

delayed so an uncle who was abroad could attend.

President Ezer Weizman visited the families of the other three fallen soldiers from last Thursday's tragedy, who were buried on

At the home of Sgt. Shimon Yadag, 21, in Sderot, Weizman assessed that Israel would have to continue fighting in Lebanon until there were peace talks with

Weizman praised Yadag. "Shimon was a hero. I heard this from his commanders," he said.

Yadag, an Ethiopian immigrant who lost his father in Ethiopia, had volunteered to stay on with his unit over the weekend although he was entitled to a

monthly leave.

Levy off to Canada tomorrow

SL-Sgt Zarif's funeral had been them be was serving in Lebanon so they wouldn't worry about

> Earlier Weizman visited the family of a third soldier, St-Sgt. Ro'i Shukrun, of Jerusalem. Shukrun's grandfather was a battalion commander in the Golani brigade in the 1960's, and Weizman recalled that be was oustanding. Both Shukrun's parents also served io Golani.

His mother told of how Ro'i, who wanted to become a doctor. had volunteered to serve in a combat unit.

In Or Akiva, Weizman visited the home of Sgt. Oshri Schwartz, who died in the fire at age 19. He too bad volunteered for Golani, after cajoling his mother to sign duty. Her first husband was killed Relatives said Yadag never told in the Yom Kippur War.

Erekat sends letter saying redeployment due

By JOH IMMANUEL

The chief Palestinian negotiator. Saeb Erekat, sent a letter to Cabinet secretary Dan Naveh yesterday explaining that Israel is "due" to undertake a further redeployment from the West Bank by next Sunday.

David Bar-Illan, policy adviser to Minister Binyamin Netanyahu, said Israel's agreement with the Palestinians does not specify a date for a second withdrawal, but only for a final withdrawal, by August next year.

In this, Bar-Ilan is correct since the Hebron protocol overrode the previous agreements, and set March 1997 as the date for the first withdrawal. In a letter attached to the protocol signed by then US Secretary of State Varren Christopher it was stated that "all three phases of the further redeployments should be completed within 12 months from the implementation of the first phase of the further redeployment but not later

than mid-1998. This means that while the first week of September would be the pre-

ferred midway target date for the second withdrawal, six months after the first withdrawal in the first week of March this year, and six months from the target date for the third withdrawal, it is not obligatory. The midway point between March and the compulsory third withdrawal date, August 1998, is November, Even December or January could be considered reasonable since no specific second withdrawal date is mentioned.

In His letter Erekat relates that the "implemention is due on September 7." But he speaks more radically on the Interim agreement which still stands concerning the content of the

required redeployment.
The Palestinian Authority rejected the first redeployment in March because Israel offered 7% from area B, but only 2 percent of area C. Erekat quotes from the Interim (Oslo 2) agreement to show that redeployment is specifically from area C. Transfer from area B to A is described as "transfer of internal security responsibility." Transfer of land from area C is described as "further redployments."

DIANA Continued from Page 1

Foreign Minister David Levy leaves tomorrow on a

quick trip to Canada in advance of US Secretary of

State Madeleine Albright's visit here on September

He is expected to tell Prime Minister Jean Chretien

of Israel's interest in working with Albright to move

British Prime Minister Tony Blair was waiting at the airport. Diana's coffin, draped in the Royal standard, was carried to a bearse by eight pall-bearers in a low-key, silent ceremony disturbed only by the wind.

Diana's death brought calls for curbs on intrusion into the privacy

Earl Spencer, Diana's brother, said he always believed the press would kill bis sister. He declared that every proprietor and editor to have paid for "exploitative" photographs of her "has blood on his hands today".
The beauty that captivated mil-

lions endured in death. "She wanted to die beautiful...

her face was preserved," said a witness who saw Diana dead io a room at Paris's Salpetriere Hospital.

French surgeons had desperately

tried to save her life, opening her

shattered chest to sew a ruptured

vein and massage her failed heart.

But at 4 a.m. Paris time they conceded defeat and told the world the terrible news.

Charles, whose -15-year marriage to Diana ended in divorce last year, woke their sons, the princes William, 15, and Harry, 12, at the toyal estate in Balmoral, Scotland, to break the news of their mother's death.

The boys were devoted to their mother and were her only happy reminders of her attachment to the royal family.

Al Fayed, heir to a business empire that includes Harrods store in London and the Ritz in Paris, died in the wreck of the car which was crumpled like an accordion. So did the driver, a Ritz security guard. A bodyguard was injured.

Police beld seven press photogra-

phers at the scene and investigat-

ed the crash as a possible case of manslaughter. Diana and Al Fayed, 41, had been the focus of a media frenzy for weeks since photographs showed them embracing on a Mediterranean holiday. It appeared Diana, the world's most

photographed women, had finally

found a man who had taught ber to love again.

the peace process forward, a ministry spokesman

Levy's first stop will be Toronto for the dedication

He will deliver the keynote speech at the ceremony

which is expected to be attended by about 2,000 peo-

of a synagogue and educational center for Canada's

Sephardic Jewish communities.

The death of the woman who said she wanted to be "Queen of People's Hearts" provoked a wave of grief around the globe. But Britons' grief for Diana was tinged with anger against a media that was held to have hounded her

photographers outside Buckingham Palace - and pity for She had been due home yesterday after ber boliday and had been expected to see William and Harry

"Bastards" screamed a motorist

at her Kensington Palace bome. Diana's death stunned Israel's cabinet and stirred Prime Minister Binyamin Netanyahu to send his condolences in the name of the Israeli government to the people of the United Kingdom and the

royal family. "Israel, like the rest of the world, was shocked by the death of a young woman who diligently heralded the world's children." Netanyahu said, noting that she represented her country with honor and dignity.

In a telegram to Prime Minister

Tony Blair, Netanyahu asked that he convey to the royal family the sympathy of the people of Israel and its government. "The princess's grace and charm were

"Great Britain and the whole world have lost an outstanding person whose life was dedicated to serving them and advancing their welfare. Her loss is felt by peoples all over the world," President Ezer Weizman said in a cable of condolences to Queen Elizabeth, paying tribute to Diana's bumanitarian

exceptional," he said.

"On behalf of the people of Israel, my wife and myself, I extend to Your Majesty, to the dear children. Prince William and Prince Harry, and to the royal family, our deep sympathy and heart-felt condoleoces," Weizman

The president met the princess of Wales during the 50th anniversary celebration of VE-Day. British Chief Rabbi Jonathan Sacks yesterday expressed the

Jewisb community's "sense of shock and grief." "A dazzling light has gone out of public life," be said. "For the young especially, the princess cap-

tured the mood of a generation." Referring to her high-profile campaigns for the homeless, AIDS sufferers and victims of land mines, he noted that she had "a natural rapport with the victims of

today's world". "Her empathy with the sick, the injured, the hungry and the homeless was transparent and moving, be said, "and at times she showed great courage in championing their cause

He hoped that her children would "find solace and comfort in the memory of one who touched the hearts of millions throughout the world".

Sacks has asked that special prayers be said recited for Princess Diana in all British synagogues next Shabbat.

Ambassador Moshe Raviv expressed the "deep sorrow" of Israel and sent his condolence to the family on "the loss of an outstanding personality."

Jay Bushinsky and Batsheva Tsur contributed to this report

A MICHAE

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BASEL Continued from Page 1

The current controversy is over dormant Jewish assets in Swiss banks or the wrangling over the administration of the humanitarian fund established six months ago with SFr 100 million from the three major Swiss banks.

However, Judith Stamm, president of the national parliament, said this is the time for the Swiss to confront their war-era past, including its role in promoting the J stamp on Jewish passports. "We want to correct the mistakes of the past if that is still possible," she said.

Stamm, who represented the Swiss government, also referred to political events in the Middle East, saying that Switzerland wished Israel well and knew it faced difficult decisions, but should "give peace a chance."

President Amold Koller and Foreign Minister Flavio Cotti, who did not attend the centennial events. are expected to receive the Knesset delegation, led by Knesset Speaker Dan Tichon, today in Bern.

Avraham Burg, head of the Jewish Agency and World Zionist Organization, gave a speech that was similar to the "Zionist" address of Prime Minister Binyamin Netanyahu. "We have a new enemy with no face, with no ideology, with no troops, no organizations," Burg said, speaking in English. "Our new enemy is assimilation."

The Zionist agenda 100 years after Theodor Herzl's congress, he said, was the struggle for spiritual survival and for Jewish education.

Herzl was an innocent when he said, "This country shall have no enemies," said Tichon, speaking in Hebrew. Instead, Tichon said, "the Arab nations have made every effort to destroy the Zionist cause from the Start."

Yet, he said, "Even with all the possibilities for peace, we must at every moment be ready to repel our

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By SHAI TSUR

Three-dimensional films act as the carnival sideshows of the cinematic world. The show itself may look threadbare and tacky, but that doesn't matter. The spectacle draws the crowds in. Since they first appeared in the early 1950s - one of many tricks movie makers came up with to compete with the popularity of television - 3-D films have appeared at various points throughout film history, offering audiences a chance to be thrilled

Local audiences can enjoy the best and worst of this genre at the Parliament Arts Festival of Three-Dimensional Film which runs through September 5 at the Tel Aviv Cinematheque. The festival features a range of 3-D movies through its various periods. Included are the "classics" of the 1950s to the selfreferential and campy spectacles of

According to festival producer Assaf Ashkenazi, the idea to screen a series of 3-D films came up when Parliament Arts decided to stage a unique film event in Israel.

Because of the rarity of these films and the technical issues involved in screening them, the idea proved quite daunting. "A lot of people said we wouldn't be able to pull it off," Ashkenazi said. "Bın we took the project and began looking for ways to get the material." The project took nearly a year. By searching the Internet, Ashkenazi and his crew found leads to a distributor of 3-D films in California and to Richard Haines, director of Run for Cover, the most recent cinematic 3-D film and the first in 12

"We wanted to build a program with enough variety in it that it could be termed a retrospective," he said. "We put in things from classics like House of Wax and Dial M for Murder to the movies of the '60s and '70s which best fit the description of cult films." The 3-D version of Alfred Hitchcock's 1954 Dial M for Murder serves as one of the festival's highlights. Although Hitchcock originally shot the movie in 3-D, it was distributed mainly in flat-screen format and has rarely

been screened in three dimensions. Director Haines served as the festival's guest of honor, introducing

Run for Cover. Released late last year, the film stars former TV Batman star Adam West in a campy spectacle about terrorists attacking New York. The film also features cameo appearances by several New York political figures such as Ed Koch and Al Sharpton.

Ashkenazi says the festival's organizers faced numerous technical challenges in mounting the retrospective. One of the biggest problems was choosing from among 30 different formats for 3-D movies. "We wanted to go with the system that provides the best effects with glasses that don't strain the eyes," he

Eventually, the festival organizers brought in a special screen and projector lenses, as well as 3-D glasses, which also proved difficult to find.

According to Ashkenazi, Haines provided the organizers with much technical help. "Richard was wonderful. The man came here and sat down with us and explained how all this works. He held 3-D workshops for our crew, explaining how to keep the effects in frame and in focus." Despite generally sloppy production values and grade-Z acting, 3-D films have managed to per-

sist for over 40 years. Ashkenazi credits their inherent spectacle for this. "I think the girnmick is the thing that draws the crowd," be said. "I don't think you could count any of these films as a cinematic masterpiece. They are fun films where you go in to the theater to enjoy the effects. They won't change your life, but you go in and are impressed."

Ashkenazi says he likes the films that are meant to be seen in 3-D. A good example is the 1981 piece Comin At Ya, whose paper-thin plot serves mostly as an excuse to have things jump out at the audience. Ashkenazi points out, however, that the festival has a little bit for everyone, including Hitchcock buffs.

Despite a general waning in 3-D moviemaking in recent years, the genre is far from dead.

Persistent but unconfirmed rumors have it that the Coen brothers are considering creating a threedimensional piece. In the meantime, Ashkenazi says the tremendous feedback and sold-out showings for the festival prove that the demand for good old-fashioned spectacle



'House of Wax,' starring Vincent Price, was Hollywood's first serious attempt to make a 3-D movie.

MOVIE REVIEW

A movie to 'Hyde' from

By ADINA HOFFMAN

: Jekyll & Ms. Hyde is a gender-bending, moderndress and purportedly comic rethinking of Robert Louis Stevenson's classic novel about the upstanding scientist who concocts a potion that transmogrifies him into his villainous double, the walking, talking embodiment of all his own darkest impulses. This time around, a smooth-faced young perfume developer, Dr. Richard Jacks (Tim Daly), a direct descendent of the "real" Dr. Jekyll, starts fiddling with the estrogen content in his greatgrandpa's formula and soon enough sprouts breasts.

Helen Hyde (Sean Young), the oversexed, conniving shrew of a career woman he becomes, wastes no time in plotting a way to take over Dr. Jacks's enore being hody, mind and soul. If she has her way he'll remain female forever. Needless to say, a broad slapstick hattle ensues for control of his/her chromosomes, and various elahorate computer effects are used to show him morphing into her and vice versa. Anatomical jokes abound, as do a host of disconcerting flip-flops between the genders. Dark mustaches, long fingernails and sexual organs appear and vanish before our eyes with uosettling regularity.

The Jekyll-Hyde format is, of course, nothing oew on screen (in

> DR. JEKYLL & MS. HYDE

Directed by David Price. Screenplay by Tim John & Oliver Butcher and William Davies & William Osborne. Suggested by Robert Louis Stevenson's novel The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll & Mr. Hyde. 90 minutes.

English dialogue, Hebrew subtitles. Parental guidance sug-

With Sean Young, Tim Daly, Lysette Anthony, Stephen Tobolowsky and Harvey Fierstein.

just the past few years, The Mask, The Nutry Professor, Mary Reilly and to some degree Multiplicity have all toyed with the same outline). While this latest transvestite version does contain some of the oddest and most perverse twists to date on the basic theme of Good vs. Evil - or ego vs. id - struggling

inside one person, the movie is far from the radical rethinking of gender roles the filmmakers seem jokingly to be attempting.

Inside every man there is a woman" is the hip "message" to which the script pays lip service. What this apparently feminist formulation overlooks, however, is the ravingly misogynistic are of the story. After all, Dr. Jacks spends the better part of the film trying to kill the woman inside him. And we're meant to applaud him for doing so: as played by Young (who has, in fact, always suggested an especially fineboned drag queen), Helen Hyde is a totally despicable cliche of a she-devil, a homicidal vamp with hroad shoulders and good legs, whose main mission in life is to castrate her creator. She's not a believably ambidous woman, so much as a man's fantasy/nightmare of an ambitious woman. hellbent on domination.

Loosen up, some readers may argue, this is a comedy - and screwhall comedies, from I Was a Male War Bride and Same Like It Hat to Priscilla Queen af the Desert, have always relied on the hlurring and even the stereotyping of hoth genders. True enough. And the precise problem with a film like



Richard Jacks (Tim Daly) undergoes his first metamorphosis.

with its aggressive comic approach: the crude sexual gags and "playfully" violent physical situations dreamed up hy director David Price and his team of screenwriters are notable only for their extreme hostility, and

Dr. Jekyll & Ms. Hyde rests their tacit insistence on the dangers of mixing masculine and feminine urges. Here, then, is where the real split personality comes in. Behind its lighthearted, just-kidding facade, Dr. Jekyll is one harsh, conflict-

An Austrian 'Porgy and Bess'

By MICHAEL AJZENSTADT

The focus of the Bregenz Festival, in the small Austrian L city at the western edge of the country, sandwiched between Switzerland and Germany on Lake Constance, is the stage on which the annual opera production is presented. The stage is on the lake. As the directors of the festival try to make an impact with each production, every opera remains on this sea stage for two years before the set is destroyed, paving the way for a new production.

Operas in Bregenz are presented without an intermission before a crowd of approximately 6,000 a night, many of whom arrive at the so-called theater in large boats from the adjoining cities and resorts on the lake. One boat after another docks by the stage and hrings the spectators who like opera and, even more so, enjoy a great show. Each of the producthan life at that, but not just the both Jews and blacks as personae This gigantic set was created by Ray Albert was a first rate Porgy, the box office at 00-43-5574-4076.

ing the monarchy."

sake of spectacle. Productions in Bregenz also have very clear social Four years ago, director David

Pountney and designer Stefanos Lazaridis presented a producion of Verdi's Nabucco that became a very clear history of the Jewish people, replete with Holocaust connotations that seot shivers down the spine of the German/Austrian-dominated audience. Two years ago, Pountney and returned with Lazaridis Beethoven's Fidelio in a stunning production that had very clear hints of a dictatorship regime and which, like Nabucco, ended with

good over evil. This year, renowned German director Gotz Friedrich came to present Gershwin's Porgy and Bess. An interesting choice. An opera written by a Jewish composer, capturing the essence of the black minority in the US, presented in a locale that several decades ago saw

its collapse and the triumph of

This Porgy and Bess was a grand production that had a lot to say about today's society without get-ting into didactic details. Cattish Row changed its locale and found itself in the shadow of a huge freeway which has been crushed in the middle, something like Los Angeles after the earthquake. And thus, by the lake and beneath the highway which leads to nowhere, scores of happy people lived in seemingly peaceful harmony. They play, they dance and sing, they play dice, they fish, and they know exactly what they want in life even when they can't afford it. These are happy folk living in a small community adorned with graffiti and two reminders of a better and richer world. One is the crushed highway; the other is a huge airline advertisement above the highway. It reads Somebody up there likes you." Up where exactly, and whom do they like are questions neither opera

nor production even tried to answer.

the colorful and uniquely designed costumes of Sue Willmington. Friedrich's direction focused more on large scenes than on characterization, and be managed to wow the audience with several such moments, especially in the storm that hits the small community and burns part of it Regular Bregenz audiences, who usually do not accept a production without a firecracker display in it, had to settle for real fire, which occasionally seemed to almost to swallow the audience. It was frightening, it was authentic, it was the real thing. It is hard to talk about musical

refinements in a production in which the sound reaches the audience through a massive loudspeaker system. That said, the orchestra was vivacious, playing Gershwin Afro jazz rhythms with enthusiasm, backed by an ensemble of steel drummers on stage which added to the overall flavor of the show. Among the extensive cast, Donnie

Hans Schavernoch and enhanced by not with a shabby goat cart as one usually expects, but with a modern vehicle and crutches to walk on stage. The real star of the production was Cynthia Haymon as Bess, encompassing with her large and colorful voice and incredible dramatic abilities the entire gamut of emotions in her powerful and sincere presentation - everything from love to hate, agony to ecstasy, hope to despair, spite to elation. Visitors to Bregenz can also enjoy

first-class productions of relatively unknown operas in the indoor theater by the open stage. This year it was Anton Rubinstein's The Demon, which rendered a powerful musical presentation in a rather disappointing and boring production. Next year it will be Montemezzi's L'amore dei tre re.

Porgy and Bess returns to Bregenz next summer (July 17 to August 18, 1998) with tickets (NIS 80 to NIS 400) going on sale on October 1. It is definitely worth the trip. You can order tickets by calling

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of the muse

Israeli children's shows beamed to US

Educational TV is exporting five of its most popular children's programs to a US cable channel beamed at expatriate Israelis and the US Jewish community. The shows are Parpar Nehmad (Pretty Butterfly), Erev Hadash (A New Eveoing), Bli Sodo! (No Secrets), Tik Tikshoret (Media File) and Kesher Mishpahti (Family Connection). They will be screened simultaneously on the East and West coasts.

Tel Aviv Cinematheque previews documentaries

Four new documentaries to be screened on Channel 8 over the winter will have their premieres at the Tel Aviv Cinematheque next weekend. They are The Jerusalem Quarter, about four young string players; Naw ... Everything's Angels about sculptor Ya'akov Dorchin; Moket and Arkadi about the friendship between a Russian and an Ethiopian immigrant, and Amos Gutman, about the celebrated filmmaker.

Representing Israel in China and Poland

The Israel Ballet will tour three cities in China in October as part of that country's international opera and hallet festival. The company will take the full-length Cinderella by artisuc director Berta Yampolsky, as well as her Harmonium, Balanchine's Symphony in C and one other work to Beijing, Shandu and Chenzin. The tour is being funded by the Israeli and Chinese government.

Kiddush, Shmuel Hasfari's hitter play of a family forn apart hy religion, will represent Israel at the Lublin Festival in Poland between October 8 and 12. The Beit Lessin production will have a benefit gala at ZOA House September 11 to help finance the trip. This is the first time Beit Lessin has represented Israel at an international festival.

Jazz at the Tel Aviv and Israel Museums

It's the seventh season of jazz at the museums but with a little difference. The organizers have put the focus on young up-andcoming musicians. The musical directors are saxophonist Walter Blanding and jazz writer Yossi Mar-Haim, who are presenting half a year of New York jazzpersons starting with trumpeter Marlon Jordan and singer Miles Griffith, who's sung with Wynton Marsalis. They're coming in November with a Salute to the Cotton Club, Harlem's famed nightclub of the '20s and '30s. They're followed by the Wycliffe Gordon and Ron Westray (trombonists) Sextet, Louis Hayes (drummer) Quintet who played with Oscar Peterson, singer Vanessa Ruhin, hassist Reginald Veal with Loston Harris on piano playing Coltrane, ending with the Eric Reed (piano) Trio. A season ticket costs NIS 480. Discounts for former subscribers and museum members.

Abu Ghosh tickets go on sale

Tickets for the 12th Abu Ghosh Vocal Music Festival (October 22-25) are already on sale and going fast. Music director Hanna Tzur has concocted a magical program of 16 concerts featuring such gems as the Rossini Stabat Mater, Puccini's Messa di Gloria, motets by Poulenc, Bernstein's Chichester Psalms, Saint-Saens's Christmas Oratorio, the Villa-Lobos Mass, and many other choral compositions. The best local singers and choirs participate in this biannual choral delight, as well as the Hanover Boys' Choir and a few other visiting musicians.

Michael Ajzenstat Michael Ajzenstadt

US posting for Israeli conductor

American-born Israeli conductor Steven Sloane, the music director of the Bochum Symphooy Orchestra in Germany with which he has won a prestigious German award for Best Programming, was appointed music director of the Spoletto Festival in the US. The conductor, who leads opera productions and concerts all over the the music director of the Tel Aviv Vocal Music Festival. Sloane will be in Israel November 30 and December 1 to lead the Israel Chamber Orchestra in a program of works by Mendelssohn, Ben-Zion Orgad and Oded Zehavi, the latter a new work for three alto singers as soloists: Mira Zakai, Edna Prochnik and Sloane's own significant other, Natasha Petrinski.

Poretsky to Norma's rescue

Jerusalem mezzo-soprano Susanna Poretsky flew to Stockholm last week to join the Royal Swedish Opera season opening production of Norma. Poretsky, replacing an ailing colleague, sings the role of Adalgisa, the Druid priestess who falls in love with the Roman proconsul Pollione, who already fathered Norma's two children. Poretsky returns to Israel in time to open the Jerusalem Symphony Orchestra season, September 25, singing the solo role in Mahler's third symphony. However, she had to cancel her performances with the Israel Sinfonietta Beersheba in the title role of Rossini's L'Italiana in Algeri (September 13, 16) and will be replaced by Galina Malinsky. Michael Aizenstadi

is George Harrison an old fogey?

They may revere and try to emulate the Beatles, but chart-husting Oasis doesn't impress George Harrison. He'd rather get out his old Boh Dylan records. To one of the former Fab Four, the younger quintet is "not very

interesting." Nor are U2 or Texas, for that matter, he says. "It's nice if you're 14 years old," the 54-year-old Harrison told the French daily *Le Figaro*. "I prefer to listen to Dylan." Besides, today's musicians are a bunch of "egocentrics," Harrison says. Will anyone remember U2 in 30 years? I doubt it. And the Spice Girls? I doubt it. The advantage they have is you can look at them and cut off the sound." As for the Beatles, "there are now whole generations of fans, from seven to 77 years old. That assures me and proves that the group has meaning and still lasts." Harrison was in Paris to help promote the latest alhum hy India's Ravi Shankar, Songs of India, produced hy Harrison.

Geena Davis and Renny Harlin call it guits

Geena Davis and her second husband, Finnish director Renny Harlin, are calling it quits after four years of marriage.

The actress filed for divorce Tuesday, citing irreconcilable differences. The couple broke up in April. They had no children. Davis and Harlin married on September 18, 1993, when the bride's

career was riding high on the film hits Thelma and Louise and A League of Their Own. She also won an Academy Award for her supporting role in 1988's The Accidental Tourist. She teamed up with Harlin in box-office bombs Cutthroat Island in 1995 and The Long Kiss Goodnight in 1996.



LAWN BOWLS IN RAMAT HASHARON; DRY BONES; ESRA EVENTS. 6.30 p.m.

Tevel - Tel Aviv - Dan Area Matay - Haifa Town Area

5.00 p.m. 7.30 p.m.

Netanya Area Idan - Central & Southern Area 7.30 p.m., 9.30 p.m.

Zahav - Dan & Sharon Areas

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Albright's unheeded advice

The US State Department is openly trying to lower expectations for Secretary of State Madelioe Albright's first visit to the region, pointing out that she is not "a magician." It is one thing for Albright to resist shouldering the eotire burdeo for breaking the current Israeli-Palestinian deadlock; quite another for her to allow Palestinian Authority Chairman Yasser Arafat to scrap the principled approach to the peace process she so recently put forth.

In ber landmark speech on US policy toward the Middle East on August 6. Albright called for "waging war on terror." In case there was any doubt as to her meaning. Albright spelled it out "identifyiog and seizing arms caches ... arresting and prosecuting those lovolved io planning, financing, supplying or abetting terrorism ... [and] doing everything possible to create a moral atmosphere in which advocacy of violence and terror withers away."

Within days, Albright had her answer from Arafat - not ooly would their be no wave of arrests like in March 1996 (a precedent she mentioned explicitly), but be convened a "unity conference" with Hamas and Islamic Jihad, the very groups that were supposed to be quaking in their boots from an Arafat-led crackdown. The pictures of Arafat kissing leaders of terrorist groups could not have been a more in-your-face rejection of the US demands for a "relentless" struggle against terrorism.

In ber speech, Albright cooditioned her Mideast swing on "some progress on security issues." Though there have been some inconclusive three-way (US-Israeli-Palestinian) meetings on security issues, the "unity conference" made a mockery of Albright's statement that "there can be no winks, no double standards, no double meanings, and with respect to the imprisonment of terrorists, no revolving doors." This time, Arafat did not even bother with the revolving door, be simply failed to arrest the major suspects.

Albright and can try and fudge the issue of whether there bas been progress or not as much as she likes, but the fundamental reality will not change: the US demanded that the Palestinians take the terrorist option off the table; Arafat respooded by oailing it smack in the middle, for

One might argue that Arafat is planning to crackdown on terror, but he is holding out for Israeli concessions first. But Albright berself rejected this approach, stating that "there is no room for using security cooperation as leverage in a negotiation." Albright also said that there can be "no moral equivalency between suicide bombers and bulldozers, between killing ionocent people and building houses." Both these priociples have been reflected in US policy by introducing at least a fig leaf of separation between security cooperation and the concessions that are being asked of Israel. The plan bas been, first the Palestinians fight terror, then Israel implements some form of a settlement freeze. This sort of separation io time between the two balves is a fig leaf, because it does oot really change the asymmetry of the deal oo the table: the Palestinians agree to stop violating their fundamental commitments in Oslo, while Israel agrees to a new concessioo to be added on

top of Oslo. If Albright gives in on the Palestinians moving on their part of the bargain before she arrives, even the fig leaf of the sequential approach is gone. In its place, Albright is reportedly planning to create political pressure on both sides by appealing directly to Israeli and

Palestinian public opinion. The clear implication of the go-over-theheads-of-the-leaders approach is that majorities on both sides want peace, while the leaders are being obstinate. The problem is that imposing even-banded pressure does not turn a lopsided deal into a fair one. More importantly, the deal violates the fundamental principle Albright herself enunciated of not allowing security cooperation to leverage Israeli concessions.

There are two steps to getting out of this jam. One is for Albright to tell Arafat that, despite the annouocement of a date for her visit, the trip will be postponed unless he takes the serious, visible steps against terrorism that the US bas demanded. This would be a bigh-stakes, confrontational approach, but if the US is serious about ending the see-saw approach to fighting terror, it is the way to go. The alternative is to wait and try the same thing after the next blow up, after US credibility bas been reduced by not sticking to its guns.

The secood step is to expect from the Palestinians something outside of security cooperation (which would be taken as a given) in exchange for the concessions demanded of Israel. The logical choice here would be the postponement of the second redeployment by six months so it coincides with the third and final redeployment. The result would be that both Israel and the Palestinians would be giving up part of their Oslo-granted ability to improve their territorial position in anticipation of a final status agreement. As a bonus, another potential source of breakdown in the process would be eliminated.

A few weeks ago, Secretary Albright could oot have laid out more clearly and cogeotly the ceotrality of the fight against terror to the survival of the peace process. She was right then and her argument still holds true today. Now, if only she would follow her own advice.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

DANGEROUS IDEA

Sir. - Stephen Rosenfeld came up with a bizarre solution to the problem of Arab terrorism and the stalled peace talks (Aug. 20.)

He quotes Dore Gold, Israel's delegate to the UN, who says, "tsrael made peace with Egypt and Jordan because no violence was allowed to hover over the peace negotiations. We can't allow violence with Arafat."

Mr. Rosenfeld agrees, and suggests that in the case of Egypt and Jordan, Israel was negotiating with recognized states - and that all Israel need do is to grant statehood to "the PLO - up front," and violence by Arafat would disappear.

Ohviously, Mr. Rosenfeld for-gets that Egypt, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, and iraq made war (the ultimate terrorism) when they were recognized states, and Israel still had to demand a "no terrorism" condition for peace.

Today, giving statehood to Arafat will result in Israel being used as a "burnt offering for peace." Our statesmen must learn from

Great Britain in the Falklands, the US in Kuwait. China in Hong Kong, and Jordan in "Black September." Mr. Rosenfeld's idea belongs to the dangerous "messianic catechism" of the Oslo-friendly media.

MORTON S. BAUM Ra'anana.

INTROSPECTION AND **SOUL-SEARCHING**

Sir, - Watching the 50th anniversary celebrations in India (a country with problems far more insoluble than ours!, I have been struck by the almost unanimous call - from everyone from politicians to people on the street - for introspection and soul-searching. They actually seem to want to discover where their country has gone wrong and to work toward solutions. The amount of self-criticism and realistic assessment the Indians have voiced is

very impressive. The Indians areintelligent, dynamic and perceptive. We are no less so, and we would do well, approaching our own 50th anniversary, to engage in our own introspection and soul-searching. We're all aware of where our country has gone wrong: our politicians are corrupt, our governments have no long-term plans and also oo accountability, our youth is hland, bored and ignorant, drug use and crime are rising, religious coercion is growing, patriotism is unfashionable, and we people on the street

don't give a damn about each other. No matter what happens, there will always be an India Unless we correct our terrible problems, we may not be able to say the same for much longer.

MARILYN MAGEN

3000 YEAR CONNECTION

Sir, - I must take exception with most of the points in Jonathan Rosenhlum's "Confrontation: The Whole Point," (Friday, August 15). However, there is one point I

would agree with, Mr. Rosenhlumis probably correct when he writes: "The most lapsed Italian Catholic still wants the Vatican to remain the Vatican. He would be outraged if a group of Protestant tourists were to come into St. Peter's Square and attempt

to conduct a revival meeting." However, the point is that women, Masorti and Reform Jews are not tourists from another faith. We are lews who have the same 3000-year-old emotional connection to the Kotel and Temple Mount as any other Jew. Why do you assume that we are not struck with awe and wonder the same as any other Jew when coming face to face with nearly 3000 years of Jewish history?

Why do you assume that a young woman coming to Jerusalem who knows nothing of Judaism will not find the same commitment that your young Yale student or backpacking friend did? ts it that only a commitment to Orthodox Judaism counts?

SUSAN RAND-LIKRITZ Kfar Vradim,

FROM OUR ARCHIVES

60 years ago: On September 1, 1947, The Polestine Post report-1937. The Polestine Post reported that tension eased after two days long majority report recomof violence during which claimed seven killed. Moshe Goldenberg. the mukhtar of Beit Alfa, had a narrow escape when he was shot at in Beit She'an.

The "Halifon" (Exchange) Company brought goods from Poland in accordance with a special agreement which allowed the transfer of Polish Jews' goods and capital to Palesune.

ed that the UN 50,000-wordmended to the UN Geograf Assembly that Palestine be constituted within two years into an economic union comprising from the Arab and Jewish States and the autonomous City of

Jerusalem. During the transition period the Administration was called upon to admit 150,000 Jews and suspend land-transfer restrictions in 50 years ago: On September 1, the Jewish State which would

include eastern Galilee, the

Coastal Plain and the Negev. 25 years ago: On September 1, 1972, The Jerusalem Post reported that Soviet pull-out from Egypt was virtually total. President Sadat was expected to launch a oew peace initiative. Soviet officials met with President Assad in an apparent effort to consolidate their pres-

Alexander Zvielli

The good news

YOSEF GOELL

I depart for this once from the regular fare of any self-respecting Israeli columnist who blanches at the very thought of commenting on anything but doom and gloom and the oext imminent catastrophe. Those who are booked on bad news and who are genetically programmed to run from good news as from fire, are officially excused from reading any further.

Those hooked on bad news are officially excused from reading any further

I have had little to do with hospitals throughout my half century's sojoum in this country, except through my wife who was in charge of the Hadassah Mt. Scopus's emergency ward for 14 years. Over the past two months I have had occasion to travel daily to Hadassah Ein Karem for radiotherapy treatment. A much greater shock than the photon zaps I received from my Cyclops-eyes linear accelerator was to be subjected day in, day out, to the ministrations of the staffs of Radiotherapy (and Oncology) departments who were excruciat-

ingly nice and caring.

For a veteran Israeli like myself who has survived, not unscarred, countless encounters with nasty Israeli bureaucracies and authority figures, the experience was at first confusing. But as the weeks went by it became an incoorrovertible

wish to beg your indulgence if fact that the staffs, from the physicians, through the nurses, the technicians, the secretaries and the floor swabbers, all deserved top marks in human relations.

This is oo mean feat, for a large proportion of the clientele of these departments tend to be scared to death; and while this turns some of them into especially meek specimens, others become downright omery if not aggressive. None of this behavior seemed to affect the extraordinary kindness of all the staff members.

The cynical half of my nature saw this as so extraordinary as be virtually unnatural - in the normal Israeli context, that is. I soon came to the oot unreasonable conclusion that there must have been some hidden process of selection and self-selection at work. Many other patients confirmed my conclusions that only a special sort of person with an unusually bigh "niceness and kindness" quotient, gravitated to work in these departments.

It should be stressed in this regard that most of the staff - with the exception of the physicians - were abominably underpaid, especially the new immigrant women from the former Soviet Union, who were being cynically exploited. But there was also a process of selection and training at work. When I shared these impressions with some of the doctors, they all named the current department head, Dr. Zelig Tuchner, as being primarily responsible for instilling and insisting on maintaining that atmosphere of kindness in the department. Since I was not his private patient I feel no compunction in giving public praise where praise is due.

In a broader all-Israel context, it was especially edifying to the pro-

Dry Bones



fessional Cassandra in me to realize that things could he made better in any Israeli institution if there are only enough determined people in charge who put a premium on carrying out their professional and managerial jobs while being nice to their customers, clientele or patients and to each other.

GOOD news seems to come in hunches. For the past three decades and more I have been addicted to going everywhere by car. For these nine weeks, however. I traveled daily back and forth across Jerusalem hy Egged hus. The Number 27 line which begins oear Damascus Gate, fills up with Palestinians, baredim, Sephardim from the Bukharan Quarter, an headed for the Central Bus Station, Hadassah staffers and outpatients. In short, a good crossRi

section of Jerusalem's population.
As opposed to the "common knowledge" that we Israelis are a particularly surly, if not nasty version of humanity, especially when we are crowded together and in a rush, I am pleased to report that during those nine weeks I never witnessed one instance of nasty or impolite behavior among the passengers or between them and the by-and-large pleasant and helpful

Can it be, asks a veteran opikores like myself, that the messiah is indeed on the way?

The writer comments on public

It's up to Arafat now

sraelis often view the choice between Hamas and Yasser Arafat as one between the devil and the deep blue sea. This wasn't quite the way the "Men of Oslo" saw it, of course. While Shimon Peres went about chasing rainbows towards a non-existent "New Middle East," the late prime minister Yitzhak Rabin, probably genuinely, believed that by embracing the PLO as a partner and going ahead with Israeli territorial withdrawals - even before a final peace agreement had been reached - this new "partner" would be able and willing to put a complete stop to

Palestinian violence and terrorism The enormity of their mistaken assumptions was borne out - tragically - by the spiraling curve of bloodshed in the years following the Oslo agreements. Though promising from time to time to take decisive action against terrorism, there has been scant evidence that he intended to put words into action.

What's more, if Arafat indeed intends, as many security officials now believe, to rekindle a major outbreak of violence - some sort of "intifada-plus" - in order to force Israel's hand in the peace process, he may well be purposely courting the Hamas and even the Islamic Jihad (though the latter is far from being one of his favorites) in order to place them in the fore-

front of the planned violence. Many ordinary Palestinians have, of course, every justification for being frustrated. They too were fobbed off with unrealistic and unrealizable prospects - a Palestinian state in all of the "West Bank" and Gaza as a minimum, with Jerusalem as its capital, the "right of return" to Israel or at least to the future ZALMAN SHOVAL

Palestinian state and, probably much more important to the average Palestinian, a drastic, overnight improvement in their economic lot. But far from bringing about immediate prosperity, the combination of rampant comption (described to me by one prominent Palestinian as "the worst anywhere in the Arab world"which is saying a lot), an inefficient bureaucracy, a "couldn't-care-less"

attitude in most of the Arab world and

even among large parts of the affluent

Except for a minority of Palestinian "doves" who genuinely accept a "two-state" solution and recognize Israel's right to exist, most of the rest, whether "moderates" or "extremists," see any agreement with Israel, including Oslo, only as an intermediate step towards its disappearance from the map.
Prime Minister Binyamin

these ultimate aspirations are:

Netanyahu bas termed Arafat's embrace of Hamas leader Abdul-

Arafat's embrace of Hamas could turn out to be the "kiss of death" to Arafat's leadership

Palestinian Diaspora - plus the inter-minent closures which Israel is forced to impose for security reasons, all these have not only destroyed Palestinians' dreams but also deprived many of their daily bread.

Small wonder, therefore, that an organizatioo like Hamas, amply financed by well-wishers in Saudi Arabia and groups and individuals in the West, has been able to step into the breach. Hamas distributes alms to the needy, supports children's schooling and often provides otherwise unohtainable medical aid - all this and (Moslem) heaven too!

THE PALESTINIANS' ultimate political aspirations would never have been fulfilled even under the previous Labor government - and former secretary of state Henry Kissinger in an important article recently makes it very clear what Aziz Rantisi a poteotial "kiss of death" to the Middle East peace process - but it could turn out to be the "kiss of death" to Yasser Arafat's own leadership as well. In courting the Hamas and the Islamic Jihad, he seems to be throwing prudence to the wind even in face of the warnings of some of his own security advisers

who understand that Hamas will exploit the Palestinian Authority's welcome-mat to garner ever greater popularity and influence amongst the Palestinians. After all, their reasoning goes, the Hamas's real aim is oot to praise Arafat but to hury him (at least in political terms) - so why accord it increasing political legitimacy?

But what Arafat's games - some would say double-games - put at risk more than anything else is the

very future of the peace process, jeopardizing not only what his people could achieve in honest and realistic negotiations with Israel but also all that they have already achieved since Madrid.

True, not least as a result of Arafat's own mistakes, some of the terms of reference for a final peace settlement with Israel bave changed since the days of Oslo, but if he persists in his present stance, he will increasingly find himself in a lose-lose situation both with regards to Hamas and vis-a-vis Israel.

One might, of course, ask whether, giveo their record so far, it is in Israel's best interest to help Arafat and the PA? The answer to that is a qualified "Yes." If they start acting like credible partners, fulfilling all their contractual obligations - especially in the security and anti-terrorism field - and at the same time making good their commitment to finally abolish the Palestinian Charter which calls for the destruction of Israel, there is no doubt that the result would be quicker and better progress in the political negotiations, and closer

cooperation in the economic field. It's up to Arafat to decide; deluding his people and perhaps himself that Washington, the Europeans, the Arab states or even Israel's Labor Party will bail him out, will get him nowhere. And though, he may in the short run have to pay a political price for getting serious about combating terrorism, in the long run this is the only way to bring peace and prosperity to his people.

The writer is a former Likud MK and ambassador to Washington.

the British were upset when they

lost the American colonies, and, in

Russian chutzpa

Te are about to enter the most important foreign policy debate the US has had since the Gulf War. One might say - given the near pathological indifference Americans have developed toward affairs foreign the first foreign policy debate America has had since the Gulf War. No matter. We had better get

other than ourselves. The issue is NATO expansion. It ought to be an easy call. After all we woo the Cold War, and the Cold War was largely about control of Central Europe. How perverse, after 50 years of trying to wrest it free from Russian control, to now disdain our winnings at the

used to thinking of something

cashier's window. Moreover, the Poles, the Czechs and the Hungarians, allowed finally to express themselves, have declared loudly their unequivocal

desire to join the West. So what is the problem? Russia. Even pro-Western Russians warn that NATO expansion is an act of encroachment, a threat to a Russia that thought it had finally become a partner of the West Alexei Arbatov, a pro-democracy Duma member, writes plainovely that while he and his colleagues have cooperated with the West, "nobody took the trouble to warn Russians that NATO, the most powerful military alliance in the world, would start Freedom points out, NATO expan-

CHARLES KRAUTHAMMER

moving toward Russian borders." There is irony in this Russian complaint. In May, Russia signed a treaty that effectively absorbs its western neighbor, Belams, I do not recall Russia consulting with the West about thus moving the Russian defense frontier 350 miles west, indeed, to within 80 miles of

sion will once and for all remove the ambiguity surrounding the status of Central Europe.

Stability through finality. NATO expansion defines the place of central Europe. It is no longer to be a buffer between Russia and the West, manipulated and bullied into complying with the wishes of its Warsaw. Yet that same Russia is powerful eastern neighbor. It is no

NATO expansion defines the place of central Europe

alliance - with popular consent and without annexation - expand-

But more important than the chutzpa is the illogic of the Russian position. It rests on the assumption that NATO expansion into Poland (and the others) is a

threat to Russia. Ask yourself this: Is Poland a threat to Russia, or is Russia a threat to Poland?

DISPUTES over the status and stability of Central Europe have been at the heart of the three world wars of this century. (The Cold War was World War III). As Peter Rodman of the Nixon Center for Peace and

now objecting bitterly about the longer to be camped, as one wit put it, looking back on Poland's bistory, in the passing lane of the interstate bighway connecting Russia and Germany. It will be part of the

West - where it wants to be. As for the threat to Russia, this is sheer nonsense. Neither Poland, nor NATO through Poland, has any designs on Russia proper Russia lost its empire, but its homeland is secure. Only Hitler repeated Napoleon's folly, and no one is about to repeat Hitler's. Russia's concern is, in fact, not about its homeland but about its vanished empire. NATO expansion means the definitive end to the Soviet imperium's westernmost domain

this century, everything else. But that gave the British oo claim on their former dominions nor trumps their former colonies' wish to follow their own destinies.

Hence the final argument of expansion opponents: They concede that Russian fears are either irrational (if sincerely felt) or disingenuous tif merely a nostalgia for empire) - and then capitulate to them. To trample Russian desires and ignore her claims, they say, is to jeopardize democracy in Russia and, in particular, to undermine those democrats in Russia who have been advocating closer ties with the West

More nonsense. Democracy will rise or fall in Russia the way it does in other countries. The outcome will depend on whether its economic system (presently bandit capitalism) and political structure (presently authoritarian democracy) satisfy the material and social needs of the people. Foreign policy comes - there, as

in the US - very low on the list. NATO expansion will have only the most marginal effect on the evolution of Russian democracy. But it will have a decisive effect on European stability. We mustn't pass up this chance 10 achieve it.

This upsets the Russians. Well, (Washington Post Writers Group)

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Sunday, August 31, 1997

Running on Full

When Good News Is Bad For Politics

By RICHARD L. BERKE

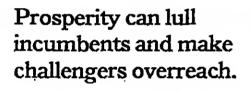
OW sweet it is!" drawled V. Earl Dickinson, a state legislator from Mineral, Va. This November, unlike two years ago, and two years before that, Mr. Dickinson faces no opposition. In fact, in his 26 years in office, he has never seen voters so "really happy."

"I keep on going to the funerals, going to the weddings and showing up at all the different places," the 73-year-old Democrat said. "But the pressure is not there, so I can sit back."

Poodle skirts aren't back yet, but to hear it from incumbents, the happy, even carefree, circumstances of the Eisenhower era are: Profits are up. Unemployment is down. And, notwithstanding the stock market's gyrations, the news seems only to get better. Just last week, the Government reported that the economy grew at a much faster clip during the spring than anticipated.

But good times are not always good for American politics. Good times make for complacent incumbents. And they lead challengers, in their desperate hunt for issues, to engage in excesses that detract from legitimate criticisms of their opponents.

Make no mistake, it is hard to campaign amid prosperity. Ruth W. Messinger, who is expected to win the Democratic mayoral nomination in New York next week and then to challenge Mayor Rudolph W. Giuliani in November, knows that as well as anyone. Ms. Messinger last week raised the critical issue of decrepit and overcrowded public schools. But, straining for attention, she overreached in her first television commercial; it featured a staged scene of a class being taught in a



crowded bathroom. Her efforts fell even flatter with the subsequent disclosure that for the first time in seven years, the city's schools had more new classroom spaces than new students.

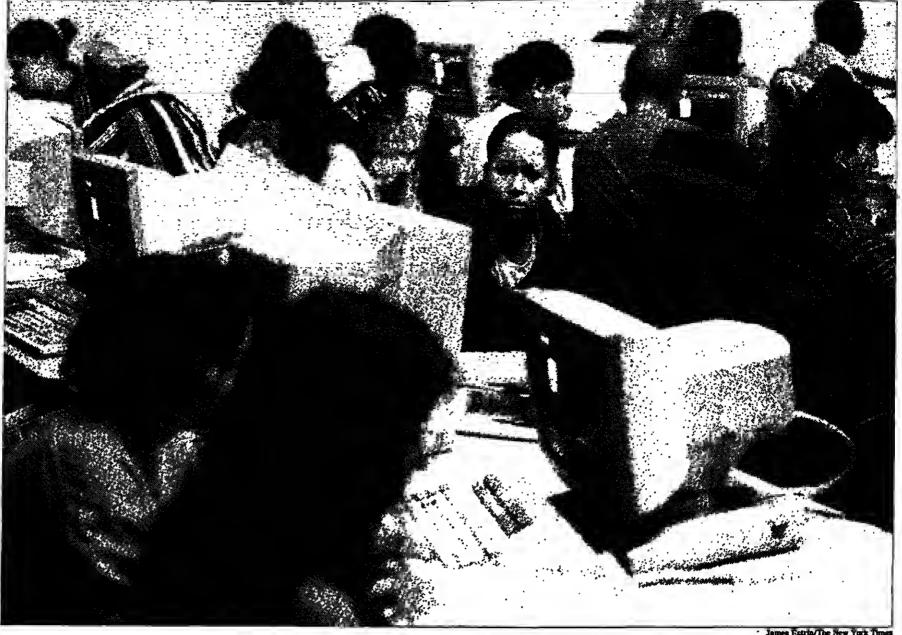
The higgest beneficiaries of a thriving economy (besides the wealthy investors who helped bankroll the campaigns last year) are President Clinton and, by extension, Vice President Al Gore, who hopes to run in 2000 on the theme of prolonging the prosperity. The Republicans who control Congress are also well positioned if the economy bolds. The longer voters are satisfied, the less incentive they have to upset the status

What would Mr. Clinton's campaign theme have been in 1992 had he not seized on the gloom about the economy? Had the economy been in better shape, Mr. Clinton may have found himself in the predicament faced by Walter F. Mondale in his 1984 campaign against President Ronald Reagan — that is, trying with no success to convince voters that they were living on the hrink of "an economic Dunkirk."

In announcing last week that he would not run for Governor of Massachusetts next year, Representative Joseph P. Kennedy 2d demonstrated the difficulty of staking out issues when the economy is humming. Had he run, he said, a central tenet of his campaign would have been that "our economy is growing today, but we can't be so content with things as they are."

That hardly sounds like a rallying cry. But politicians are unaccustomed to straining for issues. For so long, they saw their role as diagnosing ills that face the nation - from nuclear war to recession to welfare abuses - and then fighting over remedies. Now, without galvanizing issues, people are becoming even more isolated from government, and elected officials face

Continued on Page 3



the state of the s

College enrollment is expected to grow 14 percent in coming years. Students at Manhattan Community College crowd a room to register for courses by computer.

Rationing Higher Education

Why College Isn't for Everyone

By KAREN W. ARENSON

ELFARE has had to change. Health carehas had to change. The corporate world. has had to change. Now it's higher educa-

In the same way that America is having to make hard choices about distributing finite resources in those other areas, so it is being forced to decide whether what passes for a college education today is worth the price, and whether society can afford degrees for all who want or think they need one.

The crunch is coming, especially for public unive sities, because states are putting brakes on highereducation spending just as the children of baby boomers are projected to swell enrollment by 2 million, to 16.4 million, by the year 2006. The result, from the City University of New York with 200,000 students to the University of California with 185,000, is new debate on who should go to college and why, the quality of what is offered, and academic productivity.

"For a century, this has been a growth industry," said Arthur Levine, president of Columbia Teachers College. "Now government is saying, we have lots of priorities, like health care and prisons, and we can't afford to put another nickel into higher education, and we're going to ask lots of questions."

A \$180 Billion Industry

Since World War II, a major aim of public policy has been to make higher education more available, and it has succeeded remarkably. Today two-thirds of all high-school graduates go on to college, nearly 80 percent into public systems. President Clinton would like to make two years of college as universal as high school.

But while educating the elite few was cheap, educating the many is expensive. As college has become more central to society, higher education has grown into a \$180 hillion industry, nearly 3 percent of the economy. from \$2.4 hillion, less than 1 percent, 50 years ago.

That growth attracted the attention of state legislators in the early 90's, as tax revenue fell and pressure to cut spending grew. From 1990 to 1994, higher-education spending declined from 14 percent of state budgets to 12.5 percent, according to the Center for the Study of the States at the Rockefeller Institute in Albany. To make up the difference, tuition climbed.

While many states have begun to spend more again, some educators predict that the growth will be limited and carefully monitored. Despite the coming surge in enrollment, said David W. Breneman, an economist and

A new boom in enrollment is about to collide with society's ability to pay.

dean of the Curry School of Education at the University of Virginia, "I think the growth rate will be grudging."

The public pressure on budgets comes even as more Americans see college as a necessity and a right. In a CBS News poll this mouth, 75 percent of the 1,307 people questioned said college is needed to get ahead in life, compared with 49 percent in 1978; 86 percent said that "every capable person has a right to receive a college education, even if he or she cannot afford it."

But as Americans demand more education, they are divided over paying for it. In the CBS poll, which had a margin of error of plus or minus three percentage points, 48 percent of the respondents said the Federal Government was responsible for insuring that every qualified person gets a college education, but 47 percent

said it was not. Similarly, 47 percent said that the cost of a college education is justified by what people get out of while 40 percent disagreed.

Like health care, higher education faces sentiment that the private sector should do more and government less, that public institutions are bloated, that technology should cut costs. So as more people enroll, public systems grow as targets for politicians and voters.

Nowhere is that more evident than in New York. where admission to the City University of New York is guaranteed to anyone with a high school diploma or its equivalent. Gov. George E. Pataki and Mayor Rudolph W. Ginliani criticize CUNY for spending too much effort community-college students.

Open Admissions at What Cost?

The city university's trustees have asked questions going to the heart of the debate: the purpose of the public system. Is it there to get all citizens launched according to their needs — whether studying engineering, learning English or mastering high-school math?
Or is its responsibility to maintain high standards?

"CUNY is the last artifact of the people who created open admissions, where the notion of open access for all continues to be celebrated," Carl T. Hayden, chancellor of the New York State Board of Regents, said recently. "The tradeoff is, if you really are committed to access for all, you are going to be admitting people who are not ready to do college work."

CUNY is approaching a crossroads, he said, but so is all of higher education, "because in large measure, issues of quality have not been addressed."

Some CUNY trustees long for a return to the days when fewer people went on to college and City College drew educated second-generation immigrants who couldn't afford private colleges and Jews, who faced

Continued on Page 4

Is Zionism Nationalism? Reconciling a secular vision with a Messianic fervor. By Roger Cohen

Pensions in Peril? Social Security isn't so secure.

By Craig R. Whitney

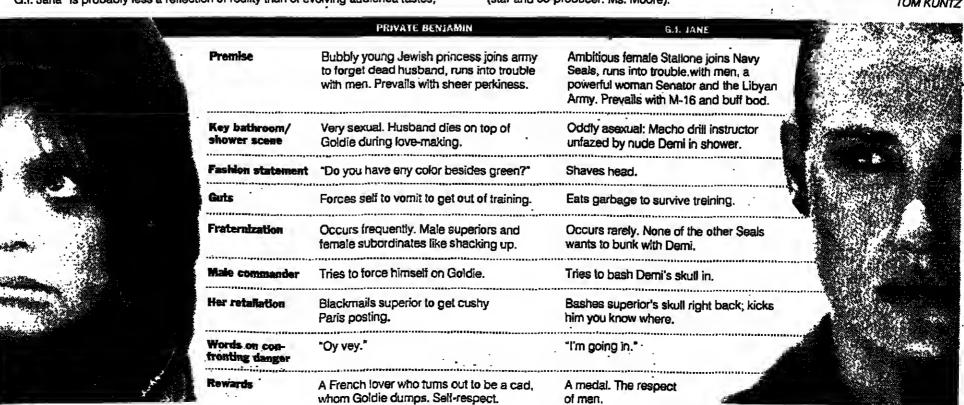
Didacticism Redux You're invited to a mass meeting on self-help. By Frank Bruni

Hollywood Women Go to War

War is hell, but how has it changed with the integration of women into the military? Who the heck knows? Hollywood sure doesn't, says the Pentagon, which has panned Demi Moore's new film, "G.I. Jane."

"G.I. Jana" is probably less a reflection of reality than of evolving audienca tastes,

which, to judge from an earlier popular movie about female soldiaring, have changed considerably aince the 1980's. For fun, the chart below contrasts the 1980 comedy "Private Banjamin" (star and producer: Goldie Hawn) with the brutal, action-packed "G.I. Jane" (star and co-producer: Ms. Moore).



Nationalism With A Zionist Twist

WEEKLY REVIEW

By ROGER COHEN

BASEL, Switzerland HINGS were falling apart in Europe when the first Zionist Conference gathered in this Swiss city on Aug. 28, 1897, and resolved 100 years ago today to create a Jewish homeland in Palestine. The Emperor Franz Josef still ruled in Vienna, as he had for the previous half century, but new nationalisms were eating at the static heart of bis multi-ethnic empire. The Hapsburgs - like the Ottomans, the Romanovs and the Hohenzollerns were about to pass into what the Viennese writer Stefan Zweig later called "the world

Just how explosive the unraveling of the ancien régime would be was unimaginable to the 200 delegates who gathered in Basel 100 years ago. But it is painfully obvious now. Nationalism, in the words of the histo-

In Israel, a Messianism foreign to Herzl's nationalism.

rian Jacob Talmon, has proved "the most effective factor in the modern world." In fact, the violeot unrest in the Balkans today looks like the last gasp in a protracted Austro-Hungarian and Ottoman death.

So maybe it was inevitable that a centenoial meeting on Zionism in Basel last week would focus on whether Jewish nationalism was different from any other nationalism. If it was similar in its origins, was it also similar in its capacity for myth-driveo excess, in its readiness to use the story of its cooception to justify the violent acts of the presect?

In the beginning Zionism was certainly a response to other nationalist movements. Theodor Herzi, the Viennese journalist, brought the 200 delegates to Basel in 1897 to discuss the danger to the Jews that lurked in the looming fragmentation of the Austro-Hungarian empire in which he and over one million other Jews lived.

If the old God-given imperial order was passing - with its autocracy and its slothful multi-national tolerance - and if the spread of education, communication and social mobility was ushering in a new era of nation states, what would happen to the Jews in these new nations? How, for example, was a German-speaking Jew in Bohemia to respond to Czech nationalism?

Herzl's answer, laid out in his eerily prophetic book of 1896, "The Jewish State," was that Jews would have no security in the emergent modern world. Jews, whether poor or rich, would always be seen as stereotypes: the strident socialist, the successful salesman. "One thing is clear," Herzi wrote. "Everywhere, your bear the same air, which may be summed up in the classic Berlin formula: 'Juden Raus' - 'Jews

And so began the push for a Jewish state, what the first Zionist Congress called a "homeland in Palestine secured by public law." It was created by means that were, in the view of historian Miroslav Hroch of Prague University, largely the means of other oationalist movements. "If Zionism was the constitution of the Jewish nation," Mr. Hroch sald, "then its methods also had much in common with other nationalist

Thus, Zionism involved the shaping of a secular identity from an old religious identity. It involved the quest for self-determination of a non-dominant ethnic group. It sought - through a flag, an anthem and other symbols — to forge, even invent, a sense of a community among very different people - some living in semi-feudal conditions in Russia and others as emancipated as Herzl himself. Zionism cultivated an association with a historic territory - Palestine - and offered a galvanizing vision of a utopian future.

And in undertaking this daunting objective, Zionists sought to exploit the interests of one of the Great Powers. Zionists knew that Britain was interested in having a Jewish presence in Palestine as a means to destabilize the Ottoman empire.

But Zionism was critically different from other nationalist movements. There was no common language. "Who amoog us," asked Herzl contemptuously, "speaks eoough He-brew to buy a railway ticket using this language?" Another, more critical difference was that the Zionist project involved not the carving of national borders through mixed European populations - treacherous enough in itself and cause of several wars including the latest fighting in the Balkans - but a massive displacement of Jews from



Many rabbis have spurned the secular vision of a Jewish borneland. In 1994, Rabbi Moshe Hirsch of the Orthodox and anti-Zionist Neturei Karta sect welcomed P.L.O. Chairman Yasser Arafat to Jericho.

Europe to a Palestine inhabited by Arabs. A third difference was that Herzl, with his rational and secular convictions, specifically eschewed recourse to any divine justification for his nationalist movement. He was nothing like the Croatians who talk today of defending a "Catholic frontier" against barbarism, or like the Serbs who view themselves as a "celestial people" with a Godgiven mission to beat back Islam going back to the Battle of Kosovo in 1389.

In fact, it was precisely Herzl's secularism, his sharp focus on practical measures, that led many rabbis to spurn his movement as an attempt to create through human organization a deliverance that they thought should be divine - a fact that lends some irony to the religious and providential tones of much Israeli nationalism today.

Therein, it seems, lies the twist. The return to Zion - the hill in Jerusalem on which the "City of David" stood — and the repeated battles with the Palestinians

fought there have inspired a Messianism foreign to Herzl's nationalism. To many delegates at the centennial conference, Zionism had succeeded - albeit too late for six million European Jews - in its essential aim of the establishment of a Jewish state, only to be frustrated by excesses that are common to all other oationalist movements.

"Zionism's agenda today must involve insistence on the same rights for others as we demand for ourselves," said Yehuda Bauer, a historian. "It requires the separation of church and state in Israel, In short, Zionism must still work on what Herzl prescribed. These are difficult adjustments, but they are preferable to more conflict,"

The Jewish Question, Settled

Of course, Israel's very existence as the democratic and participatory state that Herzl imagined insures that Europe's latest seismic shift - the end of the cold war and the break-up of former Communist states does not leave Jews marooned. The Russianspeaking Jewish Communist in Kazakhstan today bas somewhere to go, unlike the Jews of the new and unstable national states of Europe in the 1920's and 1930's.

Zionism has not yet, as Herzl hoped, brought peace. But it bas resolved the Jewish question, the question of where the Jews should go, in the way that any nationalism does: through the backing of a national identity with credible force. The Jew need no longer be passive before remarks like that of the British diplomat who, asked in 1935 to define anti-Semitism, replied, "An anti-Sem-Ite is a person who dislikes Jews more than is natural."

In this sense the Jew is better off today than a Yugoslav, any person of mixed Slavic descent left homeless and soulless by the delirium of Messianic Balkan nationalism, the final spasm of the European upheaval that Herzl foresaw.

Iapanese Parenting

Introducing a Child to the Culture of Shame









By NICHOLAS D. KRISTOF

APANESE children are amazing. It is impossible to be an American parent in Tokyo without feeling a mix of curiosity and envy at the improbably angelic tots who inhabit kindergartens in Japan, who sit in restaurants without trying to unscrew the salt shakers, who walk by Ice cream stands on a hot summer's day without citing an inalienable right to a cone.

So when the chance came, I decided to try my hand at parenting Japanese style. My five-year-old, Gregory, was playing by the swings when he suddenly dove into the dust and emerged m show me the treasure in his palm. It was a 100-yen coln, worth a bit less than a dollar.

Wheo Japanese children find coins on the street. their parents often take the child to the local police box to turn it in as 'found property."

I vowed to do the same. Gregory would be thrilled, and maybe the episode would help teach him the concept that finders are not always keepers. Who knows? He might even turn into an angel like most of his Japanese

The striking thing about the angellc qualities of Japanese childreo is how well the halo survives into adult-

Japanese society is remarkably honest by international standards. A foreigner can get into a taxi in Tokyo and explain that he doesn't know the area and still count on getting to the destination by a direct route; once there, the driver will even pick out the correct fare from a proferred handful of currency.

How does a society inculcate such bonesty? It has a lot to do with a culture of shame. Social

pressure means that Japanese parents cannot drive a dirty car around the neighborhood or wear an old T-shirt when taking their kids to school, and the same pressure keeps them from writing bad checks. As a result of such pressures, Japan has a very low murder rate but a fairly high suicide rate. When the Japanese get fed up, they don't kill their neighbors, as in America. Instead, they kill themselves.

Japan imbues rigorous notions of propriety into children from an early age. No one here debates whether values can be taught. Society operates on the assumptioo that they not only can be taught but must be. And the teaching starts the first time a child finds a coin on

O the day after Gregory found that 100-yen coin, we went to deposit it in the local police box. A stocky young policeman with trim hair and piercing eyes stood there, and I pushed Gregory toward him. We explained our mission, and the policeman nodded sagely and pulled out a "found property"

"When did you find the coin?" the policeman asked

"Yesterday," Gregory squeaked.

"What time?" That stumped Gregory, who could not really tell time, but we decided that he had found it about 5:50 p.m. The questions went on and the policeman estab-

lished Gregory's address, occupation and the precise location in Arisugawa Park where he had found the coin. Then the policeman telephoned some kind of central office to explain gravely that a citizen had turned in a 100yen coin; he received an administrative record oumber for the found property.

Then, he praised Gregory's bonesty, gave us a re-

When the Japanese get fed up, they don't go out and kill their neighbors, as in America. Instead, they kill themselves.

ceipt and told us that in a bit more than six months we could claim the coin if no one else had claimed it.

The police officer probably spent 30 minutes handling the matter. A cynic might call this kind of procedure a colossal waste, particularly since parents sometimes bring in kids with smaller coins, sometimes even a one-yen coin, worth less than a penny. But the Japanese see it as an investment in honesty. As I walked out of the police station with a bearning Gregory I was convinced that it was a brilliant idea. But nothing is as simple as it seems.

Three days later. Gregory was walking home from the kindergarten when he suddenly leaped into the shrubbery and emerged with a 10-yen coin, worth less than a dime.

"Let's go to the police station!" he suggested, his face brimming with excitement.

Gregory started finding coins right and left and demanding that we go turn them in. The policeman had been very patient the first time, but I thought that if we went in every few days with a small coin and asked the

police officers to fill out all the forms, they might be inclined to arrest Gregory.

Fortunately, Gregory's Japanese kindergarten began collecting money for the poor, with the stipulation that donations had to be from the kids themselves, not from their parents. So I told Gregory that it would be okay if he donated the coins he had found to the poor people, and he seemed only slightly confused about why it was suddenly all right to give away money that previously I had emphasized was not his.

I began to realize that teaching Japanese-style values is harder work than it seems.

Going to the police station to turn in the coin had been my disingenuous way of teaching Gregory honesty, and be appeared to realize this. Disingenuousness perhaps was not the best way to teach honesty. f still thought that the system of taking children to the police station to turn in coins was a good way to teach values, but perhaps not if the child had eyes as keen as Greg-

INCE I put Gregory off when he suggested going back to the police station, he stopped looking for coins so enthusiastically. He found a few, which I put aside, suggesting that we collect them to take to the police station all together, and in the end he forgot about them.

But this summer, a bit more than six months after he had turned in the 100-yen coin, we went back to the police station to inquire about it.

The pollceman checked the records, announced that no one had claimed the coin, and handed it over to Gregory with a compliment about his hooesty. Gregorybeamed mightily. But a week later, he suddenly fell to the ground and picked something up.

"Daddy!" he shouted, thrilled. "A coin!"

THE HEAL SAULULE ----

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Ideas & Trends

In Europe, Too, Social Security Isn't So Secure

By CRAIG R. WHITNEY

PARIS HE "contract between the generations" that underlies most national pension systems in Europe, as well as Social Security in the United States, is headed inexorably for trouble, in less than a decade in many countries.

When the post-World War II baby boom generation retires, younger generations may not be able to keep their part of the hargain. In most developed countries, people are living longer while having fewer children, spelling disaster for "pay as you go" pension systems that tax current workers to finance the retirement of their elders.

The problem is even more acute in Europe than in America, because Europeans rely more heavily on government pensions. And Europeans of the generations that experienced World War II and its aftermath regard the generational contract as part of a sacred commitment to eliminate the economic insecurities and injustices that helped spawn that conflict.

In a hedonistic, materialistic age that takes peace for granted, "pay as you go" pension systems are soon going to require young people to sacrifice a good part of their own well-being to keep their elders living in style. Will they want to?

Don't Bet on It

Don't bet on it, according to the 29-nation Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development in Paris, which is encouraging its members to start thinking now about switching to pension systems financed by investment plans. Switching isn't easy.

This week voters in New Zealand will start going to the polls in a referendum asking whether the country should move to a compulsory retirement savings plan and gradually give up the tax-based system that has provided pensions for the past 100 years.

The referendum may fail because of fears that mandatory retirement savings would cancel out tax cuts promised by the conservative coalition elected last year. But New Zealanders are not alone in their reluctance to bite the bullet.

In 1995, when a conservative Government in France announced that it would require locomotive engineers on the state-operated railways to work beyond the age of 50 - like everyone else — before they could collect pensions, a national transportation strike shut down the country until the Government backed off. Most people, according to polls, supported the strikers, thinking the Government was trying to weasel out of a halfcentury-old commitment to public servants.

This June, the French replaced the conservative Government with a Socialist one that immediately canceled tax incentives for private retirement investment plans.

The French system, too, is headed for trouble. French pensions pay retirees about 70 percent of their average wages. Right now, with about three workers for every person drawing a pension, financing pensions requires an average payroll tax of about 25 percent of gross salary, with employers paying more than employees.

Pure Pain

But in the year 2015, France will have only two workers per retiree; by 2030, according to recent projections, 30 million French workers and their employers will be expected to finance pensions for 18.6 million retirees. Pure "pay as you go" would mean pure economic pain for those paying.

The curve is similar in Japan and Germa-

ny, Italy and most other European countries except Britain, where since the 1980's 5.5 million people have opted out of the state system, taking advantage of tax incentives offered by Conservative governments to encourage private investment plans.

Prime Ministers Margaret Thatcher and John Major may have been able to change pensions, but they never tried seriously to do away with cradle-to-grave socialized medicine in Britain because people loved it too much. Continental Europeans feel much the same about their pension systems, which eliminated one of the main causes of social insecurity in the first half of the century.

In Germany, rimaway inflation and the two world wars twice destroyed the entire life savings that earlier generations had counted on to pay for their retirements.

In France, the trauma of defeat, the German occupation and collaboration in World War II - and pressure from the Communist Party, which emerged as a leader of the Resistance — created a powerful demand for a system of postwar social solidarity that, like the rest of the welfare state, would heal past divisions.

Fifty years later, the French and other Europeans consider their social benefits as rights, and governments, mindful of the French experience in 1995, are skittish about paring them. The result is that in most countries, few people are even aware of the looming gap in pension funding.

Government pensions are costly, and younger workers may be unwilling to pay.

Experience of the second secon

The most obvious solution is what Conservative governments did in Britain: encouraging people to provide for themselves, using Social Security as a fallback. But people can feel abused when, as in Britain, governments change and the incentives for private investment are reduced.

For continental Europeans, that strategy is too harsh in any event. People who invest their savings wisely or with a bit of luck could end up living high off the hog, while others, they fear, could end up with less.

Another possible solution is to reduce benefits. In Germany, where pensions already take 20.3 percent of every salary (shared evenly between employers and employees), Chancellor Helmut Kohl's coalition has proposed gradually letting pension benefits erode from the current level of 70 percent of a person's last net salary, to 64 percent by 2030. But the Social Democratic opposition has so far blocked any change. In the United States, where Social Security takes 10 per-cent of salaries, split evenly between employees and employers, benefits are just over 40 percent of average earnings.

Some economists suggest that the retirement age, now 65 in most countries with "pay as you go" systems, should be gradually raised to 70 to keep enough money flowing in to stave off bankruptcy. But by far the preferred solution, according to Douglas Fore, an O.E.C.D. economist, is to switch to fully funded investment systems.

Chile did that in 1981 on the day most people around the world celebrate as Labor Day, May 1.

Passing the Buck

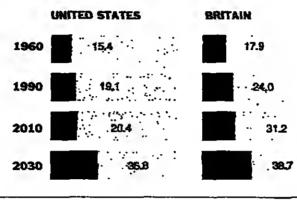
And today, 93 percent of Chile's population participates in a system that allows employees to contribute 10 percent of their annual salary, up to \$20,000 a year, into one of 15 retirement investment funds under Government supervision.

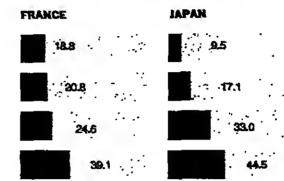
José Pinera, the architect of the plan, said recently that he had persuaded authorities in Argentina, Peru and Colombia to move toward similar systems, and that Mexico, Bolivia and El Salvador were headed that way. But in countries with less dynamic eco-

nomic growth, as a recent OECD study put it, There are no painless solutions. The younger generation will have to pay the bulk of the costs one way or another.

Longer Lives, **More Retirees**

Increased life expectancies for baby boomers around the world will mean more people collecting government pensions but fewer workers to pay for them. A look at people over age 65 as a percentage of the working-age population, and projections for the future. Source, Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development



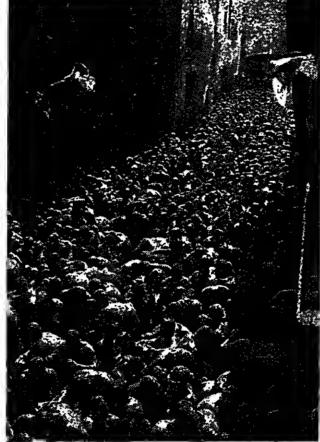




Pulp Nonfiction

The Running of the Tomatoes





Sauced: revelers at La Tomatina in Buñol, Spain. So what if the town's history has little to do with tomatoes?

By AL GOODMAN

BUNOL, Spain N Wednesday, as on the last Wednesday of August every year, the village square of Buñol turned red in a giant food fight with ripe tomatoes. Upwards of 20,000 people pelted one another for an hour — and, before and after, bought food and drinks and acted like tourists.

The sticky frenzy is called La Tomatina. It has attracted television cameras from abroad and listings on the Internet. A restaurant named Tomatina opened last year in St. Helena, Calif., decorated with a photo of the fight and a door painted to look like it was just splattered with a tomato.

This is no small feat for Budol, a working-class town of 9,300 people formerly renowned for its cement factory. The town, in fact, formerly had nothing to do with tomatoes. It still does not grow them or process them, and its bars don't even serve Bloody Marys.

But in Spain's crowded field of town fiestas, that's no matter. Spain has its old festivals - Pampiona's running of the bulls is the best known - and now its new ones, the throngs attracted by cute themes that have no

roots to speak of in local tradition or culture. Pampiona was running bulls through town back in the 16th century. In Valencia, 24 miles from Budol in eastern Spain, the "fallas" festival is traced to medieval carpenters who burned excess wood shavings on March 19 to honor their patron saint, St. Joseph. It has grown to become a spectacular blaze of papier-mâché figures on a single night, with hundreds of thousands of onlookers.

In gaining recognition for its fiesta, Buñol had competition not just from these two, but from many

mg the monarchy

towns whose fiestas tapped centuries of tradition. And Buñol had little of its own.

The town hanned bullflights in the 1930's, considering them to be cruel. But a decade later, a tomato fight broke out on the town square during a local procession. There are varying explanations of why the tomatoes started flying, but all agree that more tomatoes were thrown the following year, and the flesta took seed. It remained mainly a local event until 1983, when

Spanish national television showed up. Tomato T-shirt sales followed soon after, and this year one villager started selling waterproof disposable cameras for \$10 to tourists about to enter the fray.

Joining in the action last week were travelers from San Francisco, Washington, London and Tokyo who said that making tomato sauce in public was their principal reason for visiting Spain.

Museums. Big Deal.

A booming firework signaled the start, and six large trucks filled with 137 tons of pear-shaped tomatoes entered the town square in a staggered procession.

"It was like being caught in a blender," said Martin Lenick, 33, a chemical engineer from Chicago who first heard about the fight the previous night while enjoying a Bloody Mary in Valencia.

When the exuberant crowd surged to grab tomatoes dumped from the trucks, the sheer force of motion pulled Mr. Lenick out of his \$80 handmade leather sandals purchased days earlier in Milan. They were lost in the slush, and he happily fought barefoot.

The hragging rights seem to be irresistible for foreigners. "Everyone sees museums," said Deirdre Goggins, 31, who works at a San Francisco software firm. "But how many can say, 'When I was in Spain I participated in a tomato fight'?"

After the fight, everyone cleans up the streets and

building facades, and many go home for a meal of tomato salad and gazpacho, a less-than-ancient tradition. Other Spanish villages have also discovered that flestas need not be historically certified.

In the isolated southern mountain town of Berchules, bar and discothèque owners were fed up with power failures in December that more than once left their New Year's Eve galas in the dark. So the town, population 860, invented a fiesta three years ago to celebrate New Year's Eve in August. This year, foreigners were among the 5,000 people who paid top dollar to uncork champagne,

dine, dance and kiss each other at the stroke of midnight. Government officials say flestas add variety for tourists who would be visiting Spain anyway for its beaches or art museums. Tourism generated 10 percent. of the nation's \$582 billion gross domestic product last year and accounted for one out of every eight jobs.

There are no data on the impact of the flestas, but some towns have estimates. Valencia, Spain's thirdlargest city, spends about \$3 million a year to build its papier-maché "fallas," and in recent years has taken in more than \$65 million from the flesta.

Buñol's main expense is tomatoes, about \$14,000 worth this year. All of them, except for those from local gardens that might end up in the gazpacho, are trucked in from the next province.

That is still closer than the original home for tomatoes, which Spanish explorers brought back from Mexico and Peru. Buffol is nestled at the foot of a 15th-century castle. And if someone could locate a local ancestor who sailed with the conquistadors, the problem of the tomato fight fiesta's short pedigree might be solved after all.

Good News, **Bad Politics**

Continued From Page 1

even less pressure to accomplish anything. Then, too, Americans are by nature nonideological, and they might bave been exposed to an overload of ideology in the 1994 and 1996 campaigns.

Gov. Tommy Thompson of Wisconsin, a Republican, said the public's interest in politics, including the Congressional fund-raising inquiry that resumes this week, is wearing thinner than ever. "Because of the economy, people are saying, 'I'm not afraid of losing my job,' " Mr. Thompson said. "So who wants to turn on their television and listen to a bunch of grown men argue over who was getting what money

The healthy economy made it easy for Congress and the President to agree to balance the budget, which now will make it all the harder for politicians to figure out what to talk about. For incumbents, it's not worrisome in the short run. "Politicians have all died and think they have gone to heaven," said Burdett A. Loomis, a political science professor at the University of Kansas. "Think of the allure of it: you can cut taxes. You can balance the budget. You don't have to cut Medicare"

But how do politicians present themselves now? The mood was ambivalent last weekend at a conference of Midwest Republicans in Indianapolis. Speaker Newt Gingrich drew cheers when he hailed the tax-cutting pact with Mr. Clinton. But hours later. former Vice President Dan Quayle was applauded by the same audience when he castigated the party for its role in the agreement.

While there are only a handful of elections in November, the traditional Labor Day kick-off seems particularly muted. In Virginia, the race for Governor is such a sleeper - and both candidates seem to be mouthing such similar middle-of-the-road promises — that a group of influential business executives has decided to sit out the race and focus on finding someone to run when the seat is open again in 2001.

The contest for Governor of New Jersey has focused on local issues like automobile insurance. Gov. Christine Todd Whitman said she has been struck by the degree to which voters are concerned only about "things that impact their lives very directly,"

Think Values

O. Whitfield Ayres, a Republican pollster in Atlanta, said many of his clients have the same refrain: "So what's next? What should Republicans do now?" Mr. Ayres is counseling them to artfully weave vague worries about moral values into more concrete issues like crime and education. The danger is that if social issues begin to replace the economic issues that have traditionally been the province of Republicans, that could undermine the party's efforts to appeal to independent-minded voters.

And elected officials who think they are so popular right now perhaps should not be overconfident. It could be that the Eisenhower-like boasts of "peace and prosperity" are ill-advised. If the economy falls flat, these same politicians could be punished at the polls for presiding over a downturn.

"I don't think people are going to swallow the 'Happy Days Are Here Again' argument forever," said Michael S. Lewis-Beck, a political scientist at the University of Iowa. "They have to send kids to college and to pay for mortgages."

But, at least for now, most politicians are not about to try to convince people that things are not as good as they may think. Just look at a poll conducted iast month by CBS News: A whopping 73 percent of Americans rated the economy as in very good or fairly good shape.

Self-Help Credo: I'm O.K., You're Not

By FRANK BRUNI

OR people living in an ostensibly free society, Americans have lately been subjected to a particularly vigorous display of finger wagging. Smoking? Don't do it near your neighbor,

and don't endorse movies that glamorize it. Violence on television? Blot it out, either through personal resolve or V-chips. Divorce? Don't do it, and support remedies like Louisiana's "covenant marriages" to make couples tough it out. Fur? Wear it at your own risk.

Americans will consider paternalistic advice as long as it's not mandatory.

The list goes on, and the lecturing has grown loud enough that no less an apostle of big, preachy government than George Mc-Govern, the former senator and Presidential candidate, recently raised his voice in anguished protest.

"Where," Mr. McGovern asked this month on the Op-Ed page of The New York Times, "do we draw the line on dictating to each other?"

That is a question as old as the Republic itself, with answers as complicated as the balancing act between liberty and order. And it strikes at both the long tradition of didacticism in American life and the public's shifting attitudes about lt.

When it comes to having Americans tell each other how to live, they are often unable to figure out bow they feel,

"It's on some level easier, and on some level necessary, not to wake up every day and make every decision for yourself," said Jean Bethke Eishtain, a professor of social and political ethics at the University of Chicago. As a result, she noted, "We spend a lot of time searching for moral authorities that we then develop this very ambivalent relationship to. We lurch.'

Americans' bunger for clear guides is most obvious in their steadfast participation In religion, but their distaste for ironclad rules is equally apparent in the prollferation

Obeying and Rebelling

That tension - between following and leading, obeying and rebelling — has some-times produced rich ironies. Ralph Waldo Emerson articulated a philosophy of selfrellance; Americans flocked to public lectures where he told them how.

In recent decades, sociologists and historians say, American didacticism has taken some new forms, and receptiveness to it has begun to follow some new rules.

Todd Gitlin, a professor at New York University and the author of "The Twilight of Common Dreams: Why America Is Wracked by Culture Wars" (Metropolitan Books/Henry Holt, 1995), says that a blurring of the boundaries between the personal and the political, which began in the 1960's, has opened the door to moralizing on any number of new fronts. What people wear, the language with which they address each other and the tobacco smoke or perfume wafting from their bodies have come to be treated not as private expressions but public issues, and thus suitable topics for censure and more significant - censors.

'Today, many more people feel entitled to be censorious," Mr. Gitlin said. "It's not all coming from Billy Graham and Norman Vincent Peale and Joe McCarthy. It's coming from Newt Gingrich and from Gloria Steinem and from the animal rights people and from the Southern Baptist Convention. What you have in the society right now is a surplus population of pulpits.

This riot of voices, some scholars say, rushed in to fill a vacuum created by the faltering clout of traditional authorities.



How's this for public moralizing? A Paris showing of vegetable fashion by People for the Ethical Treatment of Animals.

Since Vietnam and Watergate, many Americans have demonstrated a limited tolerance for moralizing from politicians.

At the same time, they have developed a seemingly limitless interest in behavioral prescriptions from private figures. The best example is the explosion of advice and howto books over the past three decades.

"What used to be a couple of shelves of books has turned into a whole business in and of itself," said Jody Kohn, a spokeswoman for Borders bookstores.

From the spiritualist M. Scott Peck to the pop psychologist Laura Schlessinger, from the political contrarian Rush Limbaugh to the medical contrarian Andrew Weil, a hodgepodge of demi-gurus achieve fame and amass fortunes by telling Americans what's right, what's wrong and what to do about the most intimate dilemmas in their tives.

That these didactic enterprises all fall under the rubric of what is called self-help echoes the Emersonian paradox while perhaps illuminating and explaining a great deal about our seemingly contradictory attitudes toward public preaching.

Nadine Strossen, president of the American Civil Liberties Union, suggests that Americans feel one way about didacticism that has the muscle of law and yields rules. and another way about didacticism that has no authority and spawns recommendations.

"One is coercive and reduces individual freedom of choice," Ms. Strossen said. "The other expands it."

fn other words, Americans don't mind being told what to do so long as they asked, and so long as they maintain the right of refusal, A reading list from Oprah Winfrey is one thing, a reading list from a Congressman quite another. Moralizing about food or relationships from an author seeking a perch on the best-seller list raises few hackles; similar preaching from a special-interest group seeking Federal tegislation raises many,

Outsiders are welcome into Americans' closets and cupboards. But they would be wise to show their invitations at the door.

Rationing College

Continued From Page 1

quotas. Today private colleges often recruit the city's best students, while CUNY remains the gateway for tens of thousands of the most disadvantaged, including students living below the poverty line, immigrants who know little or no English and adults working to support their families. Some of these students go on to careers as academics or professionals, CUNY data show, but many drop out after a few semesters.

The trustees are asking whether students should take remedial courses before enrolling. They are looking at ways to measure student progress, in pursuit of what some trustees call "open admissions with standards." They want to shrink the administration while holding CUNY's 15 colleges to more explicit standards.

"We probably have hit the high water mark in terms of revenues from the city and state and have to be judicious in what we cut," Ronald J. Marino, the head of CUNY's fiscal affairs committee, said last week.

For CUNY, nearly all issues are on the table. From state to state, the emphasis

varies: in Minnesota, how to dismiss tenured faculty when their programs are superfluous; in California and Texas, how lo encourage minority students when affirmative action programs are shut down; in most states, how to make colleges and their faculties more accountable.

Some educators see opportunities to the en a system grown lax. "We have taken this system as far as we can stretch it, and it's been wonderfully inventive, but less and less of what we do matches society's needs" said Frank Newman, president of the Education Commission of the States, an advisory

Perhaps the biggest concern is that what is most likely to be lost in any transformation is access for the most disadvantaged.

"The question is, do you want to help people succeed?" said C. Peter Magrath, president of the National Association of State Universities and Land-Grant Colleges. "If so, you have to help. Of course, since resources are finite and you don't want to deprive others, you don't want to have students who hang around forever. The question is whether you keep open your doors."

A CLOSER LOOK

Higher Education: Enrollment Up, Spending Erratic

Federal and state financing has made higher education available to more people. But in recent years, as college enrollment and tuition costs have gone up. Federal spending has fluctuated and state spending has remained relatively flat.

Enrollment

Total full-time and part-time fall enrollment in public and private 4-year institutions.

10 million students

Tuition

paid per student, per year for public and private 4-year institutions. In 1997 dollars.

Sources U.S. Dept. of Education, National Center for Educational Statistics, Center for Higher Education, Illinois State University

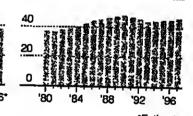
Federal spending

Federal education support for college, university and vocational programs efter

State appropriations for high school. In 1997 dollars.

higher education for public and private institutions. In 1997 dollars.

State spending



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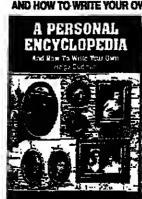
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Press

By DANA CANEDY

ATLANTA AVID McFARLAND makes daily jaunts to a grocery store two miles from his home, but not for bread or milk.

He goes to the Kroger supermarket in Alpharetta, a suburb north of Atlanta, to use the treadmills and stair-climbing machines in the store's fitness center. There is even a trainer with a degree in exercise physiology to guide him through his workouts.

Carmella Edelman has little use for the treadmills, but she has become a regular at the store for its cooking school, across from the aisle where Maybelline mascara and Stephen King paperbacks are sold. For about \$30 - food included - students learn to whip up duck ravioli with brown butter sauce, chocolate-chip biscotti and other such delights.

Is your driver's license about m expire? You can renew it at the store's customer service counter. Other chains are offering sushi bars and shoe repair, or providing babysitting while harried parents shop.

All this, of course, is intended to lure people into supermarkets, and not just to tighten abs or teach customers to stir-fry. Once they're inside, the grocery store of the 90's is designed to get shoppers oot only to

ITALY INDEX

in U.S. dollars, set

equal to the World

D. W. D.

PERFORMANCE

Country

Australia

Austria

Belgium

Canada

Denmark

Germany

Indonesia

Ireland

Japan

Malaysia

Mexico

Norway

Spain

Sweden

Thailand

Philippines

Singapore

South Africa

Switzerland

Pacific Basin

Europe/Pacific

Exchange rate

COMPOSITE INDICES

Netherlands

New Zealand

Hong Kong

Finland

France

Brazil

buy toothpaste and cereal but also to fill their carts with high-margin convenience items like boneless, skinless, marinaded chicken breasts. Behind the scenes, meanwhile, store operators are working to shave pennies off the cost of stocking chickennoodle soup and other staples that add little to their bottom lines.

The goal is to push razor-thin profits closer to 2 percent than 1 percent. which is about all that even the best operators have been able to achieve in the supermarket industry. That challenge is attracting some of the smartest money in the United States and Europe m a business rarely regarded as innovative. It is forcing supermarket operators m spend billions of dollars remodeling outdated stores and investing in technology. And it is driving already big chains into the arms of larger, more powerful merger partners.

The food fight in Atlanta is a microcosm of what is happening across the country - especially in growing cities where chains can plant superstores amid new suburban subdivisions, in hopes of cashing in on robust economies, relatively cheap land and population growth.

With profits so slim, the chase is do or die, and Atlanta's market is especially competitive. Some grocers in this city, which in the 1990's has bad among the highest rates of store openings and new market entrants in the country, have already been driv-

In U.S. dollars.

Prepared by Goldman, Sachs & Co. using data derived from the Financial Times/Standard &

Poor's Actuaries World Indices, a measure of stock market performance. The FT Indices are

compiled jointly by The Financial Times Limited, Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Standard & Poor's, in

YTD

% Chg. Rank % Chg. Rank Yield

0.5

1.6

3.6

16.1

1.8

13.3

- 3.1

~40.0

11.8

18.7

-47.2

36.4

-47.9

-28.7

6.0

19.8

-59.3

21.3

. 10.7

- 7.4

2.3

11.4

Friday

120.81

1.8095

1.3883

1.6200

28

IN U.S. DOLLARS

2

conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and Faculty of Actuaries.

1.2

- 0.7

~ 8.5

-22.7

0.5

1.2

- 4.3

- 2.4

2.2

-0.3

- 3.7

-15.8

- 2.3

- 3.4

Source: Goldman, Sachs & Co. Exchange rates as of Finday's London close. © 1996 The Financial Times Ltd., Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Standard & Poor's.

27

26

18

25

222.93 - 3.3

255.55 - 4.0

307.66 - 0.7

211.75 - 1.4

379.78 ~ 2.6

285.19 - 3.6

217.48 - 3.3

318.61 -19.3

1,664.13 - 7.3

386.77 - 3.9

106.19 -18.4

299.45 -12.3

337.59 - 0.2

265.25 - 1.9

137.61 - 5.4

249.68 - 28

491.58

136.93

367.53

99.14

122.85

87.35

323.71

242.75

476.96

285.85

366.27

190.88

Japanese yen to the U.S. dollar

German marks to the U.S. dollar

U.S. dollars to the British pound

Canadian dollars to the U.S. dollar

39.00

192.92

235.83

1. F. M. A. M. J. J. A.

YTD Dividend

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17

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3.54

3.17

2.80

1.82

0.85

1.58

2.37

5.67

1.38

2.04

1.86

Friday

118.31

1.8186

1.3933

IN LOCAL CURR.

201.89

180.47

216.12

513.66

281.25

212.90

324.40

206.92

201.37

489.05

247.81

348.21

130.36

93.41

357.76

357.73

72.56

327.50

160.88

208.72

346.17

279.58

554.35

263.01

51.75

366.27

105.53

160.98

224.79

% Chg.

+2.10

-0.40

-0.35

Ryan Labs. Total Return

14.153.68

% Chg.

8.7

18.7

21.2

13.0

18.5

32.3

- 2.9

27.2

37.5

- 1.4

-39.0

34.8

34.8

5.2

-39.7

.-22.9

6.3

29.1

32.4

-45.7

21.3

Ago

108.90

1.4810

1.3681

1.5647

Up 0.30%

202.74

more casualties when the economy inevitably slows.

"The square footage that is going in there is just mind-boggling," said Bonni Zwickel, an industry analyst for First Boston, surveying the Atlanta market. "Second- or third-tier players just have to fall out at some

The reason for the industry's attempts to remake itself? Investors are demanding better returns at a time supermarket companies are losing business to unlikely competitors that now stock grocery items. Toys "R" Us sells diapers and baby formula. Wal-Mart is counted as the fifth-biggest supermarket chain in America. And many baby boomers would rather buy Boston Market's take-out meals than supermarket frozen dinners or - of all things the ingredients to actually cook a

"The line between grocery retailers and other kinds of retailers continues to bhir," said Paul Bernish, a spokesman for the Kroger Company in Cincinnati, which at \$25 billion in sales is the nation's largest grocery chain. "Without us taking action and becoming smarter ourselves, we face the possibility of losing our place in consumers' minds."

In Atlanta, the competition is visible in bickering over ads and promotions, battles for prime real estate and a proliferation of store concepts that may oot pay off. What, after all, does Kroger really know about the fitness business? In the Alpharetta store, it did cruelly plant the gym just a few feet from the bakery

Despite the risk that some of their efforts will flop, the dozen or so competitors bere are undaunted. Kroger relies on service - offering, for instance, dry-cleaning at some stores. A struggling local chain, Harry's Farmers Market, pulls in customers from 20 miles away with the most extensive product assortment in town, everything from fresh fish heads to \$100-an-ounce balsamic vinegar. Winn-Dixie has positioned itself as the bargain shopper's alternative, advertising cheap wine and beef. Publix has simply bullied its way into the \$6 billion Atlanta market, spending more than \$300 million to open about 60 stores in five years.

The aisles are becoming crowded in other cities, too. In Houston and Dallas, Albertson's and Kroger have displaced Houston-based Randall's as the market leader by rapidly expanding with new or revamped stores. And Safeway, in which the New York takeover firm Kohlberg Kravis Roberts has a one-third stake, bought a leading chunk of the Southero California market last year

Other deals include the purchase of Stop & Shop Companies by Ahold N.V., a Dutch company, and the acquisition of Kash n' Karry Food Stores by Food Lion. In addition, Kohlberg Kravis Roberts recently purchased the Bruno's chain, continuing its spree of buying undervalued grocery companies with strong turnaround prospects.

HE push to create larger regional chains is reshaping competition from Phoenix to Charlotte to Seattle, although parts of the Northeast have lagged behind the trend. The New York City area is an especially tough market that many operators avoid altogether because of its shortage of vacant land, high real estate and labor costs and zoning barriers.

In the growth markets, however, consumers have come to expect even more variety, increased service and lower prices. While shoppers may judge the industry by the oumber of stores near their homes that have sushi bars, the real gauges of success have more to do with factors far from shoppers' view - in produce coolers, warehouses and corporate

For example, customers at Kroger stores in Atlanta may think it is a coincidence when cashiers band them coupons offering 50 cents off their favorite brand - and flavor of ice cream. But scamers that tally their food hills at the checkout counters are simultaneously analyzing what they buy. This technology,

en out. And there are likely to be growing in popularity among the chains, is being rolled out at hun-

dreds of Kroger stores. The checkout data allow stores to instantly print coupons for items being purchased (or for similar products) and to electronically reorder merchandise as it sells. Because the promotions are linked to the inventory, fewer cases of soda collect dust in warehouses

Kroger, citing competitive reasons, declined to say how much money it was saving through its technology investments and other cost-cutting measures. Industrywide. though, such improvements can make the difference between turning a profit or reporting a loss as supermarket sales remain flat.

The industry's revenues, excluding sales from warehouse clubs and convenience stores, increased 11 percent last year, to \$323.2 billion. But sales actually declined slightly after adjusting for inflation, according to Progressive Grocer, a trade publica-

At the same time, the industry's operating expenses declined last year to 96.95 percent of sales, from 97.90 percent in 1995, according to the Food Marketing Institute, a trade group. Minute as that may seem, it wes substantial for an industry that counts Its profits in fractions of a penny: it contributed \$3 billion to pretax profits, helping net income rise to 1,2 percent of sales from 1.14 percent in 1995 and a low of 0.49 percent in 1993, according to the marketing institute.

Surprisingly, the value of supermarket stocks, which have always trailed the broader market, is still in the cellar. Food retailers' shares, as measured by the Standard & Poor's food retail index, rose 8.6 percent so far this year, versus the 21.4 percent gain for the 500 stocks in the broader S.& P. index. Part of the reason for the disparity is that the payoff from the big chains' costly investments is just beginning to show up on balance sheets; in addition, while supermarkets are becoming more efficient, many still suffer from heavy debts accumulated in leveraged buyouts during the 80's and early 90's.

The attraction is that even with skimpy margins, large, well-run chains can turn in respectable profits. Kroger's net profit margin, for instance, was just 1.39 percent last year, but that translates into a decent \$350 million on sales of \$25 bil-

Analysts say profitability should

The Checkout Line Market shares of the top five supermarkets in Atlanta. THE PERSON NAMED AND PARTY OF THE PE -

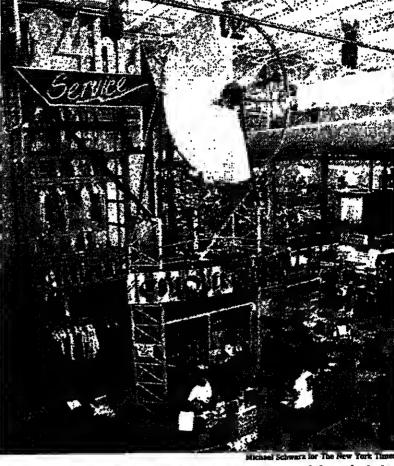
104

7,2

continue to edge up for the overall industry, between further cost-cutting and consolidations that are triming purchasing, administrative, distribution and advertising expenses and giving grocers more

clout with their suppliers. The industry makeover and the increased competition is fine by Ms. Edelman, the Roswell, Ga., woman who attends the Kroger cooking school in Alpharetta. She frequents several stores, depending on her oeeds. For recipe ingredients after class, she shops at Kroger. "But actually, for my produce, I go to Harry's Market," she said.

Already, the struggle to win the loyalty of customers like Ms. Edelman is taking a toll on some grocers. Winn-Dixie, long the No. 2 chain in



"Customer care center" of a Kroger supermarket near Atlanta includes a dry-cleaning service. Shoppers can also renew driver's licenses.

Atlanta, behind Kroger, fell last year to third place, the victim of an assault on the market by Publix, a Lakeland, Fla., chain closely held by its employees.

IX years ago, when Ed Crenshaw, then a Publix executive vice president, pulled out his corporate credit card at a car rental agency in Atlanta, the clerk asked, 'What is Publix?" and wanted to know if the oame was spelled incor-

'We knew we would have m do a lot of work to develop the brand up here," said Mr. Crenshaw, now president of the company. So when Publix, looking to expand after saturating its bome state, blew into Atlanta in 1991. the company simply offered what it determined was missing: oewer, cleaner stores, more service and fresher perishable goods. In just five years. Publix claimed 14.4 percent of the Atlanta market.

'We know how to make money,' said Frank Hernandez, regional director for Publix in Atlanta. "Once you give people something of value. they will come back. We are not food business, so we don't want to have a smorgasbord of things in a food store and then let customers forget about food and the essential things that we built this business on."

Customers say the approach is working. "I used to shop at A.& P., but f got disappointed with their produce," said Veronique Maitre, a translator who was shopping recently at the Publix store in Alpharetta. Another shopper, Marie Vitalo has become a regular at Publix even though there is a Winn-Dixie store about a block from ber house in Smyrna.

"I like a clean, big store," said Ms. Vitalo, who works in accounting.

Winn-Dixie, meanwhile, is determined to use pricing to win hack customers like Ms. Vitalo. The parking lot of its Alpharetta store, which competes with two oearby Krogers and one of Wal-Mart's Sam's Club warehouse stores, is festooned with a large blue-and-white banner promising "Lowest prices in town." Inside the store, signs and tags create a virtual sea of markdowns. The signs announce 40 percent off greeting cards, 50 percent off sunglasses, 15 percent off pational-brand snack chips and 20 percent off school supplies. Some signs ask simply: "Why

pay more?" "We are in a transition and have been for many years," said Mickey Clerk, a spokesman for Winn-Dixie, based in Jacksonville, Fla. "Customers are stretched for time as well as for money, and what they want to do . is find everything they want at the lowest prices they can in one place that is convenient for them. We were convenient before, but we didn't have the complete variety that today's customars want.'

So the company is closing stores throughout its system that are less than 30,000 square feet and replacing them with larger ones - some up to 70,000 square feet - with room for floral departments, pharmacies and bigger delis-

A strategy of low prices and big investments may not seem like a smart game plan in one of Winn-Dixie's most competitive markets. But the chain bas the resources to wait for weaker operators to fold; meanwhile, it continues to improve its stores to be more competitive with Kroger and Publix.

Some competitors, though, have simply left or are struggling to keep up. Four years ago, Big Star, one of the retail arms of Fleming Companies, the giant food wholesaler, sold its Atlanta stores to A.& P. and left the market. Yet A&P., which has been slow to upgrade its network of older stores, is barely clinging to sixth place in the market.

"We were really consolidating," president of A.& P. "A lot of stores we acquired were not up to today's standard and had to be closed."

Grand Union and Piggly Wiggly supermarkets have also sold their Atlanta stores to other competitors, while Harry's Farmers Market, with five stores, hangs on, but has lost more than \$23 million in four years.

Even the market leaders have some bousecleaning to do. An older Kroger store in the fashionable Buckhead section of Atlanta has dated fixtures and lacks the amenities found in the Alpharetta outlet.

Such shortcomings are becoming less mierable m Atlanta-area shoppers. Mr. McFarland, who works out at the "cardio-theater" in the Alpharetta Kroger, said he bad noticed an overall improvement in the area's supermarkets in recent years, as more companies moved in.

Besides the gym, which is run by Australian Body Works and costs \$5 a visit for walk-ins, Mr. McFarland uses the pharmacy and the Nationsbank branch at the store. The added services have turned him inm a Kroger regular when it comes time to shop for groceries.

"You don't want to bave to make two stops if you don't have to," said Mr. McFarland, 43, a wine supplier. And he has the sense that packing more into his busy schedule will become even easier as Kroger and the other grocers continue to offer not just better cuts of meat and more brands of cereal, but additional services as well. They have to, be figures, "to keep up with everybody else in the neighborhood."

Aug. 25-29: Bonds and Small Stocks Rally; Blue Chips Slump

DOMESTIC BONDS

| PRICES DOMESTIC EQUITIES | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Broad market S.&P. 500 index | Down 2.61% 899.47 |
| Blue chips Dow 30 industrials | Down 3.37% 7,622.42 |
| Small capitalization Russell 2000 index | Up 1.85% 423.43 |

mg the monarchy.

| Blue chips | Down 3.37% | Municipals Bond Buyer index | Up 0.16% |
|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Dow 30 industrials | 7,622.42 | | 119.69 |
| Small capitalization | Up 1.85% | Corporates Mernil Lynch Master index | Up 0.35% |
| Russell 2000 index | 423.43 | | 893.50 |
| DAY BELATIVE TREBIO | +15% | | 415) |

| Emerges stocks | Down 1.52% |
|--|--------------------|
| F.TActuaries Europe | 266.25 |
| Asian stocks | Down 5.44% |
| F.TActuaries Pacific Ba | sin 137.61 |
| Gold | Down 0.70% |
| New York cash price Foreign indexes are given in dollar i | \$325.50 terms. |
| | 4159 |
| | 4 Part 2 Part 2 |
| | ^ |

Sources: Bank Rate Monitor; Bloomberg Financial Markets; The Bond Buyer; Datastream; Goldman, Sachs; IBC's Money Fund Report; Merrill Lynch; Standard & Poor's; Ryan Labs

| BONDS | OTHER INVESTMENTS | |
|---|--|---------------------------|
| Long bonds 6.60% 30-year Treasuries Down 5 basis pts. | Money market funds Taxable average Dow | 5.02% n 4 basis pts. |
| Notes 5.96% 2-year Treasuries Up 2 basis pts. | Bank C.D.'s 1-year small savers | 5.17% Unchanged |
| Municipals 5.55% Bond Buyer index Down 1 basis pt. 100 basis points = 1 percentage point | Stocks S.&P. 500 dividend yield | 1.71% Up 4 b.p. |
| #U-DAY RELATIVE TREND +80 Charge in basis points: | Change in . basis points. | +80 |
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The New York Times

WEEKLY REVIEW

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Senator Gorton's Ignoble Crusade

Year after year, legislators load up the Interior Department's spending bill with provisions aimed at satisfying some personal agenda or enriching special interests, usually an industry like logging or mining. Two years ago, for example, Westerners in the 104th Congress snuck into that year's bill a bunch of nefarious riders that would bave opened up Alaska's Tongass National Forest for increased logging and accelerated mining on public lands.

It is unusual, bowever, to find someone with the audacity of Slade Gorton, a Republican Senator from Washington with a 25-year gripe about the Indians. Mr. Gorton, who runs the Interior appropriations subcommittee, exercised a Congressional prerogative known as the "chairman's mark" to add two provisions that would profoundly alter the basic principles of equity that bave governed the relationship between Washington and the nation's 554 Indian tribes for more than a century.

These riders are reprehensible on several counts. They would undercut tribal sovereignty and hurt some tribes financially. They were slipped into the bill after perfunctory bearings, no real debate and no serious attempt to draw on the wisdom of a Congress that bas a moral obligation to oversee the treatment of the continent's original inhabitants. Mr. Gorton says that be consulted with the Senate's only Indian, Ben Nighthorse Campbell, Republican of Colorado. The consultation was not persuasive. Mr. Campbell says the riders will pass only "over my dead body."

Finally, the riders corrupt and may actually kill, by inviting a veto, an otherwise worthy measure that contains essential provisions favored by the Administration and by this page. These include financing for the National Endowment for the Arts and for several important Federal land acquisitions, including the purchase of a potentially ruinous mining operation near Yellowstone Park.

One rider would force the tribes to waive "sovereign immunity" from civil lawsuits or lose up to \$767 million, about half the Federal budget for daily operations on tribal lands occupied by 1.4 million Indians, Mr. Gorton says that sovereign immunity

unfairly shields the tribes from being sued in Federal court. Although individuals can be sued in Federal court, suits against tribes are generally heard in a tribal court. The other rider is a meanstesting provision that would base Federal assistance on tribal income. It is aimed, Mr. Gorton says, at redistributing income from tribes that bave

made money from gambling operations. Setting aside the fact that only a bandful of tribes bave made any serious money from gambling, the means-testing provision is flat-out discriminatory. By treaty and statute, Indian tribes are sovereign governments. Yet no other sovereign entity, state or local, has to endure such tests to

receive its share of Federal funds. The measure requiring tribes to waive legal immunity in exchange for Federal funds is not only discriminatory but profoundly ahistorical. First, it would deprive the tribes of a basic protection against frivolous and crippling lawsuits now enjoyed by Federal, state and local governments. Second, elevating the power of Federal courts at the expense of tribal courts amounts to a direct assault on the entire concept of sovereignty. Finally, the Federal dollars that Mr. Gorton would withhold from any tribe that refused to compromise its independence are themselves part of a solemn bargain, consecrated by many individual treaties under which the tribes ceded nearly 100 million acres of land, as well as bunting and fishing rights, in exchange for financial support and other protections.

The tribes believe that Mr. Gorton is driven mainly by personal pique. As Washington's attorney general in the mid-1970's, he argued and lost a landmark Supreme Court case in which the Court upheld Indian fishing rights in the Pacific Northwest. In 1995, be tried to cut \$200 million from the tribes' \$1.7 billion annual appropriation. Whatever his motives, Mr. Gorton has no business trying to undermine a time-honored relationship with provisions that have been slipped into the legislative mill under cover of darkness. Even if Congress wants to transform that relationship, which is doubtful, it should tackle the issue in full, open debate.

The Vallone Hearings

that New York City bas yet to establish a strong, independent body to monitor and investigate police misconduct. The City Council created such an agency in 1994, but Mayor Rudolph Giuliani vetoed the bill. When the Council overrode the veto, the Mayor successfully challenged the bill in court on the grounds that it infringed on executive authority.

City Council President Peter Vallone bas now amended the bill and scheduled bearings for later next month, beginning Sept. 23. It deserves wide-

spread support, including the Mayor's. Mr. Vallone maintains that the Police Department is incapable of policing itself in a consistent fashion and always lapses into complacency when scrutiny fades. His proposed Independent Police Investigation and Audit Board would leave the primary responsibility with the police commission-

The Louima brutality case is an ugly reminder er, the department's Internal Affairs Bureau and the district attorneys. The board would confer with and advise those offices, but, crucially, it would have its own investigators and subpoena powers.

The board would consist of five people chosen by the mayor, in consultation with the City Council. It would make recommendations to the Police Department on the formulation and implementation of anti-corruption programs and could also suggest structural improvements in the anti-corruption effort. The net effect would be to make lapses, and horrors like the Louima case, less likely.

The hearings in the City Council could easily provide a platform for the anger and division that the Louima episode has already aroused. It would be unfortunate if that happened. Mr. Vallone's plan is a sound one that deserves a calm and reasoned

Editorial Notebook

Where Even Cops Get Robbed

ing fear of crime, has become the most serious threat to the success of South Africa's fledgling demo-

South Africa's Crime, or more precisely a ris-Crime Problem

cratic government. Even a short-time visitor to the nation's chief commercial city is struck by its beleaguered atmosphere. Tour guides warn you not to venture out alone unless you know where you are going. Hotels have ramped down their operations, and many businesses have fled to the suburbs. Whole blocks of apartments bave been taken over by drug dealers. Residents of the tonier suburbs live behind walls topped with barbed wire and protected by private security firms, their bedrooms sealed off by internal rape-prevention gates.

The statistics are appalling. South Africa's murder rate is eight times that of the United States, its rape rate three times as high. But the crimes that most disturb residents are brazen carjackings, hijackings and robberles that can hit literally anyone. The president of the nation's top constitutional court was robbed at gunpoint in his own driveway. The police superintendent of a crime-ridden slum was robbed of his car and valuables by gun-toting thugs. Various police stations have been looted of an automated teller machine, a supply of cash and diamonds, and electronic equipment in what were elther brazen robberies or inside jobs.

The only encouraging trend is that crime is no longer spiraling out of control. The latest quarterly figures show all categories of serious crime either holding steady or declining, albeit at high levels. Government officials are not certain whether crime bas really gotten a lot worse than under the previous apartheld regime or whether It has simply invaded previously white areas that had been protected by a repressive police state. Some officials contend that the problem bas been exaggerated. But there is no doubt that fear of crime is having an adverse impact. People who emigrate clte It as one of their reasons for leaving. Businesses cite it as a deterrent to expanding their operations. Government officials fear that it may deter badly needed

foreign investment. "Crime is probably the most serious obstacle in the path of our political, economic and social transformation," says Azhar Cachalia, the central Government's secretary for safety and security. "Democracy can only flourish where our people feel safe and in fact are safe in their homes, their businesses and

their streets." The roots of the crime problem lie deep. Widespread poverty, a 40

percent unemployment rate and appalling social conditions are a breeding ground for criminals who oow have easy access to richer neighborhoods with their tempting targets. Illegal guns are plentiful, and more open borders since apartheid have allowed criminal syndicates to flood the country with drugs and to traffic in stolen cars, setting off a wave of carjackings. The police in some areas seem overwhelmed, with detectives handling up to 80 cases at a time, four times the number deemed manageable. Some police engage in criminal activities and corruption themselves.

"So far the police bave been incredibly inattentive and ineffective," says William Bratton, the former New York City Police Commissioner, who now runs a private consulting firm that sought to advise the South Africans on crime control. Indeed, on a half-hour tour of downtown Johannesburg in the company of a police official, I saw little evidence of a police presence. The most visible sign of authority was in a violence-ridden suburban shum where military troops manned roadblocks and my police

escort rode with his gun unholstered. The Government is approaching the problem with a long-term strategy to improve the training and professionalism of police and to develop effective Interaction between police and communities that have long feared and hated the men in uniform. A business executive has been brought in to improve the management and allocation of resources, and consultants have helped some police stations overcome a shocking inability to keep their police and vehicles on patrol. At several stations I saw evidence that residents are beginning to support and belp the police, even providing tips that belp catch

criminals. But it will all take time. Meanwhile, some 5,000 new police officers and civilians are being hired, and the Government will focus additional police resources on Johannesburg and a few other high-visibility areas that have a disproportionate impact on the nation's image abroad. That could drain resources from some of the poor black areas that helped vote the Mandela Government into office. It could be a risky political choice, but it is one the Government feels it must take if South Africa's promising democratic revolution is to succeed. PHILIP M. BOFFEY

Learning Disabled Aren't Seeking Excuses

To the Editor:

Re "Extra Credit for Doing Poorly" (Op-Ed, Aug. 25):

I was 8 years old when doctors diagnosed attention deficit disorder. Today, I am entering my sophomore year at Stanford. Robert J. Sternberg's examples do not represent typical accommodations for learning-disabled students. Most such students need one or two accommodations. I ask for note takers in lecture classes and the use of a computer for taking essay tests, because writing by hand is difficult for me. None of these accommodations make it possible for me to succeed in a class without knowing the material.

I agree with Mr. Sternberg that 'even sindents with genuine disabilities should not be able to use them as an excuse for not learning." However, I disagree with his implication that this behavior is typical. Most such students are distressed at "having something wrong with them" and prefer minimal accommodations. Most are small modifications within the curriculum, not changes to MIKE L. GINSBERG Bloomfield Hills, Mich., Aug. 27, 1997

Easy Out Can Hurt

To the Editor:

As a clinical psychologist and dys-lexic reader, I applaud Robert J. Sternberg's Aug. 25 Op-Ed article. It has been my personal and professional observation that growth and development occur as a result of learning to overcome handicaps, bardships and disabilities. As a society we have lost the ability to distinguish between knowing when to give a helping hand that can enable a person to move forward and preventing learning by allowing the label to become the excuse.

I once complained to one of my psychology professors that I had difficulty doing a required task because of my dyslexia. He reminded me that I had acquired the ability to get this far in my education despite my disability and that be expected me to continue to use those same abilities to perform all my tasks regardless of their difficulty. His confidence in my ability and perseverance was more useful in the long run than giving me an easy HILDA KESSLER Berkeley, Calif., Aug. 26, 1997

Soft Diagnoses

To the Editor:

Since both my oldest daughter and have been diagnosed with attention deficit disorder, I must respond to Robert J. Sternberg's Aug. 25 Op-Ed article about the disorder. He is right to be skeptical.

The psychologist who diagnosed my daughter recommended that I invoke Section 504 of the 1973 Civil Rights Act to insure that she get the "accommodations" she needs. However, Section 504, with its broad landaughter's principal that it sounded as though, if I invoked that law, I could make him do anything I want-

ed. He said, "That's right." I cannot emphasize enough bow soft the definitions of these "disabilities" are: in the case of attention deficit disorder, it is safe to say that there is no adult of average intelligence who does not present symp-FREDERICK H. BARTLETT Mercerville, N.J., Aug. 25, 1997

Not 'Lazy and Neurotic'

To the Editor:

Robert J. Sternberg's Aug. 25 Op-Ed article is basically an attack on the needs of unique students. I became aware of the problem when my son had difficulty in language and writing at his university. Psychological testing resulted in a diagnosis that permitted special attention

At that time at the University of California at Berkeley, there were no students classified as learning-disabled. A dean who was also a psychologist said that my son and others like him were lazy and neurotic. But he was overruled by the administration,

Dangerous Medicine

To the Editor:

which had to comply with the recently enacted Americans With Disabilities Act. My son was given help, a tape recorder, editing assistance and more and graduated with high

grades. He took the Graduate Record Exam without assistance and did poorly. He retook the test under the regulations that gave him extra time. proceeded to get the highest of scores, was chased by graduate schools in his chosen field and went on to complete a Ph.D. Mr. Sternberg's statement that these students are getting too much belp is neither helpful nor correct. Our job is to find these students and give them the help they need. LEONARD J. DUHL, M.D.

Berkeley, Calif., Aug. 25, 1997 The writer is o professor of psychiotry, U. of California at Berkeley.

Professional Deficits?

To the Editor: Robert J. Sternberg (Op-Ed, Aug. 25) brings up a puzzling subject: the



matter of students with "learning disability" and "attention deficit disorder." I often wonder why students who cannot learn or pay attentioo should be admitted to college. Do we train people who cannot walk to be tennis players or people who cannot

see to become painters? Many colleges are suffering from financial malnutrition and are compelled to relax their admission standards. They often admit students with "learning disabilities" and give them privileges that other students do not have.

Some might graduate, but then what? Will graduate schools also welcome them? And if they graduate, will they find work? Would anyone want to seek the services of doctors or lawyers with attention TIBOR FARKAS deficit disorder? Plainview, N.Y., Aug. 25, 1997

Failure and Avoidance

As a child psychoanalyst and psychiatrist with an interest in learning disabilities, f object to Robert J. Sternberg's assertions ("Extra Credit for Doing Poorly," Op-Ed, Aug. 25). While any disability assistance program can be subject to abuses, such abuses do not have any bearing on the legitimacy of the dis-

ability and the needs of individuals so diagnosed. Unlike adults, children and adolescents are required to perform tasks and master skills from the range of cognitive endeavors. Adults have the luxury of dedicating themselves to their sphere of excellence and are not penalized or impeded in their career if they show no aptitude for

unrelated disciplines. The argument that individuals with superior talents will emerge despite the obstacles ignores the daily humiliations and suffering of children who struggle mightily in conventional learning situations over some of the tasks demanded of them, tasks "we grownups" no longer face.

Moreover, Dr. Sternberg shows a misunderstanding of learning disabilities if be believes that "failing" will help individuals with disabilities 'correct [their] weaknesses." There is no evidence to suggest that failure due to learning disabilities facilitates anything but avoidance, behavioral problems and psychological KAREN GILMORE, M.D. distress. New York, Aug. 26, 1997

Overjoyed Parents?

To the Editor:

As a special education teacher and the parent of three children, one of whom bas learning disabilities, I am dismayed by Robert J. Sternberg's

Aug. 25 Op-Ed article. If there are parents who are overjoyed when their children are diagnosed with learning disabilities and are therefore eligible for testing modifications, tutoring and exemption from certain subjects, I have yet to meet them. If students need to learn the difference between living with a disability and using it as an excuse, that's the job of teachers and those who train teachers. None of this justifies attempts to deny students the help they need.

Perhaps Mr. Sternberg would prefer the learning disabled take the more traditional path of smart children who cannot succeed in school: dropout drug dealers, gang leaders and criminals. CARYN BENJAMIN Brooklyn, Aug. 25, 1997

Level Field at Last

To the Editor:

Re "Extra Credit for Doing Poorly" (Op-Ed, Aug. 25): Why not forbid students to wear eyeglasses or hearing aids, too? And while we're at it, why not eliminate the requirement of full access for those in wheelchairs? If physics is being taught only on the second floor and a student can't get there, that's life.

Robert J. Sternberg cites oo studies or other evidence to support his claim that special accommodations are doing the learning disabled more harm than good and that they are being set up for failure later on.

Considering that many such students are of superior intelligence and were never given the opportunity tn exhibit their abilities before accommodations were made, perhaps what is really happening is that the playing field is being leveled. Rather than being set up for failure, these students are being given the chance to STEVEN H. LEVIN succeed Briarcliff, N.Y., Aug. 25, 1997

Missing Compassion

To the Editor:

What a relief that Robert J. Sternberg feels that failure is a great asset for the learning-disabled child ("Extra Credit for Doing Poorly," Op-Ed, Aug. 25)! He is surely an example to all of us with children like those he describes. After all, it would seem that be, too, has failed -- in compassion and understanding, and yet he can be published as an authority on your Op-Ed page. ELLEN MCHUGH Brooklyn, Aug. 27, 1997

Everything's an Illness

In the Editor:

Robert J. Sternberg (Op-Ed, Aug. 25) inadvertently identifies the major cause of the problem that the United States faces in learning disabilities: the American Psychiatric Association and its Diagnostic and Statistical Manual (fourth editioo).

According to D.S.M.-IV, just about any human behavior is "mental illness." The label "learning disabled" bas been pinned on a million children in this country because according to D.S.M.-IV, they have "attention deficit hyperactivity disorder." Why? Because they "fidget," "can't concentrate," "stare out the window," "davdream" nr "won't wait their turn." Any of these behaviors can result in a diagnosis of attention deficit disorder.

Until the public and the education establishment wake up to what the American Psychiatric Association is perpetrating in the name of help, more children will be getting the message that there is no point in trying to better themselves. MORT HARRIES Haworth, N.J., Aug. 25, 1997

Gore Didn't Break Spirit of Campaign Law

Your Aug. 28 article reports the Pentagon's admission that 20,000 American troops from the 1940's through the mid-1960's may be at risk for bead and neck cancer because they received radiation treatments for inner-ear allments.

The procedure involved pushing a rod containing radium through each nostril and placing it against the opening of the eustachian tubes.

This procedure was not restricted to the military. As a child I underwent precisely the same procedure at a New York hospital for an ear problem in the late 1960's. Over the years 1 have had nagging concerns over the procedure, but this is the first I have beard of its potential effects.

Not only the military but civilian medical facilities as well bave an obligation to track down recipients of this procedure for treatment and compensation. EDWIN EPPICE Glendale, Queens, Aug. 28, 1997

The Times welcomes letters from readers. Letters must include the writer's name, address and telephone number. Those selected may be shortened for space reasons. Fax letters to (212) 556-3622 or send by electronic moil to letters@nytimes.com, or by regular mail to Letters to the Editor, The New York Times, 229 West 43d Street. New York, N.Y. 10036-3959.

Your Aug. 28 editorial criticizes Vice President Gore for violating the "spirit" of the law when he made fund-raising calls from his office. I

The law is driven by a concern about intimidation - that the person solicited might fear that a refusal to contribute will result in an unfavorable action by the Government. But the law prohibits only solicitations made on Federal property. Its spirit is revealed by that narrow focus: one who enters a Government building should not be confronted at that mo-

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ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER, Chairman Chief Executive Officer BUSSELL T LEWIS, President Chief Operating Officer DIANE P. BAKER, Senior Vice President EATHARINE P DARROW, Senior Vice President LEONARD P FORMAN, Senior Vice President JOHN M. O'BRIEN, Senior Vice President DONALD S. SCHNEIDER, Senior Vice Presiden SOLOMON B. WATSON IV, Senior Vice Presiden LAURA J. CORWIN, Secretary

ment with a request for money. It is based on the premise that an inperson visit carries a greater potential for intimidation than other kinds of solicitations.

Had the Vice President made the calls from across the street on his cell phone, the law would not have been applicable. Since the potential for intimidation by a phone solicitation is the same no matter where the call is made from, it makes no sense to say the spirit of the law was violated when Mr. Gore made calls from MITCHELL M. GANS

Rempstead, N.Y., Aug. 29, 1997 The writer is o professor of law at Hofstra University.

To the Editor: Only one fact was missing from your Aug. 28 front-page article on the indictment of Mike Espy, the former Secretary of Agriculture.

Even more outrageous than his unabashed arrogance and deceit was the fact that the investigation Itself cost nearly \$9 million.

Tickets to a Bulls game? The Super Bowl? A steak dinner? Gee, you would think that investigators could bave tracked down \$35,000 worth of crime for a lot less than that. After all, it's not as if be went to the U.S. Open tennis. KATHRYN MANNEX

Washington, Aug. 28, 1997

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In America BOB HERBERT

Maybe

This

Time

Emerson said: "There are people who have an appetite for grief. Pleasure is not strong enough and they

We know who those people are.

It is a sickness, this rooting for the

Jets. Year after year, decade after decade, I have watched this team in

its sparkling green and white uni-

forms trot onto the field at the begin-

ning of the season and I have hoped,

passionately hoped, for a winner. Al-

Not long ago the Jets fired a coach who had lost his last five games and

replaced him with one who had lost his last seven. Two years ago the

team won 3 games and lost 13, the

worst record in professional football. Fans prayed that the nadir had been reached, and cheered during the off season as the team spent an incredihie \$80 million to here new and pre-

sumably better players. It didn't work. Last year the team won 1

I have grown from a skinny teenager to a middle-aged man with this team, following it faithfully in a kind of time warp as so many other things changed, as Vietnam came and went, as the cold war drew to its conclu-

sion, as Lyndon Johnson gave way to

Richard Nixon, and so on, through Ford and Carter and Reagan and

There was one hrief burst of glory

in 1969, when Joe Namath led the

team m an upset of the Baltimore Colts in Super Bowl III, but that was

followed by more than a quarter of a

century of notoriously had foothall.

During that period the Jets fielded some of the worst teams in the histo-

"It's a lifelong torment," said an-

other fan. "We sit out there in the

pouring rain, in the snow. There

should be a 12-step program for us."

Now, like compulsive gamblers

with their rationalizations at the

ready, Jets fans are entering yet

For Jets fans,

hope springs

eternal.

another season of hope. This time it

is Bill Parcells, one of the great

coaches of recent years, who is sup-

posed to lead us to the promised land.

Mr. Parcells, a tough guy, has

counseled us to forget the traumas of

the past, to shed them like a ratty.

threadbare coat. History means

nothing, he says. But that's his opin-

ion. Mr. Parcells has been to three

Super Bowls in the last dozen years.

Jets fans, on the other hand, are a

fearful lot. We bave endured so

been born since the Jets won the

Super Bowl, and 1,3 billion have died.

To get an idea of how really long ago

it was, consider the following: Man

had not yet walked on the moon. Earl

Warren was still the Chief Justice of

the United States. Bill Clinton was 22

years old. Bill Gates was 13. Katie

umph engineered by the gimpy-

kneed Namath and his upstart team-

mates, could possibly have known

that it would be almost a steadily

downhill ride from then until the turn

And what fan, having hung on

throughout that terrible ride, can be

confident now that things are chang-

ing? We have been teased so many

times before. I remember a national-

ly televised Monday night game in

1991. The Jets were in the midst of

yet another supposed renaissance.

Not only had they changed coaches,

they bad changed the design of their

uniforms. And they had a highly tout-

ed running back named Blair Thom-

as. Speedy. Powerful. Good. That's

The Jets were leading the Chicago

What fan, delirious from the tri-

Couric had just turned 12.

of the millennium?

what we were told.

More than 3.6 billion people have

much.

otherwise known as the playoffs.

most always, they lose.

game and lost 15.

Bush and Clinton.

They are the fans of the New York

crave pain."

ind be

pi-ids

le

Bears 13-6 with less than two minutes to play. The game was in the hag. The Jets had possession and all they had to do was hang on to the ball to win. The quarterback handed off to Blair Thomas, and he promptly fumbled. The Bears quickly scored and won the game m overtime.

The Times ran a headline the next day that said: "Maybe Somebody Up There Doesn't Like the Jets." Once again we have a new coach

(the fourth in five years) and the team is contemplating a uniform change. But the fans are the same. We cannot help ourselves. We want to believe that this time will be different. We are following Mr. Par-

The season opener is today, against the Seahawks in Seattle. The kickoff is at 4 P.M. I can't

THE NEW YORK TIMES, SUNDAY, AUGUST 31, 1997

What's Ahead for Working Men and Women

enty-five years ago, had anyone ever heard of "telecommuting" to work? Twenty years ago, was there such o thing as o "contract worker"? The working world isn't what it used to be, and more change, no doubt, lies ahead. Whot can American workers expect in the future? Here are a few scary — and optimistic — answers.

Paul Krugman is o professor of economics at M.I.T.

Most people assume that the jobs of the future will be related to the technologies of the future. They imagine that we will become a society of telecommuting nerds.

Historically, bowever, the opposite has bappened: job growth tends to be greatest in the occupations that new technology affects the least. We have become supremely efficient at growing food; that is why there are so few farmers

In the Labor Department's list of "occupations with the largest job growth," the top five categories are cashiers, janitors and cleaners, salespeople, waiters and waitresses, and nurses. All of these jobs involve "being there" — having face-to-face contact with the consumer, or dealing in a hands-on way with the unpredictable messiness of the physical world. To put it a hit differently: the typical worker of the 21st century will be doing precisely the kinds of thing that you can't do over the Inter-

Lester C. Thurow is o professor of economics at M.I.T.

The era of lifelong company jobs with regular promotions and annual real wage increases is over. It is your responsibility to manage your own lifetime career. But you won't have a lifetime career.

No one can manage his or her own career without a road map, and economic road maps cannot be drawn unless there are career ladders across companies. And they simply

In Europe, the Middle Ages saw vast numbers of masterless laborers wandering back and forth across the countryside. Walled cities and towns were the answer. The Japanese talk about the chaos of having samurai without masters. Our future is the masterless American laborer, wandering from employer to employer, unable to build a career.

Studs Terkel is the author of "My American Century."

With the teamsters' astonishing victory against United Parcel Service, a word long considered quaint solidarity - has found a new resonance among the great many, hitherto unconcerned. How come? Consider the pervasiveness of part-timers and temps in the workplace. Less pay, fewer benefits, no security.

You, a long-time, full-time employee of the company, seemingly secure, find yourself side by side with a parttimer or temp. What's to prevent you from becoming one of them if it's to the advantage of Mr. Big? Subliminally, images of George and Lenny appear. John Steinbeck's ranch hands - part-timers, temps - may have worked in the fields. Today,

ing the monarchy."

George and Lenny work in banks, law firms, insurance companies or perhaps at your workplace. You bet vou're concerned.

Artie Russell Hochschild is the author of "The Time Bind: When Work Becomes Home and Home Becomes Work."

In the next great shift, the American work force will bifurcate into two groups, the overworked and the underworked. Fewer of us will strike that elusive balance between work and the rest of our lives. Every time a company downsizes, it exacerbates this split.

Workers who are let go will face a market filled with jobs less secure, less well paid, more often temporary or part time than the ones they had before. They will wonder how to plan family events and pay next month's rent. For those who work long hours in understaffed offices or factories, home becomes a branch office in which to schedule brief "appointments" with loved ones at home.

Scott Adams is the author of "The Dilbert Future: Thriving on Stupidity

in the 21st Century." The higgest change in the workplace of the future will be the widespread realization that having one idiot boss is a much higher risk than

baving many idiot clients. Employees will flee their corporate jobs in increasing numbers, setting up shop as independent contractors. Every person will be a microbusiness.

I hase this prediction on two forces. The first is economics, Contract employees have less management burden. They don't have to attend mandatory safety meetings, mandatory diversity-awareness classes, or mandatory anything. They just work. A contract employee can charge double the cost of a regular employee and still be

The second factor: a growing popular understanding of the relative risk of working alone versus the risk of working for one person who can fire you or make you miserable.

When enough people fire their bosses and succeed on their own, it will become increasingly obvious that the greatest risk is a failure to diversify your boss's influence on your fate. That will be a bad time to be a boss.

William Julius Wilson, n professor of social policy at Harvard, is the author of "When Work Disappears."

With changes in technology and the globalization of the economy, knowledge-based industries will soon dwarf Western nations. While many better- vered largely because women, out of

educated workers will benefit from these changes, the demand for lowskilled workers will plummet to the lowest depths in human history. In the United States, this pattern will be reflected in extreme and growing wage differentials between the economic haves and have nots.

Increased trade with developing countries will aggravate the economic woes of low-skilled workers. A good deal of domestic production will be displaced by imported products. However, the depressed wages of low-skilled workers will lower the economic incentive to import these products. Nonetheless, the growing wage inequality will enhance economic class antagonisms. As the recognition grows that diminishing wages cut across all groups, political pressures to address this problem with domestic programs will become increasingly multiracial in nature.

Elizabeth Perie McKenna is the author of "When Work Doesn't Work Anymore."

The unfinished women's revolution cootinues. For all this country's talk about valuing families, we all still work in a world where we're best rewarded if we pretend we don't all other industries in the economies of have any. This fantasy has perse-

ry of pro sports. "Rooting for the Jets," sald a long-time fan, "is like reading novels in necessity, have focused on getting the jobs they deserve, not changing a which all the good parts have been

business culture. As more women work, our values and needs come with us. Since business must attract and keep talented women, the shift to a "humanized" work world has begun, led by the half of the human race still primarily responsible for taking the dog to the vet.

This shift will mean work environments where careers aren't traumatized by the birth of a child, where "flex time" and "joh sharing" aren't synonyms for "mommy track," where companies see the wisdom and profit of less stressed-out workers, and where the definition of success is rewritten to include balance, meaning and connection as much as money, power and prestige.

Michael Moore has just completed "The Big One," a documentary.

1 believe the next big labor trend will be the exciting new growth industry of privately owned prisons. For years we've had to settle with accepting inferior products made by inmates in far-off countries. I bought an umhrella made in China the other day and the darn thing fell apart before I eveo got home. I thought, "If this had been made by American prisoners with good ol' American know-how, I'd be dry."

Why should we go all the way to China to have things made with prison labor when we can do that right here? Many American companies are already doing this. We have the largest prison population ever, and there are only so many license plates to be made.

What an underutilized resource! Why not convert all our closed-down factories into sparkling new prisons? All we have to do to get our old jobs back is turn to a life of crime.

Albert J. Dunlap is chairman and chief executive of the Sunbeam Corporation.

The key to economic growth in the global economy is the freedom and flexibility inherent in America's free enterprise system. But too many workers have not been able to reap the benefits.

This is why some of America's most innovative companies have developed a policy that should become a model: awarding stock options m all workers. A piece of equity in the company should not be traded for wage concessions, but rather be provided in addition to regular compensation. Stock options do more than just increase employee compensation. They shake up the corporate culture and change employee attitudes. Waste gets eliminated, supplies are used more effectively, and employee time is used more productively. It's high time for all C.E.O,'s and boards of directors to take the lead and turn workers from renters

Claudia Shear is an actress and the author of the play "Blown Sideways Through Life."

into owners.

To me, the next great shift for American workers as they drift, tethered together only by computer cables in the arid landscape of the communication revolution, is that there isn't anyone to order hinch in with and split the fries.

Old Saws, Sharpened

commentators, wiseacres, actual working folks and people with nothing better to do were asked to put a 1997 type of spin on five classic snippets of labor-related Americana.

All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy.

... makes Jack want to appear on the cover of George magazine without his clothes on. Wait, maybe that should be all play and no

Christopher Corbett Baltimore writer ... pretty well describes Tom

Stoppard's "Arcadia." Gordon Osmond Manhattan playwright

... makes Jack a Type A personality with cardiovascular problems desperately trying to ditch his time share in Florida while sweating out a securities investigation.

Will Durst Host of PBS's "Livelyhood" You load 16 tons, whaddaya get?

... Another day older, and deeper in debt. Folk song

an OSHA inspect. Will Durst ... A passenger with a lot of lug-

gage who's only going three blocks. Chris Morinrty New York cabbie

... Actually, you don't get 16

Four hours of paperwork and

n which an assortment of tons, because this package is sold You shall not press down upon the by volume, not weight. Contents hrow of labor ... may have settled during shipping and handling. So maybe you get II tons. Whaddaya want?

Christopher Corbett ... A very angry hard drive. Gordon Osmond

.. A teamsters' strike against

Stephanie Robbins Illinois lawyer

.. If you're a workfare mother, \$5.15 an hour. If you're a school custodian, \$10.35 an hour. If you're a oursing home aide, \$8 to \$15 an hour. If you're with U.P.S. full time. \$17 an bour. If you're a new public school teacher, \$24,000 a vear. If you're Bill Gates, sometimes \$1 million a day.

Susan Jane Gilman Washington writer I put 34 years into this firm, Howard, and now I can't pay my insur-

ance! You can't eat the orange and throw the peel away - a man is not a piece of

Willy Loman "Death of n Salesman"

... have my Bud Light.

Chris Moriarty ... expect me to continue to survive hy supplementing my pay with company office supplies.

Seattle administrative analyst ... believe the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act will cure the problem.

Stephanie Robbins

Ron Schultz

... this crown of thorns. ... the whims of young whippersnappers with M.B.A.'s.

Sue Ann Boehme Memphis businesswoman ... Try the chest for a better chance at resuscitation.

Gordon Osmond .. ever. That's their really sensitive spot. It really makes them mad when you touch them there. Touching that brow area wakes up the union movement. And then

Andy Valvur San Francisco comedian

I don't wanna work, just want to bang on the drum all day. Todd Rundgren song Matthew Scully

Virginia writer ... to shop the Internet all day. Ron Schultz ... to be walted on hand and foot by nuhile houseboys while I write

my feminist discourse. Susan Jane Gilman ... my husband to.

Cynthia Kaplan Manhattan actress . to press down upon the hrow of labor this crown of thorns.

Christopher Corbett ... to have the American Dream handed to me by my parents.

Andy Valvur

Tę G

THE ARTS

On Film, World War II is Still a Moral Minefield

By ANNETTE INSDORF

ORLD WAR II may have ended in 1945, but the shadows cast by its devastation still permeate contemporary cinema. At least three movies about to open - "My Mother's Courage," "A Self-Made Hero" and "The Long Way Home" - attest not only to the continuing fascination that the war holds for filmmakers as well as audiences but also to a historical reckoning. All of these films probe degrees of governmental guilt, from the Nazis' Final Solution, to French collaboration, to United States immigration quotas.

Each movie has a distinct context, form and set of concerns. From Germany, Michael Verhoeven's film "My Mother's Courage" is the fictional reconstruction of a true story about the deportation of a Hungarian-Jewish woman. From France, Jacques Audiard's "Self-Made Hero" is a fictional film that questions the image of France as a resisting nation. And from the United States, "The Long Way Home" is a documentary, directed by Mark Jonathan Harris for the Simoo Wiesenthal Center in Los Angeles, that traces the postwar period when tens of thousands of European refugees attempted the clandestine voyage to Palestine.

Mr. Verhoeven, 59, is best known for another exploration of wartime Germany and its legacy, "The Nasty Girl" (1990). That film was based on the true story of a young Bavarian woman who after the war encountered obstacles to writing an essay with the title "My Town During the Third Reich." Earlier, he directed "The White Rose" (1982), a dramatic reconstruction of a student group that fought the Nazis. "My Mother's Courage" can be seen as the third part of a trilogy that confronts German wartime guilt as well

as postwar amnesia. Based on a play by George Tabori that was first staged in 1978, the film takes place during one summer day in 1944: Elsa Tabori (Pauline Col-

with a smile, and his voice-over narration begins; newsreel images of Germany's famed Babelsberg Studio are accompanied by another male voice, which turns out to be that of Joseph Goebbels, Hitler's propaganda chief; and on the set of the film, Mr. Tabori's 80th birthday is celebrated by cast and crew.

Lest a filmmaker himself feel guilty for "using" the Holocaust to make a fictional film, this self-conscious layering provides a "frame" and a reminder that what is inside the frame is fabricated - Mr. Verboeven, who is not Jewish, explained in an interview. "We have no right to assert that this is reality," he said, precisely because it is a true story."

"No, it is only a reflection," he continued. "The dimensions of this horror, of this truth, are so unimaginable that I could never really reproduce them. This is why I make it clear that it is a film, a perform-

"My Mother's Courage," which won both the Bavarian Film Prize in Germany last year and a special award from the 1997 Jerusalem Film Festival, contains visual allusions to movies like "The Great Dictator" by Charles Chaplin and "Shoah" by Claude Lanzmann. These are Mr. Verhoeveo's way of acknowledging that his movie is part of a nowestablished international genre, the Holocaust film, and that there are dangers inhereot in a form like the docudrama, which purports to recreate history.

Cinema can only approximate reality," he insisted. "The more perfectly cinema is able to imitate reality, the more questionable I find it particularly with this subject. I would rather use drastic changes of style, including slapstick and homage to films, so we all know, 'This is cinema.'

While I admire the intentions and effect of films such as 'Schindler's List," "he continued, referring to Steven Spielberg's 1993 film, "I bave to find my own way - a more European, German way - of depicting these events, which are an important



Pauline Collins and Ulrich Tukur in Michael Verhoeven's "My Mother's Courage" - Only a reflection of history.

the true stories of others, fabricating a oew identity as a member of the French Resistance. He earns the trust of those in power and is promoted to the rank of lieutenant colonel.

R. AUDIARD offers a wry view of just how easy it was to invent a past in the confusion of 1944 and 1945. "This was when the great lie that gave birth to my generation was built up, namely France as a war resister," he said, speaking after a screening of his movie at the Telluride Film Festival in Colorado last year. "This is a country that after five years of zealous collaboration tries to reconstruct Its Identity and its virtue around a great lie."

"A Self-Made Hero" is part of a rich cinematic tradition that began with Marcel Ophuls's "Sorrow and the Pity." It consists of films that explore and ultimately expose how victims of Nazism had more to fear from French denunciation or arrest than from German occupiers.

Claude Berri's latest movie, "Lucie Aubrac," released in France this vear, probes even more painfully into the betrayal of French Resist-"Lucie Aubrac" - based, like "My Mother's Courage," on the true story of one woman's bravery combined with luck - has been questioned by some French critics for what they see as its melodramatic or old-fashioned form. While World War II is still haunting filmmakers - even after movies ranging from François Truffaut's "Last Metro" (1980) to Louis Malle's "Au Revoir, les Enfants" (1987) - the originality of the European approach in the 1990's seems to lie in its irony.

Like "My Mother's Courage," Self-Made Hero' includes an eyewinking device that distances the viewer: an older Albert (Jean-Louis Trintignant) recounts the tale to the camera, and we see musicians playtra self-consciously reveal that they are performing the soundtrack of the movie. Mr. Audiard thus fulfills an adage of Jean-Luc Godard: "The only reality in a film is the reality of

its own making." Wheo it comes to documentaries, "reality" is a problematic term indeed. And "The Long Way Home" like the two previous films produced by the Simon Wiesenthal Center, 'Genocide' and "Liberation" presents powerful historical material, with actors reading the testimony of survivors and other ceotral par-

rope's doomed Jews by nations, including the United States. It shows how insult was added to injury when the survivors were imprisoned again in displaced persons camps, whose conditions were only slightly better than those of the conceotration camps. The film also presents the refugees' efforts to get to Palestine, and Britain's heartless attempts to block them. As the narration explains, bankrupt Britain's policy was based on its need for oil, which was to he found only in the Arab world.

When asked about the context for "The Long Way Home," the director cited acclaimed documentaries like "Shoah" and Alain Resnais's "Night and Fog" as examples of films that have already documented the depravity of the coocentration camps. "But," Mr. Harris continued, "few films have dealt with the experiences the survivors faced in the displacedpersons camps afterward - the indifference and hostility, the irony of being liberated but oot free."

ACROSS

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Just as the fleeing Jewish passengers on the ocean liner St. Louis were denied the chance to disembark in America during World War II, the illegal ship Exodus 1947, crammed with Holocaust survivors, was not permitted to land in Palestine two years after the war ended. Archival film and witnesses recall how the refugees were forced back to camps in Germany. Even legal immigration quotas in the United States were not met because some right-wing politicians and patriotic organizations opposed admitting the refugees. Ultimately, fear of Communist infiltratioo overrode compassion.

"My primary purpose in making the film, though, was not to damn America and Britain for their postwar conduct toward the Jews, or to explore their guilt," Mr. Harris said, "but to examine how all of us people as well as nations - respond to survivors of such overwhelming pain and tragedy. Most of all, I wanted to look at how the survivors them-

MAGAZINE MERGER MANIA

BY DAVID J. KAHN / EDITED BY WILL SHORTZ

selves managed to begin again."

Whether the alm of filmmakers is to honor the survivors or to educate younger viewers with cautionary tales, movies like "My Mother's Courage," "A Self-Made Hero" and "The Long Way Home" suggest that certain wounds will never beal, for individuals or nations. In this way, the films are much like "Hitler's Willing Executioners" by Daniel Jonah Goldhagen, the recent book that has provoked so much discussion about the culpability of the German

"Despite all the books and movies produced on World War II and the Holocaust," said Mr. Harris, "it's still very difficult to comprehend, intellectually and emotionally, their catastrophic dimensions."

Annette Insdorf, outhor of "Indelible Shodows: Film and the Holocoust," is director of undergraduate film studies at Columbia University.

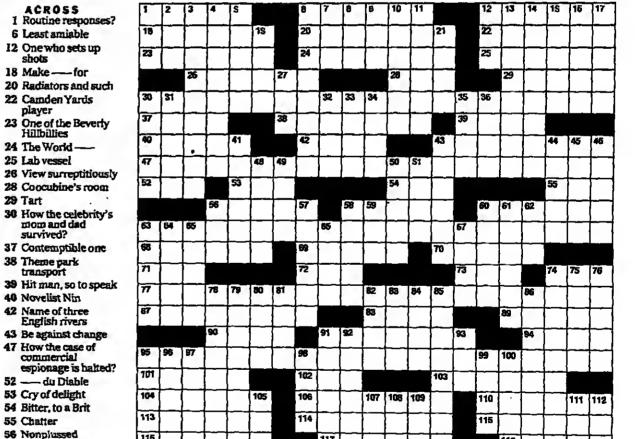
Mathieu Kassovitz in "A Self-Made Hero," by Jacques Audiard - A fictional film that's an allegory for an entire country, France.

lins), a cheerful Hungarian-Jewish woman, is suddenly arrested and set oo a path to Auschwitz. Using dark humor, "My Mother's Courage" fulfills its :itle when Elsa boldly convinces the supervising SS officer that she has a Red Cross pass to travel freely. Miraculously, she returns to Budapest in the train compartment of this officer, a vegetarian who sees no irony in telling her he can't stand the idea of a creature being hacked

to death. The beginning of "My Mother's Courage" is like a series of Chinese boxes, as Mr. Verhoeven leads viewers to reflect on how history is represented: on video, a German man denies that he ever took part in the deportation of Hungarian Jews (he will later be seen as the SS officer); George Tabori greets the audience part of the history of my country. This is one of the reasons the film opens and closes in present-day Berlin: to show that this story is being told from a modern German perspecrive."

Mr. Verhoeven makes it clear with a written coda that Elsa Tabori's story, while true, is atypical: out of 760,000 Jews in Hungary before the German occupation, 500,000 were killed. By contrast, "A Self-Made Hero," which opens Sept. 12, is a fictional film that its director sees as an allegory for an entire country, France. In Mr. Audiard's adaptation (with Alain Le Henry) of the novel by Jean-François Deniau, the ceotral character, Albert (Mathieu Kassovitz), misses the chance to be a hero early in World War II. At the end of the war, however, he appropriates ing. Subsequent shots of the orches-40 Novelist Nin 42 Name of three 47 How the case of 52 -- du Diable 53 Cry of delight 54 Bitter, to a Brit 55 Chatter 56 Nonplussed 58 Birchbark 60 Bowling game 63 Commute overseas 68 Quit

ticlpants from the end of World War Narrated by Morgan Freeman, "The Long Way Home," which is opening on Sept. 19, confronts national guilt based on Indifference, for example how little was done for Eu-



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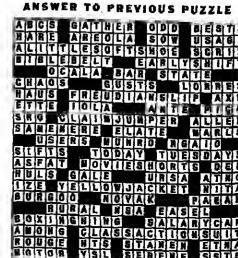
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Jewish refugees in a displaced-persons camp, as shown in "The Long Way Home," a new documentary,

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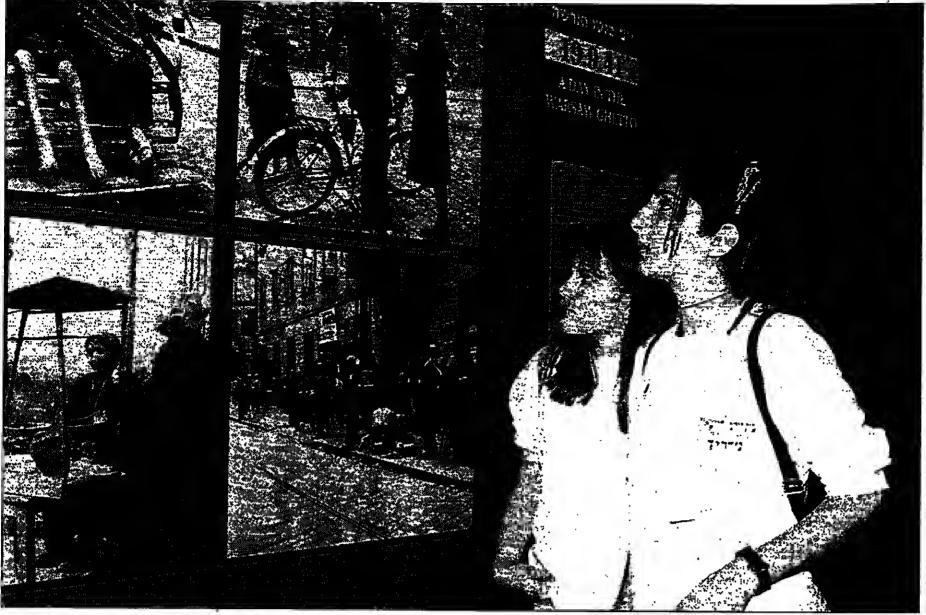
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Young Arabs and Jews learn to coexist through studying together: 'The story of the Holocaust is so strong, it creates the possiblity of real diaologue.'

guiding their families, their teachers,

their friends. It gave them a lot. Each

one seemed 10 centimeters taller,"

said Tzvika Oren, a teacher in the

"My mother cried at the gradua-tion," said Samahar Khirbawi, 16, of

Julis. "She said she didn't know it would be so interesting and special."

The graduates are now considered

official guides and will lead younger

sses through the museum nex

Until now, teaching the Holocaust

to Arab youngsters "was a taboo

subject," said Kalisman. "The Arabs

said that bringing up the Holocaust

was manipulative, and the Jews feh

they didn't want Arabs to touch the

Holocaust because it is holy and they

"But we feel this is the way to real

coexistence - learning together, dis-

cussing together. Because the story

ates the possibility of real

International School for Holocaust

Studies at Yad Vashem in Jerusalem

said his organization is also begin-

There is a very basic difficulty

here," he said. "We researched the

matter for a year. We didn't want a

situation in which the Arab children

would come here and after four min-

utes say, 'What about the Arab holo-

- which they consider to

ning to reach out to Israel's Arabs.

Motti Shalem, director of the

of the Holocaust is so strong, it cre-

would politicize it.

A taboo overturns, revealing trust

o a hot summer's day, 16 teeoagers walk through Yad Vashem accompanied by a handful of adults. The scene is commonplace until you look a little closer and listen more carefully.

Some of the teens speak softly among themselves. Their language is Arabic, and they come from villages with names like Julis and Kafr Yasif. Like the Jewish members of the group, the Arab and Druse teens wear long white T-shirts displaying the name of the Ghetto Fighters Museum and the word "GUIDE" printed in large block letters across

The group's tour through Yad Vashem is the culmination of a yearlong afterschool program that teaches Arab, Druse and Jewish highschool students about the Holocaust. All 113 participants volunteered for

What happened to the Jews - this painful thing - made me feel I had to know more," said Rania Sakas, a.17year-old from Kafr Yasif, with attractive brown eyes and a quick smile. "I knew the Holocaust happened, but I didn't understand its enormity. I didn't realize how many innocent people died and how bard it was for the Jews.

"Before this workshop, I identified with the Jews, but now I understand more about their pain." Sakas, along with 19 other stu-

dents from Kafr Yasif, 24 from the Druse village of Julis, 39 from Acre and 30 from kibbutzim in the north, spent one afternoon a week from October to March studying about the Holocaust at the Ghetto Fighters' Museum at Kibbutz Lohamei Hageta'ot. At the end of the program, those who wanted to participated in four day-long sessions during the summer in which they learned together about related subjects such as Holocaust denial and

Arab and Druse highschoolers studying the Holocaust in depth? The notion seemed unrealistic until a year-long afterschool program uncovered an eagerness and empathy no one knew was there. Ruth Mason reports.

the Armenian genocide.

The project is the brainchild of Raya Kalisman, a former history teacher and school principal from Misgav. She said this is the first time in Israeli history that Arab youth are learning about the Holocaust in depth. (They are taught a little about it in 11th grade for their matricula-

During a sabbatical year in at the Holocaust museum in a project that taught African-American high-school studeots about the Holocaust.

"I saw what the program did for these kids and I thought, 'If this is so successful with children who have oo connection with Israel, why oot try it here?" she recalled. The museum staff was excited

about Kalisman's idea and is supporting the project, though not financially. The Education Ministry paid Kalisman's salary for a year while she set up the project and also paid for the project's first year. Next year, her salary will be paid by the Gbetto Fighters' Museum and the project is to be financed with a grant from the Abraham Fund, which supports Arab-Jewish coexistence programs.

We have to learn about the past in order to fix the future," explained Rachelle Schilo, director of the Abraham Fund's Israel office. "The Holocaust and its humanistic ramifications can help all of us understand the dangers of racism."

At first Kalisman did not know if high-school students would respond. Teachers told me that kids wouldn't come out in the afternoons," she

But after all the ninth graders in Julis visited Yad Layeled, the new children's memorial at the Ghetto Fighters' Museum, half of them volunteered to continue in the afternoon hardly knew anything," Kalisman

"Yad Layeled is a living museum that tells the story of the Holocaust to children from the point of view of children. We don't use much written material. Visitors listen to tapes from children's journals, children's voices, videotapes of adults telling about themselves as children during the Holocaust," she explained.

Those who participated in the afternoon program also learned to use the Internet at the Oranim Teachers' Seminary and communicated through E-mail with African-American pupils in Washington learning about the Holocaust. Kalisman hopes to bring the two groups together some day.

The highlight for students and teachers alike was the graduation ceremony, during which the gradu-ates guided their families around Yad Layeled and exhibits at the

Ghetto Fighters' Museum. "It was amazing to see these kids

"You have to move carefully and slowly. Last year we concentrated on research and teachers; this year we hope to bring dozens of Arab classes to Yad Vashem.

Israeli Arabs.

learn about our suffering," Khirbawi said. "It's not fair that I learn about their suffering and they don't learn about ours. I hope in the future they

to have this dialogue," Kalisman said. "Our mandate is to teach about the Holocaust, but we are thinking together about how best to address this issue."

ing for a course, planned in conjunc-tion with Haifa University, that would bring 15 Arab and 15 Jewish history teachers together to teach the narratives of both peoples in a way that will increase understanding.

It seems clear that the Arab participants have gained a greater sensitivity to the Jewish past and to Jewish pain. And it's changed some attitudes, too.

have happened in '48.

Kalisman encountered the same challege in a teacher-training project she launched earlier this year. It brought together 35 Arab teachers in a four-hour weekly seminar on teaching the Holocaust - the first of its kind for Arabic-speakers. One of the issues that invariably comes up in the Arab groups - both teachers and students - is the suffering of

"It's not less important that Jews

She is currently looking for fund-

"Everything I learned here helps me respect Jews as people," Khalil Ayoub, 15, of Acre, said. "Before, I didn't talk much with Jews. I didn't have much contact. Now, when I meet a Jew, I speak to him, maybe even take a phone number. I see them as people. That's what I learned from this course - to respect



othing like a traditional bar mitzva, marshmallows and all.

When Rabbi Jay Karzen made aliya from Chicago in 1985, he disoovered that the last thing the Jewish State needs is rabbis. Fortunately, he is just the right kind of rabbi to make his mark here: unorthodox Orthodox. After a year here, he found bis calling. He couldn't help but notice the balagan at the Wall, which for locals might be a way of life, but for visiting families conscripting their children into Jewish adulthood, well, something had to be done.

The Bar Mitzva King was born. He called bis shiek Rituals Unlimited, never realizing that bundreds of rituals later, he'd be writing a book on the "unlimited"

He'a been asked to fulfill some of the damdest requests you can imagine. Like the 75-year-old man who wanted a bar mitzva ... to please his 95-year-old mother.

Some of the letters he's received suggest that there are Jewish youngsters (he also does a nice bat mitzva) who might just as well be summoned to the Torah in Disneyland. An Arab beigele vendor at Dung Gate understands more about Judaism, and the Wall, and bar mitzvas, than a fair slice of

Diaspora Jewry. Rabbi Karzen assures us that all these letters are real (I assure you his responses were a lot more kindly than my suggestions hereunder)

We would like to decorate our side of the mehirza fence with balloons and/or flowers, to make it look more festive. Is this a prob-

A problem? Nah. Regulars at the Wall have long been saying the place needs a bit of oomph. Maybe you can bring some Christmas dec-

We hear that most of the men wear black velvet skullcaps at the Wall. We prefer blue and intend to bring satin kipot with our son's name and date on them. Is this

"Can you rem tefillin in Israel? We do not wish to purchase this expensive item for one time

Rent a car instead. A pair of tefill-in is standard equipment with all rent-a-cars in Israel.

Our son does not attend religious school and cannot read any lebrew. Can you conduct an all-English bar mitzva service for us? A cinch. We'll just use the original English version of the Torah, and not the Hebrew translation.

"Jason's birthday is in November, but we can only come to Israel during the summer vacation. Is it permissible to advance the ceremony a few months? Can you be flexible and atretch the law bit? After all, isn't it more important for a Jewish youngster to have his first aliya in Jerusalem a few months early than not at all? (We could have lied and told you he was already 13.)"

l could go to Rabbinical Prison for that. Tell you what we'll do. You say he'll he 12 years old? We'll give bim a bat mitzva

We will be part of an organized tour group and want to have a simple early morning bar mitzva service in order to be back at the hotel for breakfast and not miss the day's tour. Can we have a 6:30 a.m. service (abbreviated)? Do we get a discount for a aborter

Or you could skip the botel breakfast, ask them for a discount, and I'll arrange for rabbis at the Kotel to serve coffee and danish.

"We plan to write prayers to place inside the Kotel, as is the tradition. Can these prayers be written in English or must they be only in

I'm afraid the English translator is on vacation at present. Can you write them in Aramaic?

"Please order a large sign with our family name for the Kotel so

'Can you rent tefillin in Israel? We do not wish to purchase this expensive item for one-time usage.'

acceptable and will the ultra-Orthodox make fun of us if we wear yarmulkas of a different color and fabric?"

I assure you the ultra-Orthodox, who are avowedly not clothes-conscious, will be deeply moved by it all. In fact, I suggest you bring an extra supply of blue satin kippor for them to wear too. And I'll tell them to wear their blue suits.

We expect a very large crowd at the Western Wall for our simcha. Can you please arrange to book the entire Kotel for this event. We are prepared to pay whatever it costs." Consider it done. I know of an abandoned disco downtown, we can redirect the other worshipers there for the day. Nobody will mind. PS: There's an automatic teller embedded in the Wall, for your convenience.

"For our invitations we need to know the exact address of the Kotel.

The Wall, 3842-A The Holy One Blessed Be He Boulevard West, Suite 2428, al-Ouds.

We are not a particularly religious family. Is it possible to have a non-religious BM ceremony at the Wall?

Why, sure! A religious ceremony is not the only way to induct a blushing boy into manhood.

Here in the USA all sets of tefillin we see at the local bookstores and Sisterhood Gift Shoppes are all BLACK. Can tefillin be blue or some other bright color? We would prefer something more festive than black! After all this ia a

When you get to Israel, I'll take you to a Black Sisterhood Gift Shoppe, where all the tefillin are that when the guests arrive they will be able to locate us easily."

Are you in luck. They've just installed a great new electronic cartoony kind of stadium scoreboard on the Kotel. We can program it to flash messages like "Yo! Gerald's bar mitzva guests! Over here by the hot-dog stand!"

"We are preparing the Torah hocors list to bring with us. Can a non-Jew have a oon-speaking honor during the Torah service (i.e., opening the Ark curtain or doors)??? Will it be offensive to you if we give such an honor to a Jew who is agnostic?"
I'm afraid this would not be

allowed. They will have to con--vert. Fortunately, your bar mitzva package includes five free circum-

"Our travel agent has booked you to officiate at our daughter's bat mitzva ... She wishes to wear a tallit for the service and we wish to purchase this item in Israel. We understand that in an area called 'Meah Shearim' they have the largest selection of tallitor. Do they also carry a variety of female tallitot in feminine colors?" You're more likely to find this

item in Gaza City.

"I know that you supply the candy that is thrown at the bar mitzva. Our son is afraid of being hurt by aggressive candy-throwers. Can we bring marshmallows from the States?"

May I suggest felafel balls.

Yasher koach to Rabbi Karzen for sharing this stuff with us, Watch for his book, Joyous Jewishness, coming to a Jewish bookstore or Sisterhood Shoppe near you. Movie rights available

Brothers under the skin

One is white, middle-class and Jewish, the other

black and poor. The two Washington-area

highschool seniors, are both learning to be

soldiers in the 'army of racism eradicators.'

By DONALD P. BAKER

Teenagers Greg Bernard, Jewish and from a middledelass Silver Spring, Maryland, family, and D'Vaughn Spencer, who is black and lives in a poor section of Washington, DC, seem to have little in common. But after nearly a month of sharing

the experiences of their respective heritages - from planting flowers in a garden in the racially torn Crown Heights neighborhood of Brooklyn to repairing an arson-damaged black church in Greensboro, Alabama the two young men made an unexpected discovery. We could be brothers. The ideas

that we have... he was finishing my sentences," said Bernard, 17, exchanging a high-five with Spencer. 'It showed me we really are the

same," confirmed Spencer, 16. Both of us believe in non-prejudice." Interjected Bernard, "In healing, and fixing our differences."

Bernard and Spencer are among 22 Washington-area high school seniors — 11 Jewish and 11 black participating in a year-long program called Operation Understanding DC, which seeks to rebuild alliances between the two minorities.

The highlight of the program is a recently completed 25-day tour of sites that hold special meaning for blacks and Jews, including Harlem

ing the monarchy."

and Ellis Island in New York, the Lorraine Hotel in Memphis, where Martin Luther King Jr. was assassinated, and a memorial to slain civil

Missouri. Our mission is simple, ambitious and vital," said founder Karen Kalish. "We aim to bring these two groups together again to dispel stereotypes — promote cooperation, mutual respect, dialogue and understanding. We are preparing them to promote interracial harmony, respect for diversity, and eradicate racism by building a positive coalition between

rights workers in Philadelphia,

the two groups." At its conclusion, Kalish hopes to unleash "an army of racism eradicators" who are equipped for leadership roles in a nationwide dialogue on race, a goal compatible with President Clinton's call for "a great and unprecedented conversation about race," which he issued one week before these teenagers embarked on their search for commonality and understanding.

But first the teenagers had to confront their stereotypes of each other.

Bernard's classmate, Anna Mackler, said she thought "everyone in the South was a hick or a redneck and they all lived in trailers." Rebecca Stoil of Alexandria, Virginia, said she believed that "blacks, with a few exceptions, were less ambitious, less interested in literature and dress more trendy" than

she and her friends. And Washington high-school senior Damien Frierson, like several other blacks, acknowledged that he arrived thinking that "all Jews were rich and racist and hated Christians."

It was often at night when the teenagers sat in a circle and "processed" the day's experiences that they began to break down these stereotypes and see each other as

That was true of the evening when the teenagers talked about a visit they bad made a few days earlier to an abandoned Jewish cemetery in rural Port Gibson, Mississippi,

where the Jewish contingent recited Kaddish, while the black students remained on the bus.

It was apparent during the discussion that the Jewish students thought the black students should have joined them at the cemetery. "No death should go forgotten,"

said high-school senior Yael Zakai, who has visited Holocaust camps in Poland, "It could have been a learning experience" for those who stayed on the bus. Several of the blacks responded that they thought the Jewish students wanted privacy for a religious activity.

Such frank exchanges mean "true education is taking place," said Christian Dorsey, a Georgetown University graduate who was one of two trip leaders. Dorsey is black; the other leader was a young Jewish woman, Melinda Pollock from

George Washington University. The organization's \$150,000 annual budget is raised from churches, synagogues, individuals and foundations. The participants are expected

to earn money to cover a share of the trip and to help solicit funds. The largest gift, \$50,000, came from film director Steven Spielberg's "Righteous Persons Foundation," which is funded by profits from his movie Schindler's List.

The program began with a retreat over the Martin Luther King Jr. birthday weekend. By the time this tour began, the teenagers had visited the Holocaust Memorial Museum, attended Easter services at a black church, and shared a Passover Seder. This fall, they will meet with Supreme Court Justices Clarence Thomas and Ruth Bader Ginsburg and with black and Jewish members of Congress, attend a bar or bat mitzva, learn how to respond to racist remarks, and celebrate Hanukka,

Christmas, and Kwanzaa. As the tour progressed, from Crown Heights through the Mississippi Delta, on to Selma and Montgomery, it became apparent to the teenagers that their similarities, which they put in writing, dwarfed their list of differences.

Now Mackler's view is "If I understand you, I am not afraid of you." In Montgomery, the teenagers visited the Southern Poverty Law Center, Martin Luther King's Dexter Avenue Baptist Church and the statehouse where then-Gov. George Wallace boasted, "Segregation today, segregation tomorrow, segregation forever." (AP)

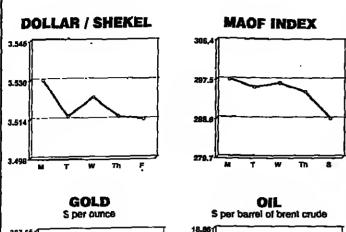
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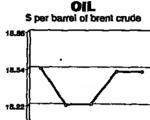






August 1996 - September 1997

in brief



DOLLAR / DEUTSCHEMARK





Bezeq posts NIS 553m. losses

By JENNIFER FRIEDLIN

said yesterday.

Results due to NIS 1b. reorganization costs

Bezeq Ltd.'s second quarter net losses totalled NIS 553.1 million, a result of the reorganization plan which will cost the company NIS l billioo, chairman Izzy Tapoohi

"Any company that goes through a reorganization will have an initiatal loss," Tapoohi said. "But without taking that action the company will oot be able to become leaner and more competitive and to withstand the competition in the coming years."

Second quarter net income in 1996 totalled NIS 168m. Tapoohi said that the restructur-

ing program, which includes the laying off of 1,800 of the company's 9,000 employees by mid1999, is expected to save the company NIS 400m. per year, allowing the company to regain its iovestment within four years'

Revenues for the second quarter of the year totalled NIS 2.19b., compared to NIS 2.15b. in the same period last year, a 1.9% increase.

For the first six months of 1997, revenues rose 4.3% to NIS 4.4b., compared to NIS 4.2b. in the same period one year agn.

Operating profits for the first

half of the year jumped 20.7%, to NIS 799m. from NIS 661m. in the same period last year.

The directors' report said the

company needs to implement the restructuring plan due to intensifying competition in the marketplace. Recently, two new telecommunications companies began providing international service, and the government published a tender for a third cellular phone

While the growing competition may force Bezeq to streamline its activities, it will impede the company's profitability in the future. analvere said.

The company's future is changing as a result of the gradual demonopolization," said Mark Meiras, managing director of Pacific Mediterranean. "The company won't have a significant return on equity in the coming years because they won't have monopolies.

Although income will drop. bringing down expenses will allow the company to maintain its profitability, Tapoohi said. The company's reorganization

plan will be implemented after arrangements are reached with the workers' union, and the resulting agreement is approved by the board, the Government Companies Authority, and the

Under the new structure, there will be fewer field units, and the company will suit itself to its main

role as a national sales company. Last month, Merrill Lynch, the world's largest equities underwriter, bought a 12.5% stake in Bezeq from the government for

The sale of Bezeq shares reduces the government's holding in Bezeg from 76% to 63.5%. Earlier this year, the Knesset Finance Committee approved the Government Companies Authority's

plan to reduce the government's stake in Bezeg from 76% to 52%. Cable and Wireless PLC of the UK has a 10% stake in Bezeq.

The Globes financial daily yesterday reported that sources close to the company said the financial results would hinder Bezeq's 11.5% public share issue, scheduled for November.

Bank of England chief: Pound excessively strong

JACKSON HOLE. Wyoming, (Bloomberg) - The current strength of the British pound is greater than can be sustained over the long run,
Bank of England Governor Eddie
George said Saturday.

"We've got an exchange rate

which is clearly stronger than we think can be sustained in the longer term," George told central bankers and economists at the Kansas City Fed's annual symposium.

Financial stability is the topic of this year's conference, which drew participants from Europe and the Pacific Rim as well as North America and South America.

The strength of the pound "creates a tension between the external and internal interests of the economy." said George, While a strong currency has benefits for the domestic economy, putting downward pressure on consumer prices, it puts exporters at a George's comments came in the context of a discussion of financial asset price fluctuations, which may occur in apparent contradiction to monetary and fiscal policies.

"What can you do, if you're pursuing sound policies and you get asset price fluctuations," anyway, George asked rhetorically. "I think the answer basically is, you have to hold on. We can't expect the world to be the totally ordered and struc-tured place we'd like it to be. We in the UK are confronted with this dilemma now.

The strength of the pound has posed a dilemma for the Bank of England in recent months. In the past year - from August 22, 1996, to August 22, 1997 - sterling has risen 19.5 percent against a tradeweighted basket of currencies and

20,2% against the deutsche mark. At the moment, the drag of the strong pound is working for the Bank of England, restraining inflation without hampering the economy and enabling it to get by without another rate increase.

Still, the strong pound is starting to weigh oo British exporters. Orders to exporters dropped in August to their lowest level since November 1992, according to a survey by the Confederation of British Industry. The CBI said 48 percent of the manufacturers it surveyed see export orders as below normal for this time of year. Only 11 percent reported orders above normal.

The euro, the anticipated European currency, now looks as if it will be less stable and more prone to inflation than the deutsche mark, the de facto benchmark for currency stability on the Continent, so a certain oumber of people are shifting funds into the safe haven of the pound, the bank says.

Once the future of the euro is worked out and people know better bow much it will be worth, the flight to the pound will slack off.

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COMPANY RESULTS Bank Leumi second quarter net up 38%

By DAN GERSTENFELD Bank Leumi reported yesterday that net earnings in the sec-

ond quarter of 1997 rose 38 percent to NIS 168.5 million. During the first six months of the year, net earnings rose 240.4% to NIS 801.1 m. Most of the rise was attributed to a NIS 464.6m. capital gain from the sale of shares in Leumi Insurance Holdings and Africa

Israel Investments. Second quarter net profit to the decision to accelerate the climbed 38.3% to NIS 168.5m. pace of new provisions because from the same period last year.

For the first balf, net profit one-time gains. jumped 240.4% to NIS 801.1m. Credit to the public, in the 12

against 8.1% last year.

Bank Leumi, the couotry's second largest commercial hank, attributed the higher earnings to improved profits in its opera-

tions while containing costs. Provisioo for doubtful debt rose 36% to NIS 334.6m. The bank said the increase was due pace of new provisions because

nf the slow economy and the

Annualized net return on equity, including earnings from the
sale of sbares, was 15% as

Creat to June 30, rose 12.7% up to NIS 971.9m. from NIS
to NIS 82.6b., while deposits
40.1 months to June 30, rose 12.7% up to NIS 971.9m. from NIS
to NIS 82.6b., while deposits
Solel Boneb stated that the net NIS 113.9b.

Solel Boneb Building and Infrastructure announced yesterday that net profit in the second quarter fell to NIS 14m. from NIS 15.8m. a year earlier. Without expenses for workers benefits, net profit rose to NIS

21.8m. During the first six months, net profit rose slightly to NIS 36m. from NIS 35.9m. a year

The company's income went

figures exclude expansions of NIS 7.8m. for a benefit giveo to workers who purchased the company's stock options when

they were offered to the public in May 1997. Without those expenses, profit was NIS 43.8m. The company said it has per-formed works worth NIS 9.71h.

during the first half of the year, which reflects a 2.4% rise from the same period last year.

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Israeli stocks dropped after US shares fell during the Israeli weekend and as investors reacted to higher interest rates.

Leading the decline were: Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Israel's biggest drug company: Bezeq Ltd., the state-controlled telecommunications provider, and Bank Leumi, Israel's No. 2 bank based on assets.

Teva slumped 5.25 percent, while Bezeq and Bank Leumi shed 2.25% apiece.

Among the handful of gaining stocks on the Mishtanim 100, Clal Computers rose 1.5%, and Maritime Bank, which reported that its second-quarter net income had tripled, added 0.5%.

The Maof Index of 25 shares fell 2.34% to 288.16. The Mishtanim Index of 100 shares also fell 2.34% to 280.8. The Maof index is down more than 9% since it 13.4%.



Maof 288.16 ▼ 2.34

touched a record 317.66 on

August 6.
"Wall Street was weak," said Daniella Finn, head of research at securities firm Ilanoi Batucha. "Also, macroeconomic indicators didn't look good after a long period of declining rates. Interest rates went up, and the money supply seems out of control."

Last Thursday, the Bank of Israel raised its benchmark interest rate 0.7 percentage point to

Eli Nahum, head trader at Zannex Securines, also cited "expectations of instability in labor relations," reflecting threats from the Histadrut to call a general strike over the government's efforts to sell state assets.

Investors also are worried about "the continuing freeze in the peace process," he said. American depositary receipts fell to 52 3/8 on Friday, from 54 3/4 on Wednesday, the last day of trading in New York 10 influence Tel Aviv. August was the worst month for

US stocks in seven years. Bank Leumi fell as il reported second-quarter net income rose 38%.

Foods producer Investment Lid. dropped 2%. The company's reported second-quarter net rose 6.6%. Interactive Movies Ltd. sank 8%

No progress in US-Japan trade dispute

WASHINGTON (Renter) - The United States is concerned by a lack of progress in resolving a dispute with Japan over port practices but still hopes that trade sanctions can be avoided, a US official said

"The port practices situation is quite disturbing and we are very concerned with the present status of the discussions in Hunnicult, assistant secretary for aviation and international affairs at the Department of Transportation.

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OATA COMMUNICATIONS VIA



The US Federal Maritime Commission is poised to hit Japanese cargo ships entering US ports with a \$100,000 surcharge on Thursday if Japanese authorities fail to come up with a plan to change port practices that US officials say discriminate against for-

eign shippers. "It is our hope that over the weekend the Japanese parties can reassess their current positions," Hunnicutt told reporters.

Hc said Japanese shippers, forcign shippers and the Japan Harbor Transport Association (JHTA) were to meet on Sunday in an effort to get negotiations back on track.

Sanctions set by the US commission earlier this year were delayed until September 4. after Japanese officials promised to reform port operations.

But US officials said they have

been disappointed with Japanese efforts and that the sanctions will go into effect as planned if no progress is made.

Japanese officials have said they would retaliate if US sanctions are

ISRAEL MONEY MARKETS

| Patah (foreign | currency de | posit rates) | (11.9.96) |
|-------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|
| currency (deposit for:) | 3 MONTHS | 6 MONTHS | 12 MONTHS |
| J.S. dollar (\$250,000) | 4.750 | 5.000 | 5.375 |
| (2100,000) culting (£100,000) | 3.875 | 4.000 | 4.250 |
| Serman mark (DM 200,000) | 1.625 | 1.625 | 2.125 |
| wise tranc (SF 200,000) | 0.625 | 0.750 | 1,000 |
| en (10 million yen) | _ | _ | _ |

(Rates vary higher or lower than indicated according to deposit) Shekel Foreign Exchange Rates* (29.8.97)

| | CHECK | SAND | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|------|--------|
| | TRANSFERS | | BANKNOTES | | Rep. |
| | Buy | Self | Buy | Self | Retes |
| Currency basket | 3.7298 | 3,7900 | - | - | 3.7697 |
| U.S. dollar | 3.4750 | 3.5311 | 3,41 | 3,59 | 3,5140 |
| German mark | 1.9395 | 1.9708 | 1.90 | 2.00 | 1.9584 |
| Pound sterling | 5.6286 | 5.7194 | 5,53 | 5.80 | 5.6885 |
| French franc | 0.5764 | 0.5857 | 0.58 | 0.60 | 0.5819 |
| Japanese yen (100) | 2.9177 | 2.9648 | 286 | 3.01 | 2.9423 |
| Dutch florin | 1,7223 | 1.7501 | 1.69 | 1.79 | 1.7983 |
| Swiss franc | 2.3456 | 2.3835 | 2.30 | 2.42 | 2.3681 |
| Swedish krona | 0.4455 | 0.4627 | 0.43 | 0.46 | 0.4498 |
| Norwegian krone | 0.4692 | 0.4768 | 0.46 | 0.49 | 0.4743 |
| Danish krone | 0.5096 | 0.5179 | 0.50 | 0.53 | 0.5143 |
| Pinnish mark | 0.6464 | 0.6569 | 0.63 | 0.67 | 0.6526 |
| Canadian dollar | 2.4997 | 2.5401 | 2.45 | 2.58 | 2.5276 |
| Australian dollar | 2.5515 | 2.5927 | 2.50 | 2.63 | 2.581a |
| S. African rand | 0.7410 | 0.7530 | 0.67 | 0.76 | 0.7501 |
| Belgian franc (10) | 0.9396 | 0.9548 | 0.92 | 0.97 | 0.9484 |
| Austrian schilling (10) | 2.7562 | 2,8007 | 270 | 2.84 | 2.7828 |
| Italian Tra (1000) | 1.9806 | 2.0126 | 1.94 | 2.05 | 2.0011 |
| Jordanian dinar | 4.8978 | 4.9768 | 4.83 | 5.16 | 4.9372 |
| Egyptian pound | 0.9900 | 1.0700 | 0.99 | 1.07 | 1.1069 |
| ECU | 3.8098 | 3.8713 | - | _ | 3.8470 |
| Irish punt | 5.1778 | 5.2614 | 5.08 | 5.34 | 5.2323 |
| Spanish peseta (100) | 2.2956 | 2.3327 | 2.25 | 2.37 | 2.3179 |

"These rates vary according to bank. "Bank of Israel. SOURCE: BANK LEUM!

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Till 1 a.m. Tuesday: Pharma Daf
Jabotinsky, 125 Ibn Gvirol, 546-2040. Till
midnight: Superpharm Ramat Aviv. 40 Jabotinsky, 125 Ibn Gwirol, 546-2040. 111 midnight: Superpharm Ramat Aviv, 40 Einstein, 641-3730; London Ministore Superpharm, 4 Shaul Hamelech, 696-0115. Ra'anaua-Kfar Sava: Avner Gilad, 34 Weizmann, Kfar Sava, 762-6826. Netanya: Rafa-El, 14 Stamper, 833-1107

Haifa: Hanassi, 33 Hanassi, 833-3312. Krayot area: Kupat Holim Clalii Zevulun, 192 Derech Akko, Kiryat Bialik, 878-7818. Berzliya: Clal Phann, Beit Merkazim, 6 Maskit (cnr. Sderot Hagalim), Herzliya Pinsah, 955-8472, 955-8407. Open 9 a.m. to

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Mall, 657-0468. Open 9 a.m. to 10 p.m.

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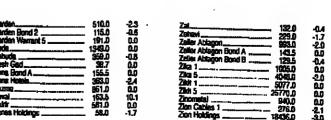
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British postponed over Diana death

LONDON (Bloomberg) -Sports chiefs yesterday postponed fixtures including Liverpool's FA Carling Premiership clash with Newcastle as a mark of respect following the death of Diana, Princess of Wales.

Peter Leaver, chief executive of the Premier League, issued a statement through PA Sport which read:"In light of the tragic death of Diana, Princess of Wales, the FA Premier League has as a mark of respect to her family, decided to postpone this efternoon's Liverpool v Newcastle fixture.

The world of football joins the nation in expressing our deepest sympathies to all those who knew and loved her."

The Division One metch between Crewe and Port Vale at Gresty Road was also postpooed by the Football League as was the Scottish Premier Kilmarnock-Motherwell match. The Silverstone motor racing festival

was also put off to a later date. Explaining the decision to post-pone the Kilmernock geme. Scottish League secretary Peter Donald said: We have decided on this action because of the mood of the nation."

The League also took the decision to call off tomorrow's Old Firm match between Celtic and

Seles holds off Pierce

dominating the tie-break 7-1.

On the men's side 13th-seeded

Australian Patrick Rafter and

Wimbledon runner-up Cedric

Pioline of France took decidedly

different paths into the round of 16.

Lionel Roux 6-1, 6-1, 6-2 in under

an hour and a half.

6, 7-6, 1-6, 6-3, 6-4.

Rafter raced past Freochman

Pioline, on the other hand, battled

back from two sets to one down to

squeak past India's Leander Paes 3-

How Saturday's seeds fared: Men (third round): Peta Sampras (1), United States, del. Alex Radulescu, Germany, 6-3, 6-4, 6-

Aichard Krajicek, Netherlands, det. Alex Correlia (6), Spain, walkover, Jonas Bjorkman, Sweden, del. Gustavo Kuerien (9), Brazil, 6-3, 6-1, 7-

Felix Mantilia (12), Spain, del. John in Lotturn, Netherlands, 6-7 (0-7), 6-2, 6, 7-6 (7-5), 6-2.

Women (third round):
Martina Hingis (1), Switzerland, def.
Elena Lithoviseva, Russia, 7-5, 6-2.
Jane Novotne (3), Czech Republic,
def. Mirjana Lucic, Croatia, 6-2, 6-7 (3-

7), 6-3, Lindsay Davenport (6), United States, def. Patty Schnyder, Switzerland, 1-6,

6-1, 6-4.

Flachel McQuillan, Australia, del.
Conchita Martinez (7), Spain, 6-2, 7-5.
Arantia Sanchez Vicario (10), Spain,
del. Alexandra Fusal, Francs, 6-2, 6-1.

Mary Joe Fernandez (12), United
States, del. Paola Suarez, Argentina, 6-

Magui Serna, Spain, def. Kimberty Po (16), United States, 6-4, 6-3,

NEW YORK (Reuters) - Second seed Monica Seles pulled a Lazerus act at the US Open yesterday, resurrecting her game in time to score a three-set victory over nioth seed Mary Pierce and claim a spot in the quarter-finals

It was the first meeting of the Open between seeded players and the first real marquee matchup between two competitors with genuine Grand Slam credentials.

But after the first set, two-time Open champion Seles looked dead in the water before roaring back for an exciting 1-6, 6-2, 6-2, victory that brought a standing ovation from an oppreciative Arthur Ashe Stadium crowd.

"When she gets on a roll she doesn't let up," former Australian Open champion and this year's Australian runner-up Pierce said of Seles's recovery.

A-o. (7-5), 6-2.
Daniel Vacek, Czech Republic, del.
Mark Philippoussis (14), Australia, 7-8
(7-4), 7-5, 6-2.
Petr Korda (15), Czech Republic, del.
Martin Carnin, Czech Republic, 4-6, 6-3, 6-4, 7-5. Despite Pierce playing one of her best and most focused matches in recent memory, Seles picked up the volume of her notorious grunting and the power of her punishing two-fisted strokes to turn the contest her way.

Joining Seles in the quarter-finals was 17-year-old rising American star Veous Williams, a 6-2, 6-3 winner over South African Joanette

Williams next faces Sandrine Testud of France, who pulled out a 6-3, 4-6, 7-6 victory over Karina Habsudova of Slovakia.

Testud, who picked off fourth-seeded French Open champion Iva Majoli in the second round, secured her final eight berth by Ballesteros yesterday postponed announciog his two captain's picks for the European Ryder Cup

team because a lingering wrist injury to Miguel Angel Martin could force the Spanish player out of the event.

The rest of the team was decided yesterday at the BMW Open wheo Martin and three other players clinched the final guaranteed

Sweden's Robert Karlsson won the \$1.2 million tournament after he edged Carl Watts of England on a four-round total of 264 - 24 under par.

Martin, who hasn't played since missing the cut at the British Open in July, has until Wednesday to prove that he's recovered enough from surgery to play the Ryder Cup which begins September 26 at Valderrama. Spain.

"Martin is e very fair man - I'm sure he will decide for himself if be can play or not," said Ballesteros.

Ballesteros will then announce his two picks Thursday at next week's Canon European Masters held at Crans-sur-Sierre. Spain's Jose Maria Olazabal, (1th on the Ryder Cup rankings, will move into the team if Martin drops out. Martin, who will begin putting

practice Wednesday will have to prove to a PGA European tour doctor that day he is fit to play. "I'm afraid next Wednesday is D-Day for us," said European tour executive director Ken

Schofield. "There are 11 other players and a team captain involved." While the American team thet qualified for the Ryder Cup event

is young and inexperienced, the

European team can again rely on veterans like Germany's Bernhard Langer and Ian Woosnam of Wales. The European team qualifiers

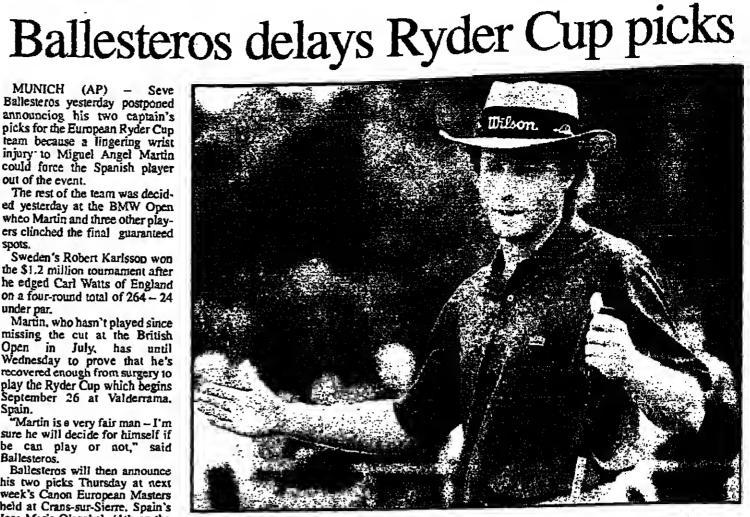
and their oumber of Ryder Cup appearances: Colin Montgomerie, Scotland, (3), Darren Clarke, Northern Ireland (0), Langer (8), Woosnam (7), Per-Ulrik Johansson, Sweden (1), Lee Westwood, England (0), Ignacio Garrido, Spain (0), Costanuno Rocca, Italy (2), Thomas Bjoern. Denmark (0), Martin (0) or Olazabal (4).

Nick Faldo, whose 10 appearances are more than all the American qualifiers put together. is one of the favorites to be selected by Ballesteros for his captain's picks. The US team and number of

Ryder Cup appearances: Tiger

Woods (0), Justin Leonard (0). Iim Furyk (0), Scott Hoch (0), Tom Lebman (1). Phil Mickelson (1), Jeff Maggert (1) Brad Faxon (1), Davis Love III (2), Mark O'Meara (3), Fred Couples (4) and Lee Janzen (1).

To add some seasoned players to his young leam, US captain Tom Kite picked veterans Lee Janzen and Fred Couples as his



UNITED EUROPE - Germany's Bernhard Langer adds plenty of experience to the European Ryder Cup team, which is still awaiting final selections.

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21/1 2/6 A/218 18 PINLAN

Morocco unhappy with tennis venue in Israel

BY HEATHER CHAIT

While local tennis officials say it's "business as usual," the Davis Cup tie between Israel and Morocco to be held later this month at Ramat Hasharon is by no means a fait Morocco has requested that the tie (September 19-21)

be held in a neutral country and a decision is expected to be handed down within a few days by the International Tennis Federation. The Moroccans insist that security concerns, rather

than politics, are behind their request. Chairman of the Israel Tennis Association, Dedi

Harnik, appeared unfazed at yesterday's press conference in Tel Aviv where he stated clearly, "We won't play unless in Israel." Hamik continued that he had full confidence that the

ITF would rule in Israel's favor, citing the example last year where Spain's request to move the tie from Ramat Hasharon was rejected. The tie, the first time Israel will host a Moslem coun-

try in Davis Cup tennis, is crucial in that the winner will remain in the Europe/African Zone Group I while the

Court No. 14, not the Canada Stadium, will be the venue for the matches and will be equipped with an especially fast surface to favor the hosts

Comprising the Israeli squad will be Eyal Ran, Eyal Erlich, Noam Behr, Raviv Weidenfeld and Nir Welgreen. Oren Motevassel, the fourth-ranked Israeli player, chose not to make himself eligible for the squad due to his recent poor shape and his desire to focus on his professional career.

The squad will leave next week to compete in the Tashkeot tournament before returning for a practice camp in Israel.

Morocco's top two players, Hisham Arazi and Karim Alami, are both in the world's top 50 players and are obviously the favorites to win the tie.

However, Israel's captain Shlomo Glickstein was not yet ready to throw in the towel. "On paper they're better than us; they are superb athletes and have all the shots." he said, "but the home advantage and the crowd will help balance the odds.

Eyal Erlich, the top local player ranked at 150 in the world, was also optimistic. "The differences in experience and results are big but we're going to play to win." he said.

Banin makes debut in Serie A

Tal Banin yesterday became the first Israeli to play in the prestigious Italian league when he turned out at Milan's San Siro stadium for his new side Brescia, against Inter Milan with Ronaldo.

Banin, who in the off-season joined the Italian side, recently promoted to the Serie A. Italy's premier division, had a good match, although saw his side lose 2-1 in the dying seconds after he was substituted in the

Brescia led 1-0 through a 73rd-minute Hubner goal, but two strikes by Ricoba saw the points stay at home.

Comets win WNBA title

HOUSTON (AP) - League MVP Cynthia Cooper scored 25 points, including eight straight free throws down the stretch, as the Houston Comets captured the first WNBA championship with a 65-51 victory over the New York Liberty on Saturday.

The Comets, who beat the Liberty only once in four regularseason meetings, fought a tight defensive battle for a 28-24 halftime lead, then used a 10-0 run early io the second half to take control. The Liberty went scoreless for 6:27 in one stretch.

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SCOREBOARD

BASEBALL - Saturday's results: Atlanta 15. Boston 2; Chicago 9, Cleveland 4; Mets 13, Baltimore 6; Montreal 7, Yankees 2; Florida 4, Toronto 1; Los Angeles 11, Seattle 2; San Francisco 7, Anaheim 3; Philadelphia 2, Detrolt 0; Chicago White Sox 9, Houston 2; Pittsburgh 3, Mihwaukee 1; Minnesota 4, Cincinnati 1; Kansas City 16, St. Louis 5; Colorado 4, Oaldand 3; San Olego 4, Texas 1.

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SALES

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All sorts of wonderful creatures appear in vivid close-up in the documentary 'Microcosmos.'

THEATER

HELEN KAYE

Oy! This poor old chappie (Gabi Amrani) has an impossible dream - to visit a top-drawer American prostitute. But he's a beggar, so he settles for a twobit local substitute (Gitta Munte) as a birthday present to himself. And he visits ber despite the opposition of his son (Rami Baruch). Hanoch Levin wrote and directed the Cameri production of The Whore from Ohio, which is at the Jerusalem Khan tonight and through Tuesday at 8:30 p.m. (Hebrew)

FILM

ADINA HOFFMAN

*** MICROCOSMOS - This small nature documentary focuses in amazing close-up on the insects, flowers, frogs, and birds in and around a French field. Aside from a few expository sentences spoken by an off-screen narrator, it has no script and offers no explanations - whatsoever. For an hour and a quarter, we watch this little world from a bug's-eve view, an experience which is at times quite remarkable. The images, one by one, are some of the most astounding you will ever see on screen, moving as they do through a phenomenal parade of nearly sublime shifts in scale. As movie qua movie, Microcosmos is weakened by kitsch celestial music, misty-eyed shots of the meadows and moon, and the disappointing readiness of filmmakers

Claude Nuridsany and Marie Perennou to resort to story-telling gimmicks and cheap personifications. But in the end, it doesn't really matter. The film brims with so much natural wonder, it's possible to overlook these cinematic shortcomings and just ogle the ladybugs. (General audiences.)

*** MEN IN BLACK - Barry Sonnenfeld's playfully off-beat parody of the Martian-movie genre stars Tommy Lee Jones and Will Smith as nattily dressed officers in a top-secret agency designed to keep track of all alien life forms currently residing on planet Earth. The funniest thing about the film, which was written by Ed Soloman from a comic book by Lowell Cunningham, is its crisply matter-of-fact approach to good old worldly law and order. There's something at once knowing and rather resigned about the practical, slightly archaic way io which the MiBs go about their work - cruising their beat, drinking coffee from paper cups, pulling over alien-owned cars to check the driver's license and registration Clearly, the universe is too vast and mysterious a place to be policed effectively by a few deputized mortals in a gas-guzzling Plymouth. But the agents do what they can to keep the peace, and their actions come to seem logical in a loopy, deadpan way: of course there are Martians on the streets of New York, and of course someone high-up must know about it. The movie pokes gentle fun at conspiracy theories at the same time that it honors them. With Linda Fiorentino, who doesn't have enough to do as a leggy coroner/damsel in distress. (English dialogue, Hebrew subtitles. Parental guidance strongly advised.)



D







CRYPTIC CROSSWORD

ACROSS

l'irouble some furniture-ramover gets politer after treatment (11) 10 To affect drastically at university, finish last (5)

11 Scrooge fell approaching Welsh town (9) 12 Contract drawn up, wearing false smile? (9)

13 Listlessness a bit of a rotten nuisance (5) 14 As good as resort of St Malo

16 City area still euphoric? (8) 18 Pot and tin basin damaged

20 Mad search for a drink... 23 ...one following whisky in a holiday island (5)

punishment (9) 26 Test due? It may be very poor (9) 27 Whipped, with head

24 Dropping the subject of

removed, and swallowed 28 Nervy, as rain breaks out

for the celebration (11)

DOWN

2 Mountain-nymph has nothing to say (5) 3 Sting I'd treat with dispatch (7)

4 Deliver salvage frea and save lives? (6) 5"The Mount", correct address of cardinal? (8) 6 Tess of the D'Urbevilles opening can be the most tender (7)

7 Noted fun in Oklahoma, for example (7,6) 8 Burns left on the head from

brown coals (8) 9 Actors sport in new comic

pictures (5,8) 15 One's marbles reduced without thinking (8)

17 Stata of young girl, beautiful girl who loses head (8)

19 Typa of camel associated with the M1 at night? (7) 21 Wretched Henry, a penny down (7)

22 Peg price, say, of wall decoration (6)

25 Bill Hill-figure in Whitehall, perhaps (5)

SOLUTIONS



Yesterday's Quick Solution ACROSS: 1 Midnight, 5 Blew, 8 Intimate, a Ages, 11 Bechmouste, 14 Cog, 16 Large, 17 Ets, 18 Amoutillado, 21 Bach, 22 Optimist, 24 Emit. 25 Swindler. DOWN: 1 Mail, 2 Deter, 3 Immaculate, 4 Hot, 6 Lagrage, 7 Weeleyan, 10 Moderation, 12 Peril, ble, 15 Guocchi, 19 Oriel,

ing the monarchy."

QUICK CROSSWORD

20 Stir. 23 Pew.

ACROSS 1 Extrema fear (6) 4 Consider (5) 8 Nauseate (5) 9 Helps (7) 10 Unpredictable (7)

11 Only (4) 12 Goal (3) 14 Norwegian 15 It was Persia (4) 18 Protuberance (3) 21 Cooker (4) 23 Comprehend (7) 25 Calm (7) 26 Trudge (5) 27 Vote for (5) 28 Behind (6)

DOWN 1 Big bird (6) 2 Explosions (7) 3 Offering (8)

4 Cleanse (4) **5** Spring (5) 6 Hurry (6) 7 Ball (5) 13 Calamity (8) 16 Put lifa into (7)

17 Bring down (6) 19 Strain (5) 20 Disposition (6) 22 Eradicate (5) 24 Over (4)

TARREST CONTROL CONTRO

TV

CHANNEL 1 6:30 News flash 6:31 News in Arabic 6:45 Good Morning

EDUCATIONAL TV

8:00 Astascope 8:30 Dites Moi Tout 9:00 Reading 9:25 Social Sciences 9:55 English 10:00 For the very young 11:00 History 11:55 World Literature 13:15 Medicine 13:30 Cartoons 15:00 Musical

15:10 Without Secrets I CHANNEL

15:30 Denver, the Last Dinosaur 15:55 Super Ben 18:00 Shingalana documentary series about tion cubs 16:25 Super Ben 16:35 Garfield 18:59 A New Evenin 17:34 From Herzl to Herzi – the Flag 18:05 Super Ben 18:15 News in English

ARABIC PROGRAMS 18:30 Sport 19:00 News

HEBREW HEBREW
PROGRAMS
19:30 News fash
19:31 The Briza
Festival, Ashkelon
20:00 News
20:45 Popolitica
22:15 Bugs
23:05 Townles
23:30 News
00:00 Daily Verse

E CHANNEL 2

8:15 Today's Programs 6:30 Cartoons 7:00 This Morning 9:00 Rivka Michael 9:55 Senora 10:50 Dynasty 11:45 Medics 11:30 Fudge 12:45 Israeli music 13:00 Riding High -riding school drama 13:30 The Fresh Prince of Bel Air 14:00 Degrassi Junior

High 14:30 Tic Tac 15:00 Itch and Mitch 15:28 Madison 18:00 The Bold and 16:50 Different Driving

17:00 News maga-17:30 Running the Halls - new comedy series set in a college 18:00 Roseanne 18:35 Dave's World 19:00 Walker, Texas Ranger 20:00 News 20:30 Wheel of Fortune

21:35 Backwards 22:21 Commando cial agent goes back to work when his daughter is kidnapped. With Arnold Schwarzeneoger. 00:05 Commando ~

contd. 00:17 September (1967) - a troubled woman invites four houseguests for the weekend who vent their angst. With Woody Allen, Mia Farrow, Denholm Elfott and Elaine Striich. 1:50 Night Music 2:41 The Piglet Files

16-00 Good Evening 3:06 Concert -Mendelssohn's wait Guy Pines 18:30 Local Sonalas and Variations for Cello Broadcas 19:00 The Young and 3:35 On the Edge of the Rest 19:40 Beverly Hills the Shelf

The state of the s

19:30

20:00

20:30

21:00

21:30

22:00

22:30

23:00

22-00 Yair Lapid Live at

13:00 Against Their Will (1994) - a female ex-con battles corrupt

prison authorities

divorced mother

14:36 Seeing Stars 15:25 A Holiday to Remember (1995) —

returns to her home-

town and resumes a relationship with her old beau, the sheriff

17:00 Dancing in the Dark (1995) — a clancer is sexually assaulted by her latter-to-law. Her husband refuses to believe her

18:30 The Way to Dusty Death (1995) — a thriller based on an Alistair Maclean

novel. A retired racing driver is enticed back

to the circuit, and dis covers he is being

drug ring. With Linda

Hamilton 20:25 Losing Chase

(1996) - a woman recovering from a breakdown becomes

woman hired to care

for her. With Helen Mirren. Directed by

22:00 M. Butterfly (1993) – true story of a French diplomat

who had a 20-year

long affair with a Chinese opera singer

who managed to con-ceal from him that she

was a spy, and a man. With Jeremy irons and John Lona.

Directed by David Cronenberg 23:45 Chrome Soldiers (1992) – a

Storm to find his

brother dead and

(1996) - (rpt) 2:45 Sexual

erotic (86 mins.)

seeks revenge. With Gary Busey 1:15 Whiskey Down

esponse (1992)

10:35 Family Matter

11:00 Kirk

solder returns home from Operation Desert

Kevin Bacon

manipulated by a

believe her.

News

Bugs

PRIME

90210 20:25 Time's Up -**JORDAN TV** Gong Show 20:50 The Nanny (unconfirmed) 14:00 Holy Koran 21:10 The Naked 14:10 Carloons 15:00 Gillette Sports Truth 21:35 Larry Sanders

15:30 Deep Water 16:00 Animal Show 22:30 Love Story with Yossi Siyas 23:00 Seinfeld 16:30 Ocean Girl 17:15 French program 23:25 Babylon 5 (rpt) 00:15 The Streets of 19:00 News in French 19:30 News headines 19:35 Naiorbors San Francisco 20:00 Murphy Brown 1:05 Barnaby Jones 20:30 Babylon 5 21:10 Highlander 22:00 News In IS MOVIE CHANNEL English 22:35 ER

23: 15 Homicide **MIDDLE EAST TV**

7:00 TV Shop 14:30 Body Electric 15:00 Basic Training 15:30 The 700 Club 16:00 Larry King 17:00 Flying House 17:23 Family Challenge 18:10 Beakman 18:35 Saved by the Bell 19:00 Showboz 19:30 World News Tonight 20:00 Family Challenge 20:50 Movie: Dad, the Angel and Me 22:30 Body Electric 23:00 CNN

23:30 The 700 Club CABLE

■ ITV 3 (33) 16:00 Cartoons 16:30 Edge of the 17:30 Panorama 18:00 The Tyrant 19:00 News in Arabic 19:30 Arabic Being

20:00 News 20:45 The Man With the Golden Arm (1955) - Frank Sinatra stars as a Chicago drug dealer fighting his dependence on the needle With Eleanor Parker and Kim Novak. 22:45 Fortunes of War-part 4 23:40 Entertainment

■ ETV 2 (23)

15:30 Echo Point 16:00 Wonder Why 16:30 Scientific Library 17:00 Happy Family 17:30 Didzvision 18:00 Arabic Caligraphy 18:30 Today's Health 19:00 Asiascope 19:30 Vis à Vis 20:00 A New Evening

20:30 Through Our E CHILDREN (6) Eyes 21:00 Situation 6:30 Cartoons 22:30 News Writing 9:05 Dennis the Menace 9:30 What a Mess 23:00 The Onedin Line 10:00 Freakazoid 10:20 Ren and Stimpy

IN FAMILY CHANNEL

Lives 15:40 Rick! Lake

11:30 Hot Air Balloon 7:00 Good Evening 7:30 Love Story with 12:00 Shesh-tus 13:00 Magic Schoolbus 13:30 The Little Bear Yossi Siyas (rpr) 13:40 Make Believe 9:00 One Life to Live Closet 14:00 Sonic 14:35 David the Gnome 9:45 The Young and the Restless (rot) 10:30 Days of Our Lives (pt) 15:00 Ninja Turties 11:15 Zingara (rpt) 12:00 Barnaby Jones 12:45 The Commish 15:30 Jumani 16:00 Hitside - new drama 16:30 California Dreams 13:30 Wings 16:50 Back to School 14:00 Dallas 14:50 Days of Our

17:15 Chiquititas 18:00 Sweet Valley 16:30 Zingara 17:15 One Life to Live 19:00 Jin Jin and the

High 16:30 Honey Bee Hutch

a Doctor

7:00 VIP 7:30 Tha McLaughlin Group 8:00 Meet the Press 9:00 Today 10:00 European Sourwk Box 11:00 European

9:30 Sailing 10:00 Cycling 11:00 Motorcycling 13:00 IndyCar

News in The Briza Helen and the Guys Nomads: Kenya Time'a Up Losing Chase with Children Fortune Popolitica The Nanny The Naked Making of a Doctor Cosby Show Backward Lanv Different World Yair Lapid Live at 10 Wo Girls Butterfly and a Love Story with Yossi Siyas ational Seinfeld 9:30 World Sport 11:30 CNN Newsroom 12:30 Future Watch Money Wheel 15:30 CNBC Squaw 15:30 Canceing.

Panda Patrol 19:30 Helen and the Guys 20:00 Three's Company 17:00 Gardening by 20:25 Married with the Yard 17:30 Awesome

Interiors 18:00 The Site

19-00 National

Minds 20:00 The Ticket

21:00 Dateline 22:00 Table Tennis 23:00 Best of The

Tonight Show 00:00 Best of Late

Night with Conen O'Brien 1:00 Best of Later 1:30 NBC Nightly Ne 2:00 The Tonight

ESTAR PLUS

7:30 The Wonder Years

vision: Anima

Geographic

20:30 VIP

21:15 Cosby Show 21:40 Different World **SECOND**

22:10 Two Girls and a Sailor (1944) - classic musical about two sisters who fall in love with the same saltor. With Van Johnson and June Allyson 00:20 Life with Father (1947) — a nostalgic comedy about growing up in a conserve tive American family of the 1880s. With William Powell, Elizabeth Taylor and

Irene Dunne (118

8:00 Oprah Winfrey 9:00 Videotashion CHANNEL 6

9:30 A Taste of 10:00 Nine To Five 6:00 Open University 10:30 Dynasty 11:30 The Bold and 8:05 The Power of Magic, part 3 (rpt) 9:00 Ruby Wax Does the Beautiful 12:00 Santa Barbara 13:00 WWF Wrestling the Season, part 5 9:30 Tannhauser -14:00 The Wonder romantic opera by Wagner, conducted by 14:30 Hindi Shows 18:30 Star News 19:00 Fawity Towers 19:30 Chicago Hope 20:30 The Bold and 12:50 Far Flung Floyd

13:20 Travelogue (rpt) 13:40 World of Wine: Port and Madeira the Beautiful 21:00 Santa Barbara 14:10 Living in the 22:00 Star News Shedow of Breast 22:30 X-Files Cancer 15:15 What's New 23:30 Star Trek 00:30 Vegas about Menopause

1:30 Oprah Winfrey 2:30 12 Jump Street 15:10 National Geographic: African Meerkats (rpt) CHANNEL 5 17:00 Open University 19:05 Far Flung 6:30 Bodies in 16:00 Bodies in Floyd: North Thailand

19:35 Travelogue: 16:30 WNBA basketball Bahamas 16:00 International 20:05 Nomads: Kenya - new, four-part series 21:00 The Making of 19:00 Hi-5 19:30 WNBA Final 21:00 Boxing 22:00 English League Geographic: Humobacks of Hawali

Soccer 23:00 Fabulous World of Speed 23:30 Basketball SUPERCHANNEL roundup

■ EUROSPORT

France 16:00 Extreme Games, USA 18:00 Triathlon: French Iron Tour 18:30 Strongest Man of Europe 19:30 Speedworld 21:00 Extreme Garnes, USA 23:00 Surno 00:00 Eurogoals

ESTAR SPORTS (unconfirmed)

6:00 Sports Unlimite 7:00 Inside PGA Tour 7:30 Golf: Omega 8:30 Equestrian: Nations' Cup 9:30 4x4 Offroad 10:30 World of Super League Rugby 12:30 Tennis: Live US Open 16:00 Superbike

17:30 Asia Sports 18:00 Tennis: Live US Open 00:00 Superbike 1:30 Golf: Omega 2:30 Tennis: Live US

BBC WORLD News on the hour 7:30 Assignment (rpt) 8:00 Newsdesk 9-30 Hard Talk (rpt)

10:30 Assignment 11:30 Plevours of india 12:30 Hard Talk (rpt) 13:30 Jeremy Clarkson's Motonworld

14:00 Newsdesk 15:30 Assignment 18:15 World Business 16:30 Asla-Pacific wshour 17:30 Airport (rpt) 18:30 Hard Talk

19:30 Tomorrow's World (rpt) 20:00 The World 21:30 Hard Talk (rpt) Europe 23:30 The Travel Show 00:00 Newsdesk &

Business Report 1:00 Asia Today * CNN!

NTERNATIONAL. News thru the day 8:30 Pinnacle Report 7:30 Insight (rpt) 8:30 Global View

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13:45 Q&A (rpt) 14:00 Asian News 14:30 World Sport 15:15 Asian News 15:30 Business Asia 16:00 Impect 17:30 World Sport (mt) 18:30 Asia Today 19:30 Q&A 20:45 American

21:00 World Business 22:00 Impact 23:00 European News 23:30 insight 00:00 World Business 00:30 World Sport

13:30 American

Edition

WOICE OF

6:06 Morning Concert 9:05 Yaron Hasson: Magnolia: Ami Ma'ayani: Poem for fluta quartet: concerto: Harbie Hancock: Jessica: Ivas: Sonata no 1

for plano 12:00 Light Classical - Vardi: excerpts from Rigoletto, II Trovatore and La Traviata 13:00 Artist of the

Week - Sviatoslav Richter, Bach: Irom The Well-Tampered Clavier book 1 14:08 Encore 15:00 Cycle of Works - Beethoven's piano concertos 16:00 Early music 17:00 Etnahta – repeat broadcast from Henry Crown Auditorium Jerusalem, Jan Freidlin: Mamories, 8

pleces (1995); Brahms: 4 Ballades Davidsbündlertänze: Mozart: Piano con-certo no 17; C.P.E. Bach: Sonata in E minor for flute and

piano 19:00 Ralnbow of Sounds 20:05 Mozart: Symphony no 15; Bee thoven: Symphony no 7 21:00 A Matter of Agreemant 23:00 Just Jazz

Volleyball MOVIES

JERUSALEM
CINEMATHEQUE Beavis & Butthead
5-Setan Cinema 7 - Secrets & Lies 9:30
- Landscape in The Mist 9:45 G.G. Gil.
Jerusalem Mall (Mains) * 6788448
Beas-Austin Powers-Lier Lier-Dr.
Jekyll & Ms. Hyde 4:45, 7:15, 9:45 - Addicted to Love 7:15, 9:45 - The Lost
Worlds-Batman & Robin 4:45, 7:15, 9:45 All Baba (Hebrew distingue) **The
Adventures of Pinocchio 4:45 - That Old
Feeling 7:15, 9:45 JERUSALEM THE
ATER Afterglow 7, 9:30 RAV CHEN 17 * 6792799 Credit Card Reservations
** 6794477 Ray-Mecher Building, 19
Haroman St., Taipiot Breakdrown 7:30,
9:45 - Men In Black 5, 7:30, 9:45 Researms's Grave 5, 7:30, 9:45 - in Love &
War 5, 7:30, 9:45 - Con Air 5, 7:15, 9:45 Ansconda 5, 7:30, 9:45 NEVASSERET
ZION Kohya 4:45 - All Baba (Hebrew dislogue) 4:46 - Con Air 7:15, 9:45 - Speed 2
9:45 SMADAR * 5618188 The Fifth
Bennent 10 - Microcostnos 12:15, 5,

Element 10 • Microcosmos 12:15, 5, 6:30, 8 • Secrets and Lies 2 TEL AVIV DIZENFGOFF Afterglow-Kolya 11 DIZENFGOFF Anerglow-Kolya 11 a.m., 1, 3, 5:15, 7:45, 10 • Arms Karenhar 11 a.m., 1, 3, 5:15, 7:45, 10 • Arms Karenhar 11 a.m., 1, 3, 5:15, 7:45, 10 • Arms Karenhar 11 a.m., 1, 3, 5:15, 7:45, 1• Heads Above Water 10 GAT in Love & War 5, 7:30, 9:45 GORDON Jerry Maguire 5:30 7:45, 10 G.G. HOD 1-4 * 5:225:226 Hod Passage, 101 Dizengoli St. Been 5, 7:30, 10 • Austin Powers-Addicted to Love 5, 7:30, 10 • The Lost World-Batten & Robin 11:30 a.m., 1:45 • Vertigo 7:30, 10 • All Batte (Hebrew dialogue) 5 LEV The Fifth Element 11:30 a.m., 2, 5, 7:30, 10 • Microcosmos 11:45 a.m., 1:45, 3:45, 6, 8, 10 • Secrets and Lies 11 a.m., 7:30, 10 • The English Patient 1:30, 6:45, 9:45 • Seit-Made Hero 11:15 a.m. • Shine 4:46 • The Prisoner of the Mountains 1:30, 5 • Seit-Made Hero 11:15 a.m. - Shine 4:45 - The Prisoner of the Mountains 1:30, 5 - Beautiful Thing 3 G.G. PEER Bean 5, 7:30, 10 - Addicted to Love 7:30, 10 - Ali Baba (Hebraw dialogue) 5 - Or. Jekyli & Ms. Hyde 5, 7:30, 10 - Different For Girls 5, 7:30, 10 - Austin Powers 5, 7:30, 10 - Batman & Robin 2:30, 5, 7:30, 9:45 - Anaconds 2:30, 5, 7:30, 9:45 - George of the Jungle 2:30, 5, 7:30, 9:45 - Breaktown 2:30, 5, 7:30, 9:45 - Con Ak 2:30, 5, 7:15, 9:45 - Mercules (English dialogue) 2:30, 7:30, 9:45 - Hercules

10gue) 230, 7:30, 9:45 - Hercules (Hebrew dialogue) 5 - Donnie Brasco-Absolute Power 5, 7:15, 9:45 G.G. TEL AVIV = 5281181 65 Pinsker St. The Lost World-Batman & Robin 4:45, 7:30, 10 - Dr. Jekyil & Ms. Hyde 5, 7:30, 10 TEL AVIV MUSEUM Gabben 5. 7, 830 - A Moment of Innocence 10 HAIFA CINEMA CAFÉ AMAMI = 8325755 CINEMA CAFE AMAMI * 8326755
The Prisoner of the Mountains 9:30 *
Shine 7:15 * Kolya 7:15, 9:30
GLOBECITY *8569900 The Fifth
Element 4:30, 7, 9:30 * Beam 5, 7:15, 9:30
• Dr. Jekyli & Ms. Hyde 4:30, 7, 9:30 *
Addicted to Love 4:45, 7, 9:30 * Con Air
4:30, 7, 9:30 * Batman & Robin 11 a.m.,
4:30 * The Lost World 11 a.m., 4:30 * AR
Baba 11 a.m., 5 * Austin Powers 11 a.m., 4:45 MORIAH #8643654 The Fifth Element 7:30, 9:45 ORLY #8381888 The English Patient 8, 9:15 PANORA-MA Afterglow 4:30, 7, 9:30 - Aft Babe - Breaking the Waves 6:30, 9:15 - Batman & Robin-The Lost World 4:30 - Killing Zoe 7, 9:30 RAV-GAT 1-2 #8674311 Men in Black 4:30, 7, 9:30 - Anaconde 4:30, 7, 9:30 RAV-MOR 1-7 #8416898 Men in Black 5, 7:15, 9:30 - Hercules (Hebrew Galogue) 5 - Breakdown 4:30, 7, 9:30 - George of the Jungle 5, 7:15, 9:30 - Anaconde 6, 7:15, 9:30 - In Love & War 4:45, 7, 9:30 - Con Air 4:30, 7, 9:30 - Hercules (English dialogue) 7:15 - Romy 445, 7, 9:30 - Cort Air 4:30, 7, 9:30 - Hercules (English dialogue) 7:15 - Romy & Michael 4:45, 7, 9:30 - Breakdown 7:15, 9:30 - Hercules (Hebrew dialogue) 5 - George of the Jungle 5, 7:15, 9:30 - Fly Away Home AFULA RAV CHEN = 6424047 Men in Black 7:15, 9:30 - George of the Jungle - Hercules (Hebrew dialogue) 11 a.m., 5 - Ansconda 7:15, 9:30 - Donnie Brasco 7:15, 9:30

Anscorda 7:15, 9:30 - Donnie Brasco 7:15, 9:30
ASHDOD
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IP Special price: RIS IUS

All times are p.m. unless otherwise

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Gasoline prices up

Fuel prices were updated at midnight last night, with 96 octane gasoline up 1.2 percent to NIS 3.37 a liter and 95 octane (unleaded) gasoline up 1.2% to NIS 3.37 a liter.

Most other fuel prices went down, however, Heating oil is down 3.56%; fuel for public transport is down 3.53%, and fuel for civil aviation is 0.65% lower. Jerusalem Post Staff

Immigrants to be absorbed on kibbutzim

A new model for absorption whereby groups of new immigrants are absorbed on kibbutzim is to be introduced by the Jewish Agency this week. The first group of immigrants, some 400 from the CIS, is due to arrive tomorrow and will spend a year on kibbutz as part of the "first home in the homeland" absorption program.

A total of 120 families are arriving, in five groups or garinim. Each kibbutz involved in the plan will absorb three or four fam-

Prior to their arrival, work was done by Jewish Agency emissaries to strengthen the social ties between the families and to introduce them to kibbutz life. Most of the immigrants are between 25-45, according to Aliya Department director-general Aryeh Dean Cohen

Gov't must show cause for jamming PA radio

The High Court of Justice yesterday ordered the government to show cause within 10 days why it should not refrain from jamming broadcasts of Radio Palestine. The injunction came at the request of Shinui MK Avraham Poraz, who said that jamming the broadcasts was illegal because it was contradictory to the Oslo Accords and other of Israel's international obligations. He said that a mutual electronic war could also be detrimental to Israel. The State Attorney's Office pointed out, in its response to the petition, that the jamming has not yet gone

Tires of 20 Arab cars slashed

Members of the anti-Arab Kach movement are suspected of slashing tires of 20 Arab-owned cars in the Sbuafat Refugee Camp Saturday night, reports said yesterday. In all dozens of Arab-owned vehicles in east Jerusalem have been vandalized in recent weeks, and Kach bas claimed responsibility.

Yesterday Kach spokesmen said the tires were slashed in reaction to stone throwing by Arabs at Jewish-owned cars in the settlement of Ofra and the Samaria area. Kach also issued a statement threatening to react to any Arab action taken against Jews.

Ministry: Stay away from Kishon River

The Environment Ministry has warned that boating on the Kishon River and even coming into incidental contact with the water could be dangerous.

The Kishon River is the most polluted of the country's waterways, suffering from massive pollution from industrial, municipal and agricultural sources. Fish cannot survive there and contact causes a burning sensation.

The high acidic contents of the industrial pollution is responsible for the burns, said Yeshayahu Bar-Or, head of the ministry's waterways and streams department. The warning was issued after vacationers were found to be boating on the waters.

No-smoking group upset at minister

The Israel Lobby for the Prevention of Smoking will complain before the High Court of Justice against Transportation Minister Yitzhak Levy for "violating his commitment" to bar smoking on all commercial flights to and from Israel that are up to five hours in length.

The case before the High Court, which earlier this year instructed the minister to bring a halt to smoking on shorter flights after airline stewards and a frequent passenger said it was endangering their health, will be heard again in late October. The forum, representing a variety of public organizations opposed to smoking, said it "regretted the minister's failure to meet his commitment to the public," made three months and six

'Algeria gov't still in control'

By DAVID RUDGE

The Algerian government is apparently winning its battle against splintered Islamic fundamentalist forces, despite ongoing massacres in the country, according to Emmanuel Sivan, Professor of Islamic studies at Hebrew University.

Sivan stressed that the fundamentalist uprising in Algeria posed no direct threat to Israel, although it certainly worried neighboring countries, including Egypt, Tunisia and Morocco.

What is happening at the moment is a fight for control of the countryside between fragmented guerilia

groups," said Sivan.
"The groups are fragmented into very small pieces both because of

persecution by government and internal fends and government

"The government doesn't want to use the army because it is a draftee army and this creates problems of loyalty, so they either use the gendarmerie, which is a para-military police force, or village self-defense forces paid for by the government.

We only get reports of the massacres perpetrated by the guerilla groups which are involved in a kind of a rearguard struggle. They can't control the cities or hit oil and gas installations, which are the most crucial resources of Algeria, so they try to destabilize the countryside.

According to Sivan, the battle for control of Algeria is taking place between what for the populace in

struggle between two evils with both sides resorting to extreme and inhuman measures.

"The powers that be are not composed of angels and are involved in an eradication policy, to uproot and physically liquidate the fundamentalist groups which have fragmented into practically bundreds of small groups operating without coordination or an overall strategy but with

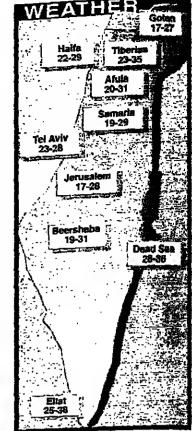
the capacity to do harm," said Sivan. "Overall, it seems that the government is winning in this battle at a huge cost in terms of lives and transgression of human rights.

The balance has been tipping recently in favor of the government, as evidenced by the fact that they were able to conduct a referendum

general could be described as a and parliamentary elections and soon municipal elections, which opponents (of the regime) have been trying to disrupt.

The latest massacre was a terrible episode in a bloody struggle which is moving to the side of the government at the price I have indicated...If the present regime in Algeria had been toppled, then Morocco and Tunisia would have been in danger.

"The eradication policies of Algeria are on the whole policies which Tunisia and Egypt have been following — the former with a smashing success. Even in Egypt there have been unilateral calls on the part of some terrorist leaders for cease-fire because they understand the balance has tipped in favor of the



cast: Partly cloudy to clear. Drop in

AROUND THE WORLD

Winning cards

Til on

In yesterday's first chance drawing, the winning cards were the king of spades, 10 of hearts, ace of diamonds and ace of clubs. In the second drawing, the cards were the king of spades, king of hearts, 10 of diamonds and 9 of clubs.



First grade

"The best thing about going into first grade is that I'm going to be big, and learn how to read and write, and I'm also looking forward to making new friends during recess,' says Noga Aberman of Jerusalem, who starts school today at the state-religious school in Ramot Gimmel. Noga, who said her two biggest concerns were having her penmanship criticized and having to come in from recess, has already got all her pencils sharpened. (Photo: Karen Benzian; Text: Arych Dean Cohen)

Head lice beat local shampoo

By JUDY SIEGEL

among Israeli children is twice that in the US and other developed countries - largely because of the use of preparations that are not effective against pediculosis, according to Dr. Kosta Mumcuogiu, a parasitologist at the Hebrew University-Hadassal School of Medicine in Jerusalem. University-Hadassah

According to a recent survey he scription drugs to be sold if they do is done once or twice a week for 1, the neads of 15 percen The head-lice infestation rate of all children from pre-kindergarten through eighth grade are infested by head lice. Mumcuoglu said the rate can drop if the Health Ministry implements its promise. made last year, to demand of phar-

> proof that their preparations are effective. If not, then ineffective shampoos, rinses or sprays would be taken off the market, the ministry said. In general, ministry policy bas allowed cosmetics and non-pre-

> maceutical companies scientific

no narmi, and has not they be effective.

In an epidemiological study of 15,000 children in the Jerusalem area, Mumcuoglu found that the most common age for infestation is four to 13, and that the large majority of these youngsters had up to 10 lice in their hair.

He recommended that parents comb their children's hair with a regular comb, apply cream rinse to wet hair and wash it out. Then they should go over the hair with a finetooth comb for five minutes. If this

two weeks, the combing will break the lice's legs and kill them. Any eggs will hatch during that period, and the young lice will be doomed as well - all without special chemical preparations.

A small videotape with information on preventing and treating pediculosis can be obtained for NIS 15 from the university's parasitology department, the Jerusalem Municipality's health education department and the Hadassah Institute of Technology. Call (02) 6236204 for more information.

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Bezeq International Ltd.

Schizophrenia project seeks subjects

By JUDY STEGEL

A joint US-Israeli effort to identify biological causes of schizophrenia is seeking local Ashkenazi families struck by the disease. The aim is to locate genes that increase the risk for schizophrenia, leading to the development of new medications for treating the disorder.

Family members and patients will be interviewed by an Israeli psychiatrist and then asked to give small blood samples for evaluation, said Dr. Ann Pulver, an associate professor of psychiatry at the Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine in Baltimore.

"The Ashkenazi Jewish population does not have a higher frequen-cy of schizophrenia than the population at large, but we are choosing to study Ashkenazim only because they are genetically more homogeneous and can be traced back to a small group of founders," she explained.

The study is looking for families where schizophrenia has affected at least one individual. The affected patients and their parents must be willing to cooperate. If two siblings are affected with schizophrenia and some other severe mental disorder. the researchers will be able to study the family even if only one parent can participate.

In families where there are two affected children and one parent alive, the researchers would also prefer to study unaffected siblings. All information will be kept strictly confidential and participants' expenses will be paid.

Over the past 17 years, Pulver has headed a large-scale effort in the US, studying over 2,000 patients and some 100 families.

Anyone who is interested may contact the Israeli research coordinator at (02)648-0253, call Pulver collect in the US at 1-410-955-0455 or send her e-mail via acpulver@welcblink.welch.jhu.edu with a request for more information.